

**Week of  
9 - 16 April  
2021**

## CLIMATE MONITORING AND PREDICTION FOR SRI LANKA

By: Nipuni Alahakoon, Sanduni Gammanpila, Ushan Adithya, Azra Munas, Tuan Hadgie, Lareef Zubair and Michael Bell<sup>1</sup> (FECT and IRI<sup>1</sup>)

# HIGHLIGHTS

### Rainfall Prediction



- Showers of 45 mm expected in Western & Sabaragamuwa provinces during 15<sup>th</sup> - 21<sup>st</sup> April with a drop in rainfall elsewhere

### Monitored Rainfalls



- Heavy rainfall was experienced in Southern province with a maximum of 74 mm in Galle on 6<sup>th</sup> Apr.

### Monitored Wind



- From 30<sup>th</sup> Mar - 05<sup>th</sup> Apr: up to 6 km/h Northeasterly winds were experienced by northern half of the island.

### Monitored Sea Surface

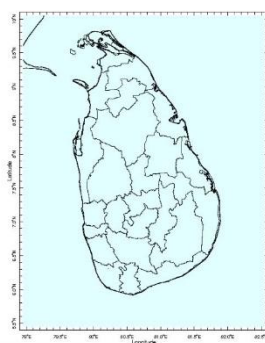


- Sea surface temperature was around 0.5°C above average to the North of Sri Lanka and neutral to the west.

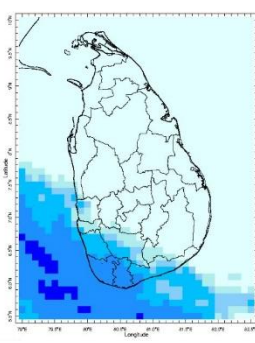
## Monitoring

### Rainfall

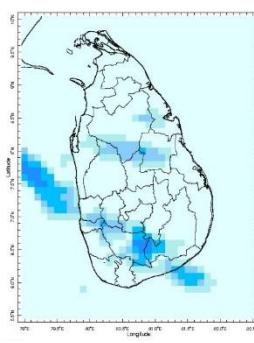
#### Daily Estimates for Rainfall from 31<sup>st</sup> Mar – 6<sup>th</sup> Apr



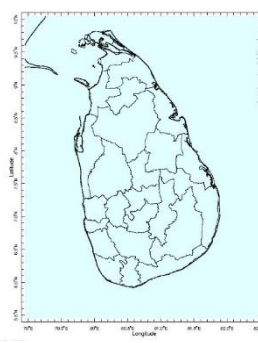
31<sup>st</sup> March



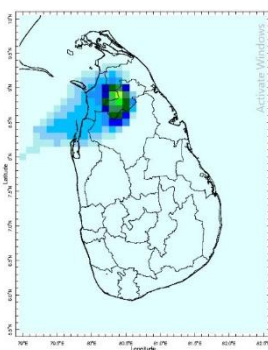
1<sup>st</sup> April



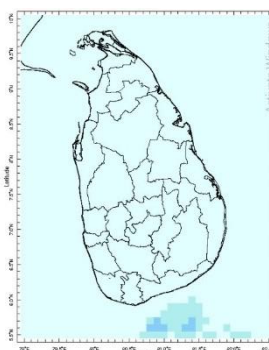
2<sup>nd</sup> April



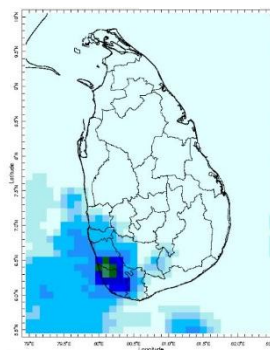
3<sup>rd</sup> April



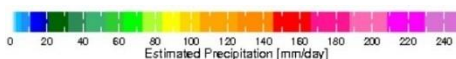
4<sup>th</sup> April



5<sup>th</sup> April



6<sup>th</sup> April





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### Total Rainfall for the Past Week

The RFE 2.0 tool shows 7-day total Cumulative rainfall by Districts:

Rainfall	Districts
50 – 75 mm	Mannar, Mullaitivu, Vavuniya
25 – 50 mm	Anuradhapura, Kalutara, Galle
10 – 25 mm	Matara, Hambantota, Ratnapura
5 – 10 mm	Gampaha, Colombo, Moneragala, Badulla
2 – 5 mm	Kilinochchi, Polonnaruwa, Matale, Nuwara Eliya, Puttalam, Kurunegala, Kegalle

There was no rainfall throughout the week in the remaining districts.

Weekly Rainfall Anomalies by Districts:

#### Rainfall Excess

Rainfall	Districts
25 – 50 mm	Mullaitivu, Vavuniya, Mannar
10 – 25 mm	Anuradhapura

#### Rainfall Deficit

Rainfall	Districts
50 – 100 mm	Ratnapura
25 – 50 mm	Polonnaruwa, Puttalam, Kurunegala, Gampaha, Colombo, Kalutara, Galle, Matara, Hambantota, Badulla, Moneragala, Ampara, Matale, Kandy, Nuwara Eliya, Kegalle
10 – 25 mm	Jaffna, Kilinochchi, Trincomalee, Batticaloa

### Monthly Monitoring

During middle and late March, Dekadal Rainfall (mm/day) by Districts:

#### 11<sup>th</sup>– 20<sup>th</sup> March:

Rainfall	Districts
10 mm	Kalutara
8 mm	Vavuniya, Anuradhapura, Gampaha, Kegalle, Colombo, Galle
6 mm	Nuwara Eliya, Matara, Ampara
4 mm	Mannar, Puttalam, Kurunegala, Kandy, Hambantota, Badulla, Moneragala, Batticaloa
2 mm	Kilinochchi, Mullaitivu, Polonnaruwa, Trincomalee, Matale



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### 21<sup>st</sup>– 31<sup>st</sup> March:

Rainfall	Districts
14 mm	Gampaha, Colombo, Kalutara, Kegalle, Ratnapura, Nuwara Eliya, Kandy, Kurunegala, Moneragala
12 mm	Badulla
10 mm	Puttalam, Galle, Matara, Hambantota
8 mm	Matale, Ampara
6 mm	Batticaloa, Anuradhapura
4 mm	Polonnaruwa, Vavuniya, Mullaitivu, Mannar, Trincomalee
2 mm	Kilinochchi, Jaffna

## Ocean State (Text Courtesy IRI)

### Pacific sea state: March 31, 2021

Equatorial SSTs were mostly below average from the east to the middle west Pacific Ocean in late-March and most key atmospheric variables were either ENSO –Neutral or consistent with continued La Niña conditions. A large majority of the model forecasts predict SSTs to be cooler than the threshold of La Niña SST conditions through the winter, dissipating during spring.

