### **CLIMATE MONITORING AND PREDICTION FOR SRI LANKA**

# **HIGHLIGHTS**

# Rainfall Prediction

 During 24<sup>th</sup>-28<sup>th</sup> June, fairly heavy rainfall (>75mm) is predicted for Kalutara, Colombo & Galle districts; and showers (>55 mm) will occur in Ratnapura & Puttalam districts.

# **Monitored Rainfalls**

• During the last week, the average daily rainfall over Sri Lanka was 4.9 mm and hydro catchment areas have received 3.6 mm on average.

# Monitored Wind



•From 13<sup>th</sup> - 19<sup>th</sup>
June, up to 8 m/s
of south-westerly
winds were
experienced over
the island.



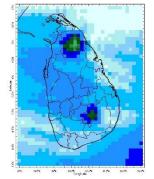
Monitored Sea & Land Temp

•Sea surface temperature was observed to be above average of 0.5°C to the north, east and south of the island. Land surfacetemperatur e remained near normal.

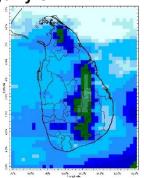
# **Monitoring**

Rainfall

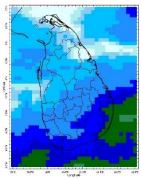
### Daily Estimates for Rainfall from 14th - 21st June 2022



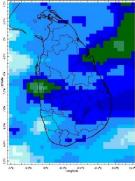
14 June



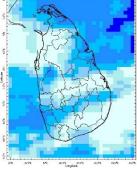
15 June



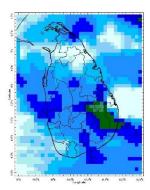
16 June



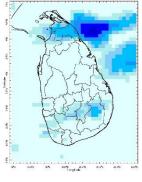
17 June



18 June

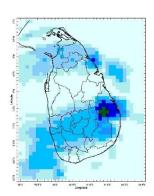


19 June



20 June

80 100 120 140 160 180 Estimated Precipitation [mm/day]



21 June



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### Ocean State (Text Courtesy IRI)

### Pacific sea state: June 15, 2022

Equatorial sea surface temperatures (SSTs) are below average across most of the Pacific Ocean in mid-June. The tropical Pacific atmosphere is consistent with La Niña. A large majority of the models indicate, though La Niña is favored to continue through the end of the year, the odds for La Niña decrease into the Northern Hemisphere late summer before slightly increasing through the Northern Hemisphere fall and early winter 2022.

### Indian Ocean State

Sea surface temperature was observed to be above average of 0.5°C to the north, east and south of the island.

# **Predictions**

Rainfall

14-day prediction: NOAA NCEP models

From 22<sup>nd</sup> – 28<sup>th</sup> June:

Total rainfall by Provinces:

Rainfall	Provinces	
85 mm	Western	
65 mm	Sabaragamuwa, Southern	
55 mm	North-western	
25 mm	Uva, Central	
15 mm	Eastern, North-central, Northern	

### From 29<sup>th</sup> June – 5<sup>th</sup> July:

Total rainfall by Provinces:

Rainfall	Provinces
115 mm	Western, Sabaragamuwa
105 mm	Southern
85 mm	North-western
55 mm	Uva, Central
35 mm	North Central, Eastern, Northern

### **MJO** based OLR predictions

### For the next 15 days:

MJO shall slightly enhance the rainfall during 22<sup>nd</sup> - 1<sup>st</sup> July; and near neutral during 2<sup>nd</sup> - 6<sup>th</sup> July.

### Interpretation

### **Monitoring**

**Rainfall:** During the last two weeks, there had been fairly heavy rainfall over the following area: Ratnapura

Daily Average Rainfall in the Met stations for previous week of  $(14^{th} - 21^{st} \text{ June}) = 4.9 \text{ mm}$ Rmax: 78.3 mm & Rmin: 0.0 mm.

Region	Average rainfall for the Last 8 days
Northern Plains	3.6 mm
Eastern	5.5 mm
Western	4.9 mm
Southern Plains	5.5 mm

The Hydro Catchment Areas recorded 3.6 mm of average rainfall for the last week

Rmax: 43 mm & Rmin: 0 mm.