### Indian Ocean State

Sea surface temperature was observed around 0.5°C above average to the North of Sri Lanka and neutral to the west.

## Predictions

### Rainfall

#### 14-day prediction: NOAA NCEP models

From 8<sup>th</sup> – 14<sup>th</sup> April:

Total rainfall by Provinces:

Rainfall	Provinces
35 mm	Western, Sabaragamuwa
25 mm	Central
15 mm	Northern, North Central, North western, Eastern, Southern, Uva

From 15<sup>th</sup>– 21<sup>st</sup> April:

Total rainfall by Provinces:

Rainfall	Provinces
45 mm	Western, Sabaragamuwa
35 mm	Central, Uva, Southern
25 mm	Eastern
15 mm	North western



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### MJO based OLR predictions

#### **For the next 15 days:**

MJO shall significantly suppressed the rainfall during 7<sup>th</sup> – 16<sup>th</sup> Apr and slightly suppressed during 17<sup>th</sup>– 21<sup>st</sup> Apr.

## Interpretation

### Monitoring

**Rainfall:** During the last two weeks, there had been high rainfall over the following provinces: Sabaragamuwa, Western and southern

**Wind:** Northeasterly winds prevailed in the sea area and around the island.

**Temperatures:** The temperature anomalies were slightly above normal for the Uva, Western & Sabaragamuwa provinces the last – driven by the warm SST's.

### Predictions

**Rainfall:** During the next week (9<sup>th</sup> – 15<sup>th</sup> Apr), showers is predicted for the Western and Sabaragamuwa region. A drop in rainfall is predicted over the rest of the country.

**Temperatures:** The temperature remains slightly above normal for April.

#### **Teleconnections:**

- MJO shall significantly suppressed the rainfall during 7<sup>th</sup> – 16<sup>th</sup> Apr and slightly suppressed during 17<sup>th</sup>– 21<sup>st</sup> Apr.
- La Nina - The SST forecast is for La Nina conditions to continue through April weakening through June. So, the La Niña is expected to be moderate to strong in coming seasons.

Tropical Climate Guarantee, Federation of Environment, Climate and Technology, Columbia University Water Center, <sup>1</sup> International Research Institute for Climate and Society, , Earth Institute at Columbia University, New York.



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## Weekly Climate Bulletin for Sri Lanka

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#### 2. Predictions

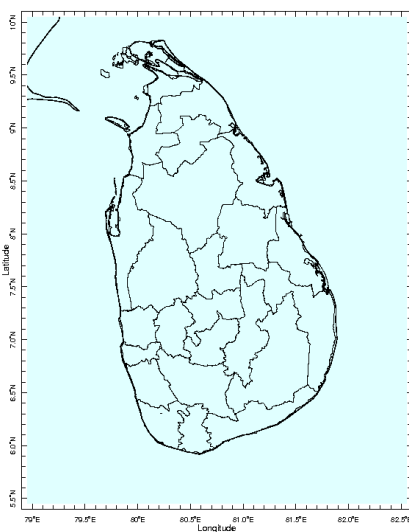
- NCEP GFS Ensemble 1-14 day Rainfall Predictions
- GFS (T574) Model Rainfall Forecast from RMSC New Delhi
- MJO Related OLR Forecast
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- Seasonal Predictions from IRI



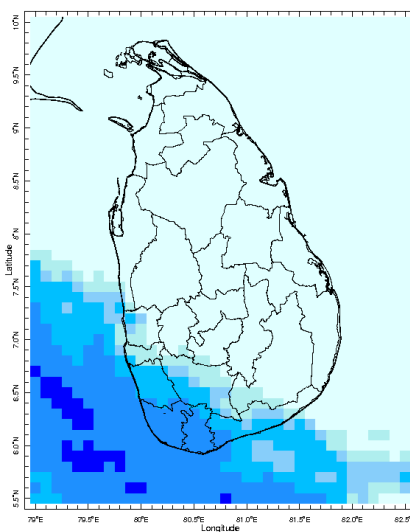
### MONITORING

#### Daily Rainfall Monitoring

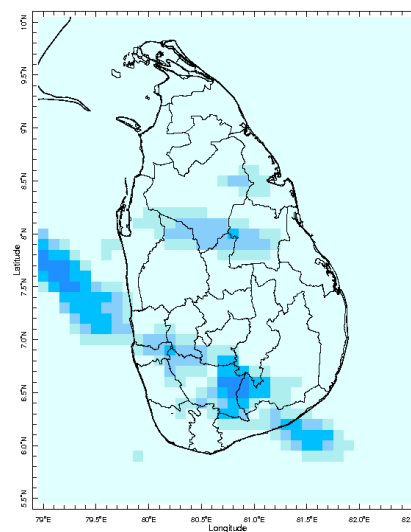
The following figures show the satellite observed rainfall in the last 7 days in Sri Lanka.