**Wind:** South-westerly prevailed in the sea area surrounding the island last week.

**Temperatures:** The temperature anomalies were below-normal to the north-east of the country and near-normal for the rest, driven by the warm SST's.

### **Predictions**

**Rainfall:** During the next week (24<sup>th</sup> - 28<sup>th</sup> June) fairly heavy rainfall (>75 mm) is predicted for the Kalutara, Colombo and Galle districts and showers (>55 mm) will occur in Ratnapura and Puttalam districts. The rest of the country is expected to have less rainfall.

**Temperatures:** The temperature remains above normal in the Northern, Uva and Eastern provinces during  $24^{th} - 29^{th}$  June.

### **Teleconnections:**

La Niña - Though La Niña is favored to continue through the end of the year, the odds for La Niña decrease into the Northern Hemisphere late summer (July-September 2022) before slightly increasing through the Northern Hemisphere fall and early winter 2022.

MJO shall slightly enhance the rainfall during 22<sup>nd</sup> - 1<sup>st</sup> July; and near neutral during 2<sup>nd</sup> - 6<sup>th</sup> July.

### Seasonal Precipitation:

The precipitation forecast for the July-August-September season shows a higher tendency for abovenormal precipitation for the Jaffna district, and a tendency for the neutral tercile for the rest of the districts.

### **Terminology for Rainfall Ranges**

	Rainfall (During 24 hours of period)
Light Showers	Less than 12.5 mm
Light to Moderate	Between 12.5 mm and 25 mm
Moderate	Between 25 mm and 50 mm
Fairly Heavy	Between 50 mm and 100 mm
Heavy	Between 100 mm and 150 mm
Very Heavy	More than 150 mm

Tropical Climate Guarantee, Federation of Environment, Climate and Technology, Columbia University Water Center, <sup>1</sup> International Research Institute for Climate and Society, , Earth Institute at Columbia University, New York.





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# Weekly Climate Bulletin for Sri Lanka

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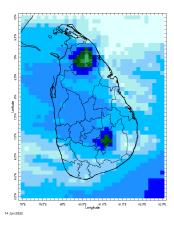
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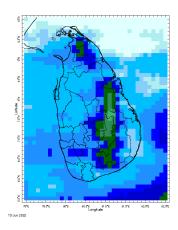
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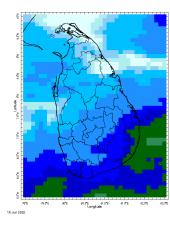
### **MONITORING**

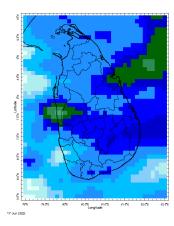
### **Daily Rainfall Monitoring**

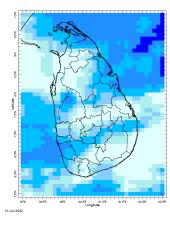
The following figures show the satellite observed rainfall in the last 7 days in Sri Lanka.

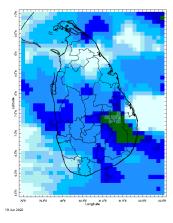


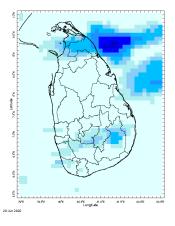


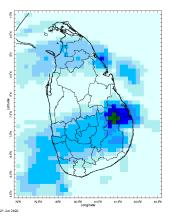






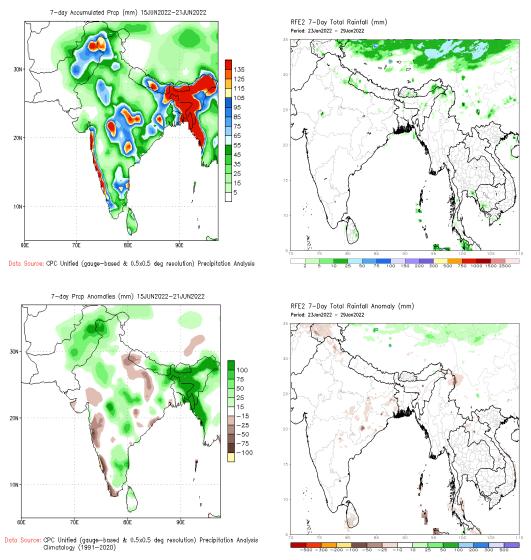






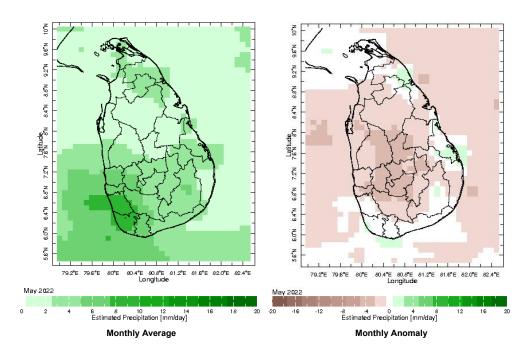
### Weekly Rainfall Monitoring

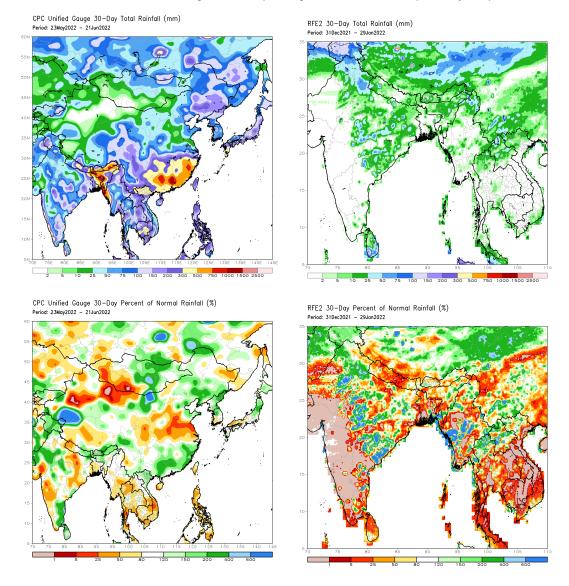
The following figures show the total satellite observed rainfall in the last week in Sri Lanka. The figure in the left is the total 7-day rainfall from NOAA Climate Prediction Center (CPC) Unified Precipitation Analysis and the figure in the right is the total 7-day rainfall from CPC RFE 2.0 Satellite Rainfall Estimates. The bottom two figures are the respective anomalies.



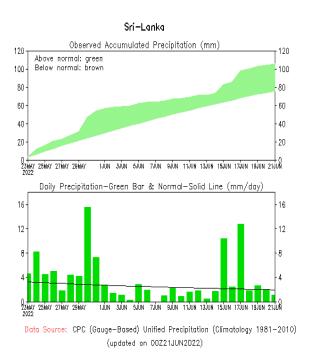
### **Monthly Rainfall Monitoring**

The figure in the left shows the average observed rainfall in the previous month. The rainfall anomaly in the previous month is shown in the figure to the right. The brown color in the anomaly figure shows places which received less rainfall than the historical average while the green color shows places with above average rainfall. Darker shades show higher magnitudes in rainfall

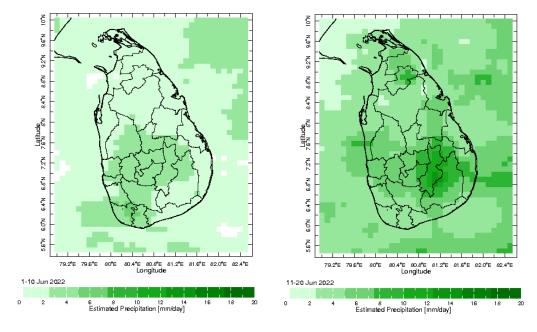




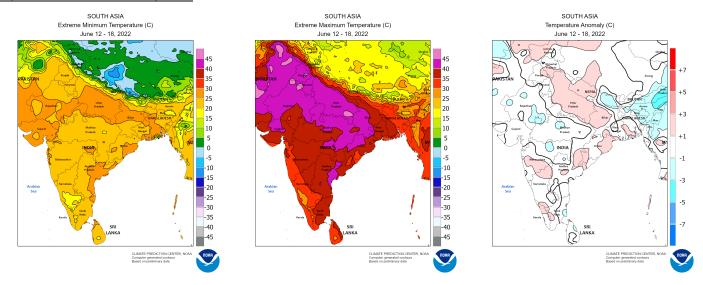
The following figure shows the observed accumulated rainfall (top) and daily observed rainfall (bottom) in Sri Lanka in the last 30 days.