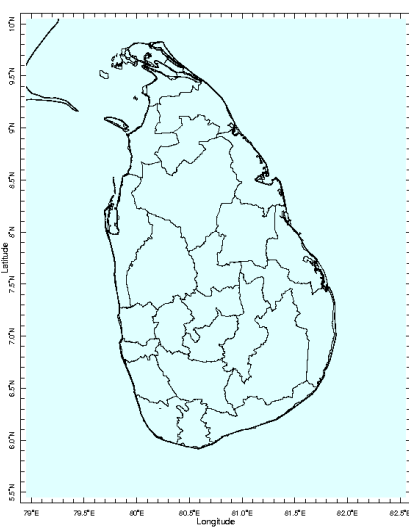
31 Mar 2021



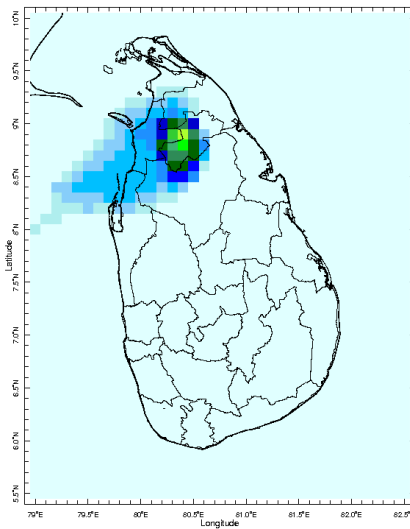
1 Apr 2021



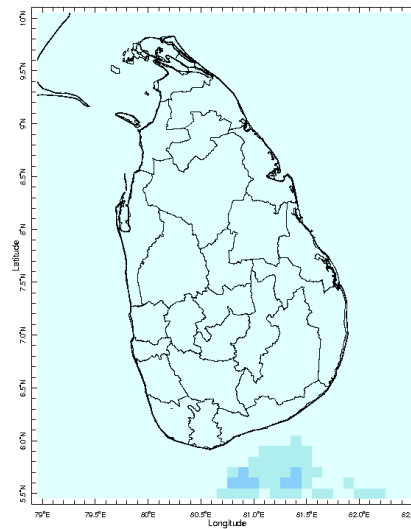
2 Apr 2021



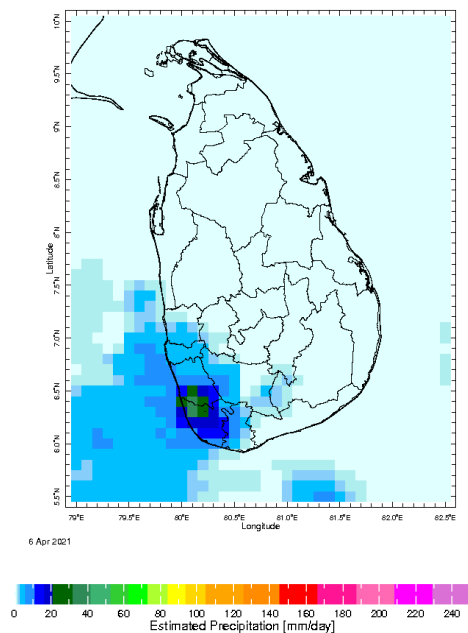
3 Apr 2021



4 Apr 2021

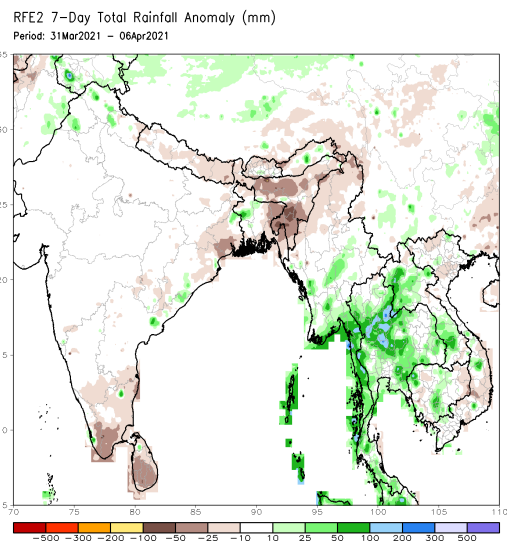
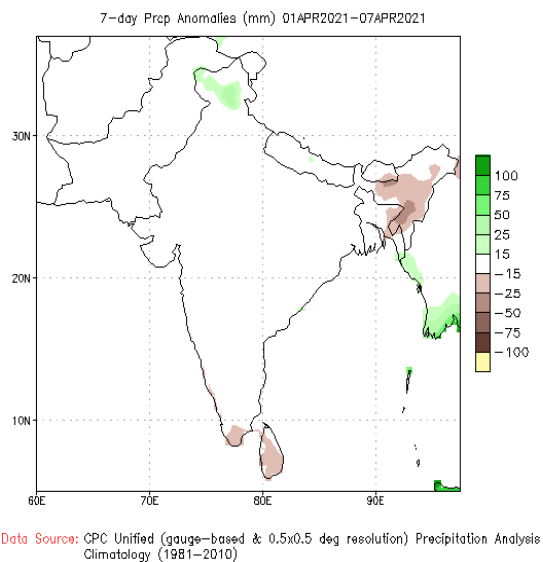
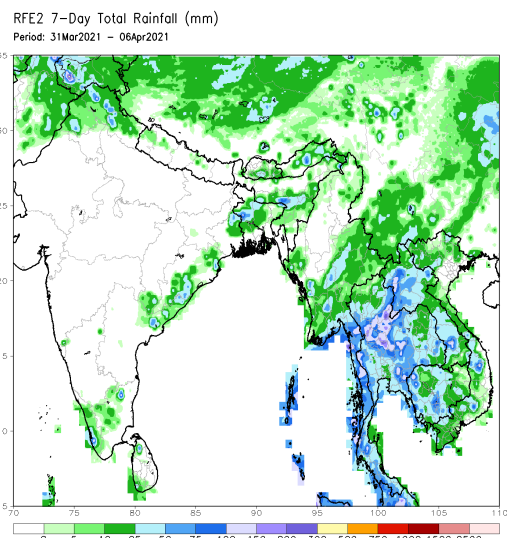
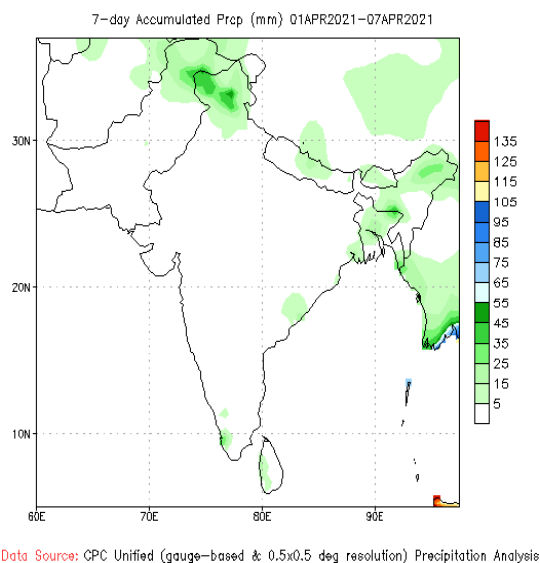


5 Apr 2021



## Weekly Rainfall Monitoring

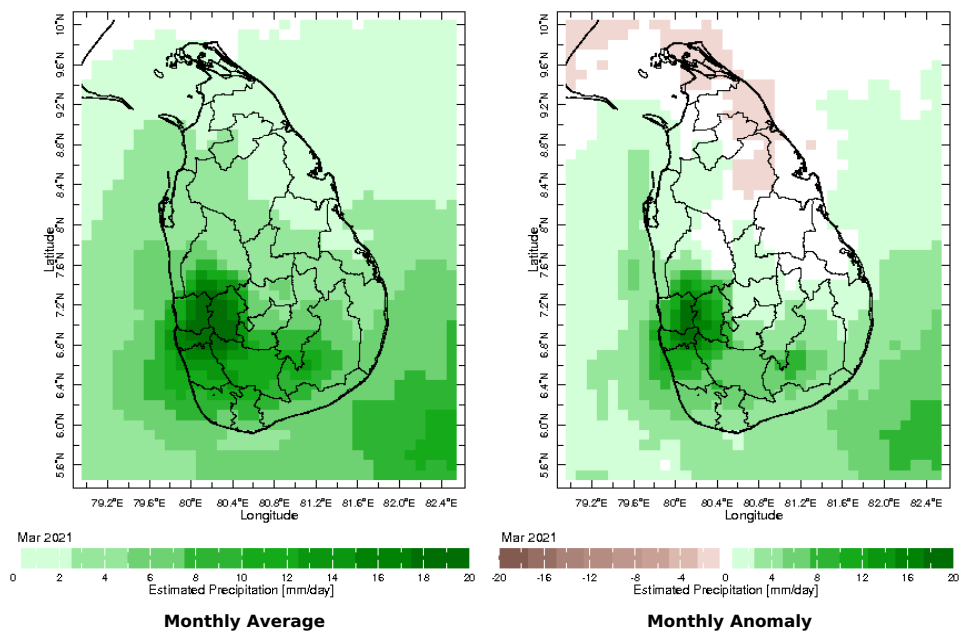
The following figures show the total satellite observed rainfall in the last week in Sri Lanka. The figure in the left is the total 7-day rainfall from NOAA Climate Prediction Center (CPC) Unified Precipitation Analysis and the figure in the right is the total 7-day rainfall from CPC RFE 2.0 Satellite Rainfall Estimates. The bottom two figures are the respective anomalies.



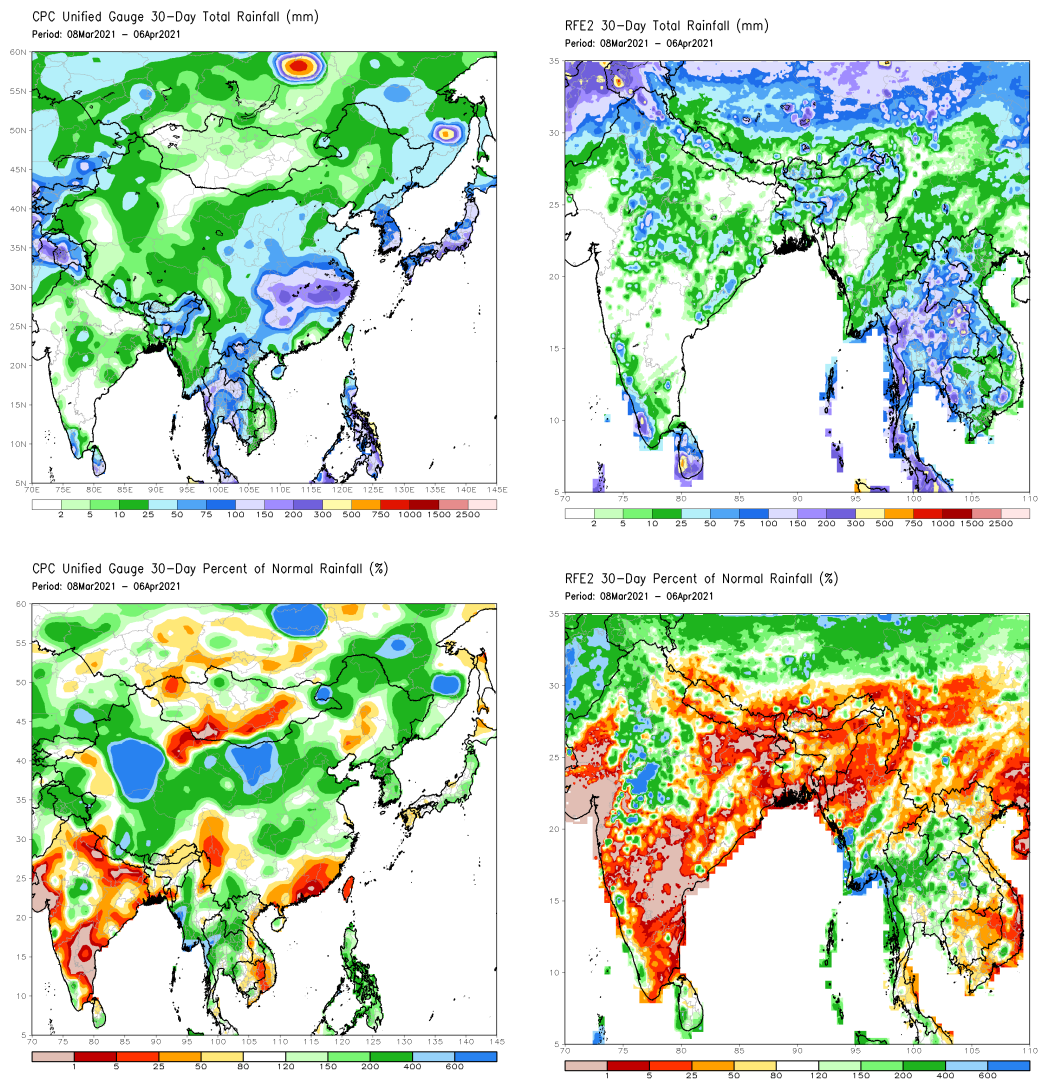


Monthly Rainfall Monitoring

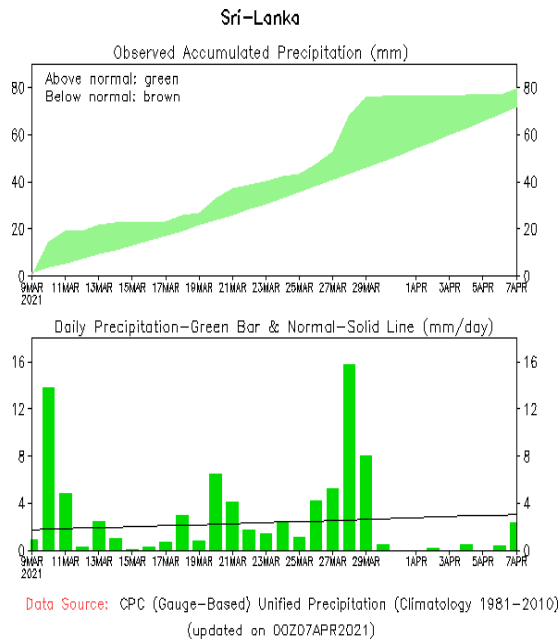
The figure in the left shows the average observed rainfall in the previous month. The rainfall anomaly in the previous month is shown in the figure to the right. The brown color in the anomaly figure shows places which received less rainfall than the historical average while the green color shows places with above average rainfall. Darker shades show higher magnitudes in rainfall



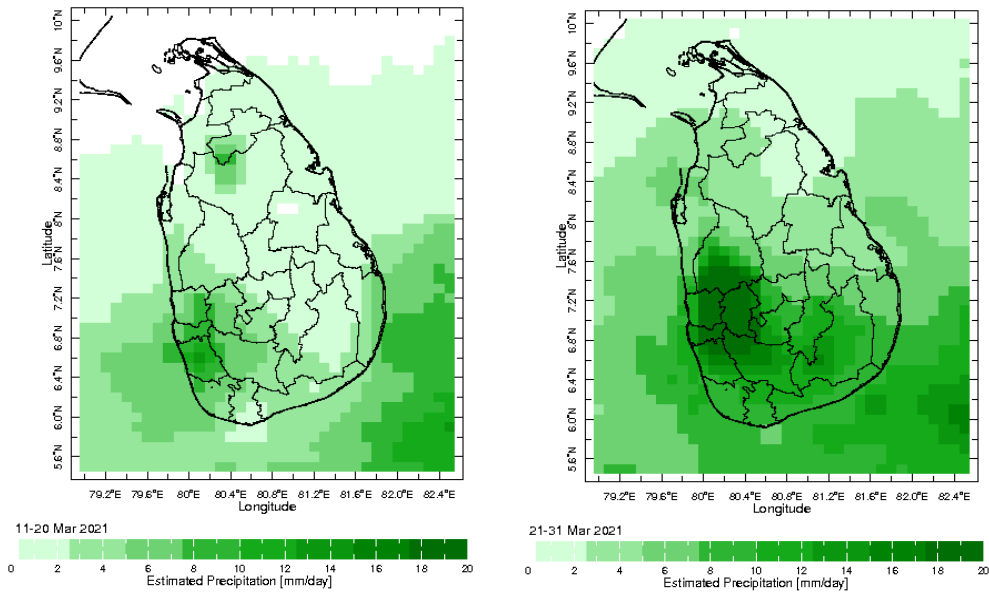
The figure in the top-left shows the total rainfall in the past 30 days from CPC Unified Precipitation Analysis while the figure in the top-right shows the total rainfall for the same period from RFE 2.0 Satellite Rainfall Estimates. The bottom two figures show the percentage of rainfall received in the past 30 days compared to normal rainfall in this period.



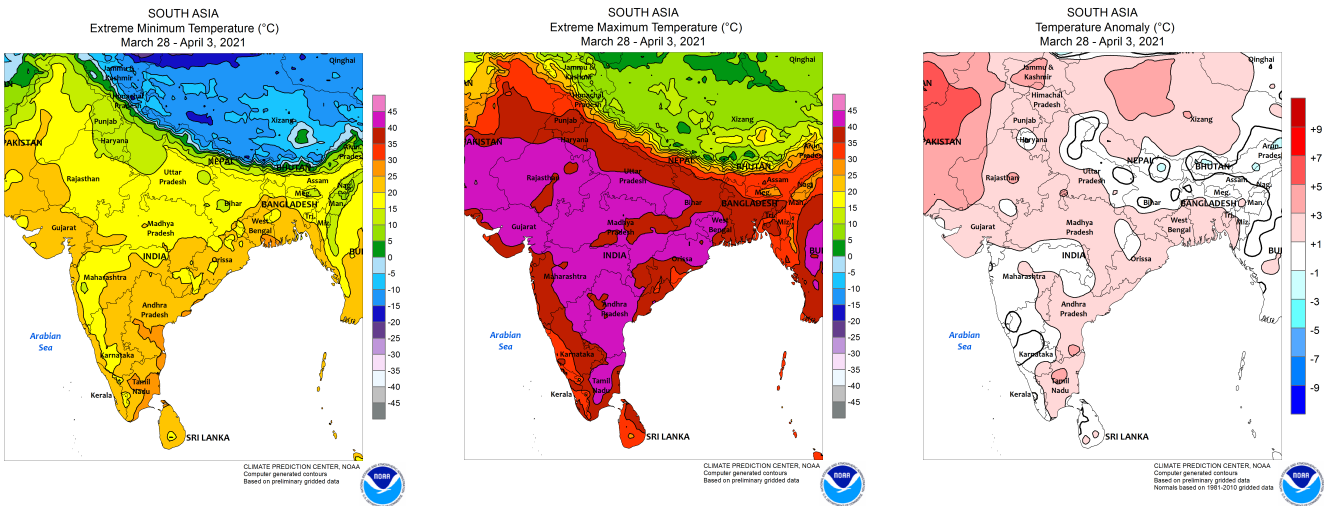
The following figure shows the observed accumulated rainfall (top) and daily observed rainfall (bottom) in Sri Lanka in the last 30 days.



**Dekadal (10 Day) Satellite Derived Rainfall Estimates**



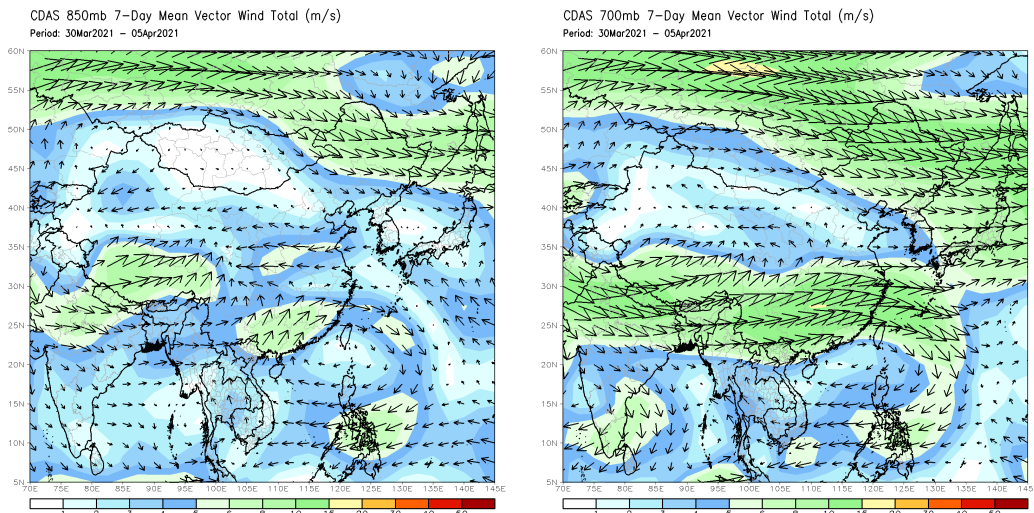
**Weekly Temperature Monitoring**





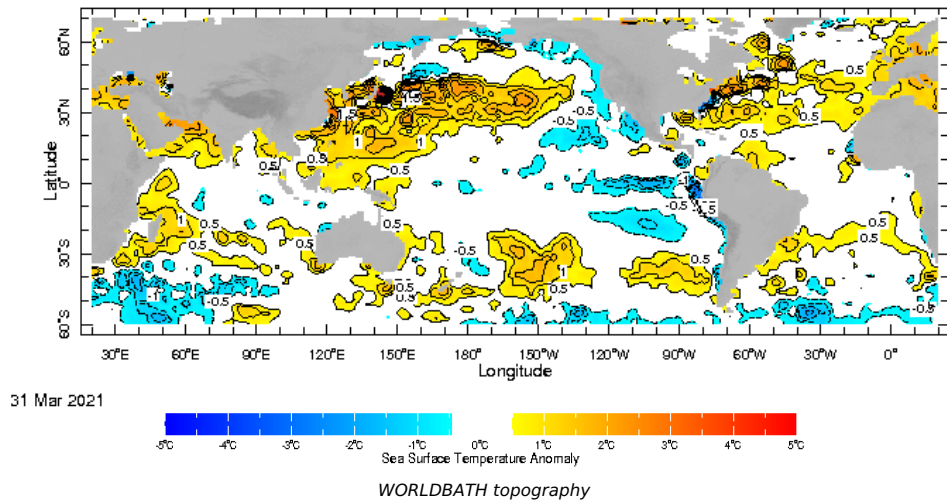
Weekly Wind Monitoring

The following figures show the mean vector wind total of the past 7 days near Sri Lanka at two levels. The figure on the left shows 850 mb (~1500 m) level and the figure on the right shows 700 mb (~3000 m) level.

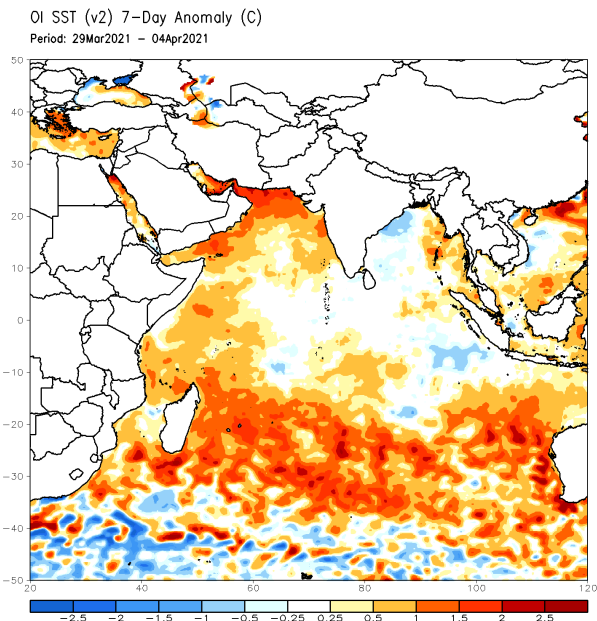


Weekly Average SST Anomalies

Weekly average Sea Surface Temperature (SST) anomaly in the world from NOAA NCEP

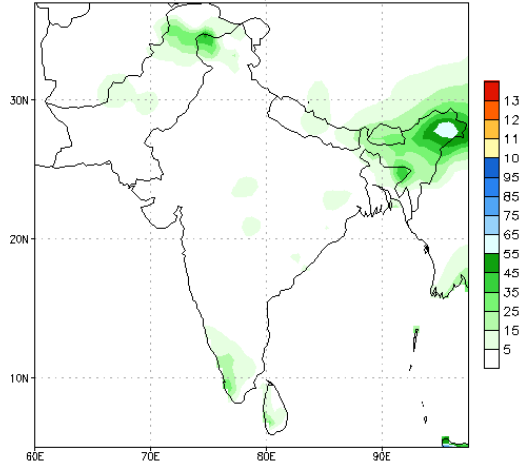


Optimum Interpolated Sea Surface Temperature Anomaly in the Indian Ocean from NOAA CPC



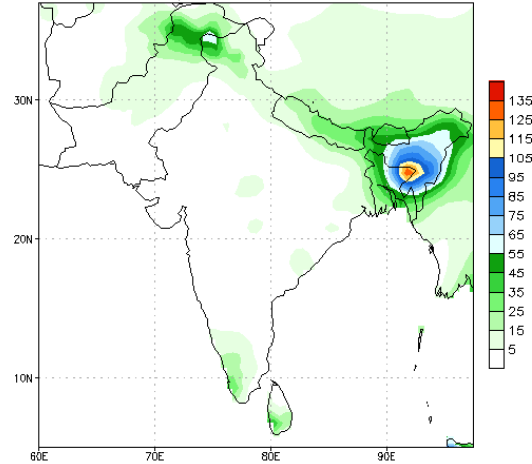
**NCEP GFS 1- 14 Day prediction**

NCEP GFS Ensemble Forecast 1-7 Day Precipitation (mm)  
from: 08Apr2021  
08Apr2021-14Apr2021 Accumulation



Bias correction based on last 30-day forecast error

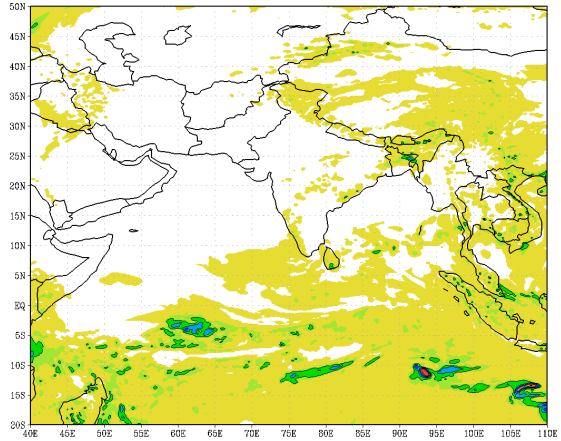
NCEP GFS Ensemble Forecast 8-14 Day Precipitation (mm)  
from: 08Apr2021  
15Apr2021-21Apr2021 Accumulation



Bias correction based on last 30-day forecast error

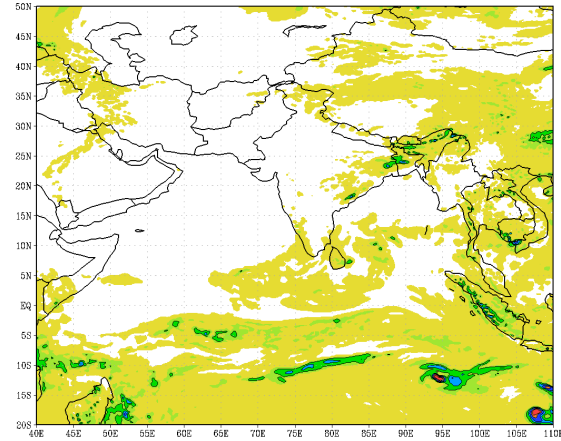
**IMD GFS (T574) Model Rainfall Forecast from RMSC New Delhi, India**

IMD :GFS MODEL(12 Km) RAINFALL (mm) FORECAST (24 HR)  
based on 00 UTC of 08-04-2021 valid for 03 UTC of 09-04-2021



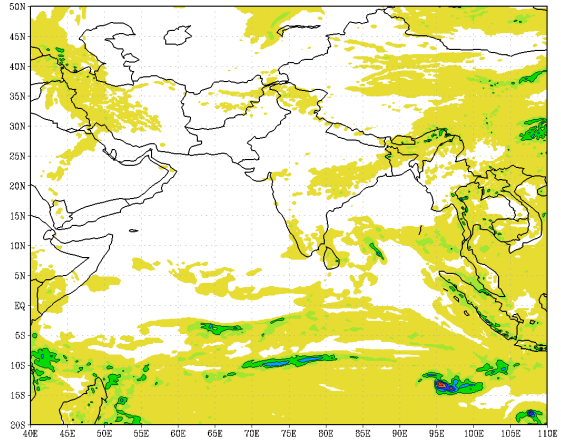
(Background does not depict political boundary)

IMD :GFS MODEL(12 Km) RAINFALL (mm) FORECAST (48 HR)  
based on 00 UTC of 08-04-2021 valid for 03 UTC of 10-04-2021



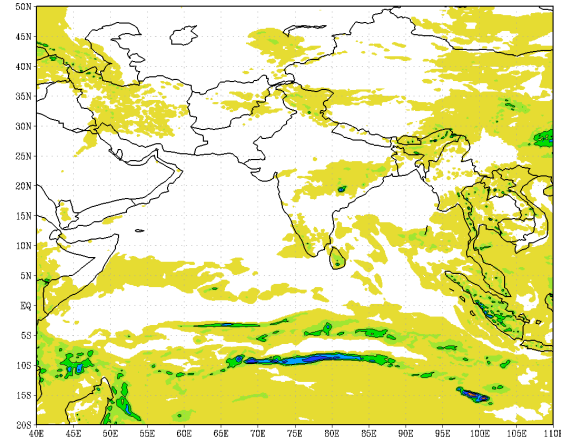
(Background does not depict political boundary)

IMD :GFS MODEL(12 Km) RAINFALL (mm) FORECAST (72 HR)  
based on 00 UTC of 08-04-2021 valid for 03 UTC of 11-04-2021

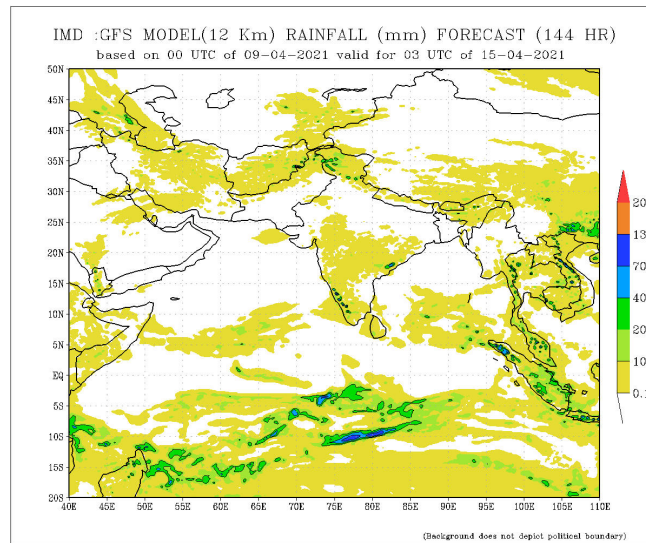
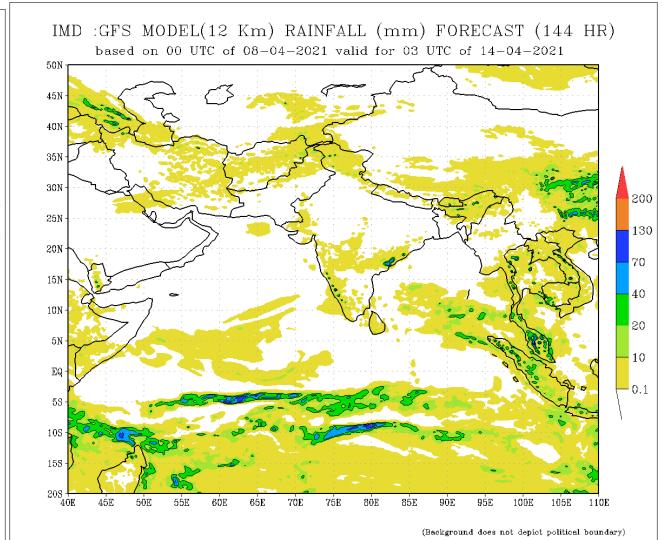
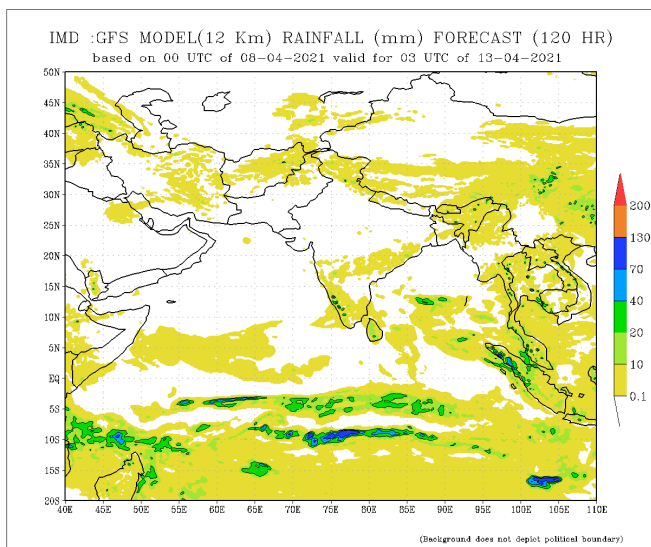


(Background does not depict political boundary)

IMD :GFS MODEL(12 Km) RAINFALL (mm) FORECAST (96 HR)  
based on 00 UTC of 08-04-2021 valid for 03 UTC of 12-04-2021

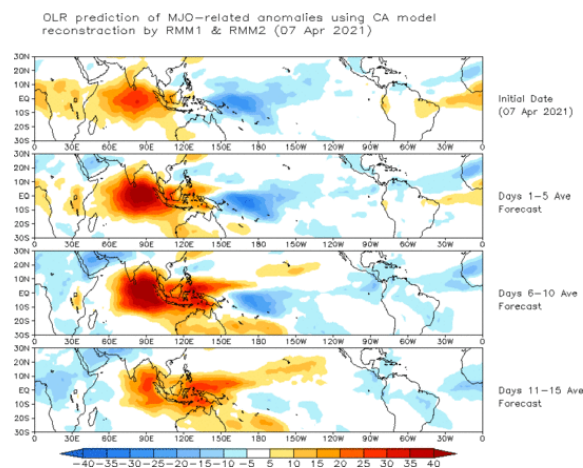


(Background does not depict political boundary)



## Madden Julian Oscillation (MJO) related Outgoing Longwave Radiation (OLR) Forecast

The Outgoing Longwave Radiation (OLR) is a proxy for rainfall. This can be used to identify convective rain clouds based on the MJO phase. Violet and Blue shading indicates enhanced tropical weather and Orange shading indicates suppressed conditions. The following figure shows the forecasts of MJO associated anomalous OLR for the next 15 days from the Constructed Analogue (CA) model forecasts.

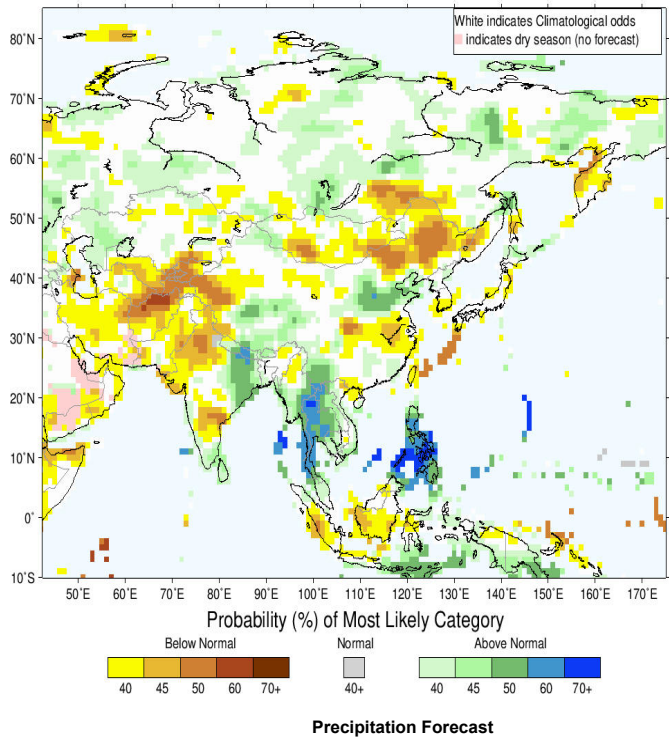




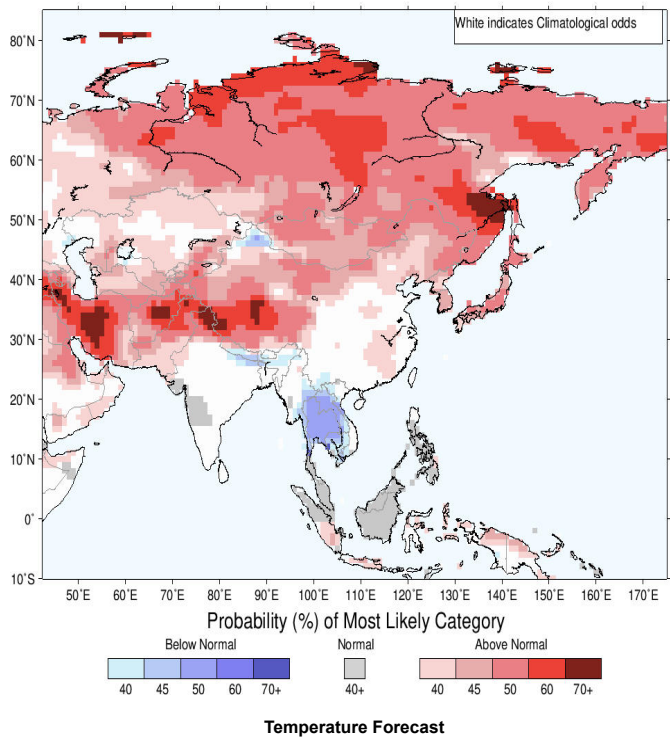
Seasonal Rainfall and Temperature Forecast

Following is the latest seasonal precipitation and temperature prediction for the next 3 months by the IRI. The color shading indicates the probability of the most dominant tercile -- that is, the tercile having the highest forecast probability. The color bar alongside the map defines these dominant tercile probability levels. The upper side of the color bar shows the colors used for increasingly strong probabilities when the dominant tercile is the above-normal tercile, while the lower side shows likewise for the below-normal tercile. The gray color indicates an enhanced probability for the near-normal tercile (nearly always limited to 40%).

IRI Multi-Model Probability Forecast for Precipitation for April-May-June 2021, Issued March 2021



IRI Multi-Model Probability Forecast for Temperature for April-May-June 2021, Issued March 2021



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