### **Dekadal (10 Day) Satellite Derived Rainfall Estimates**

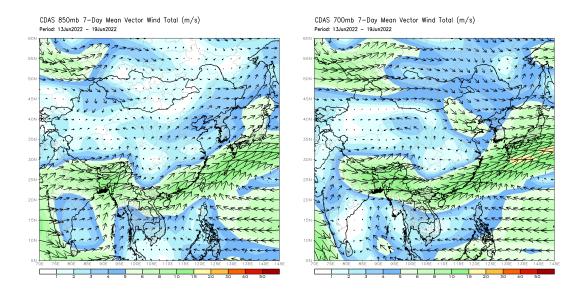


### **Weekly Temperature Monitoring**

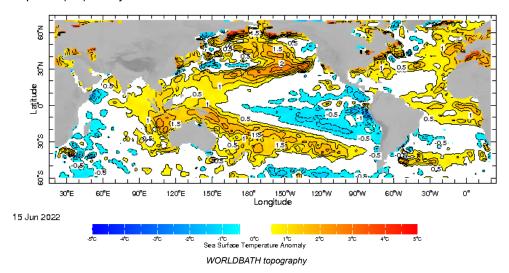


### **Weekly Wind Monitoring**

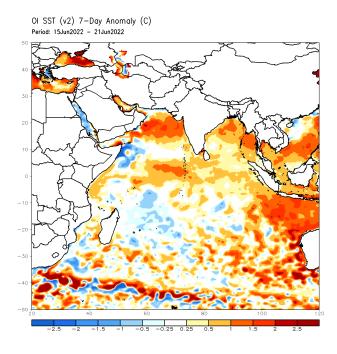
The following figures show the mean vector wind total of the past 7 days near Sri Lanka at two levels. The figure on the left shows 850 mb (~1500 m) level and the figure on the right shows 700 mb (~3000 m) level.



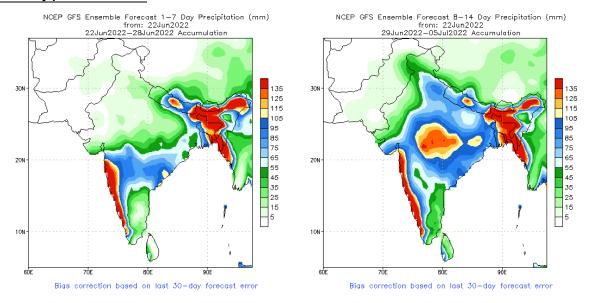
Weekly average Sea Surface Temperature (SST) anomaly in the world from NOAA NCEP



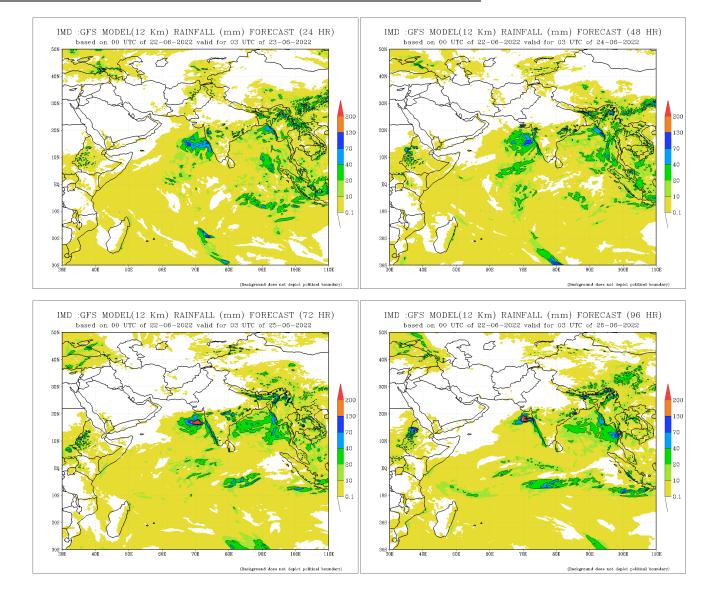
Optimum Interpolated Sea Surface Temperature Anomaly in the Indian Ocean from NOAA CPC

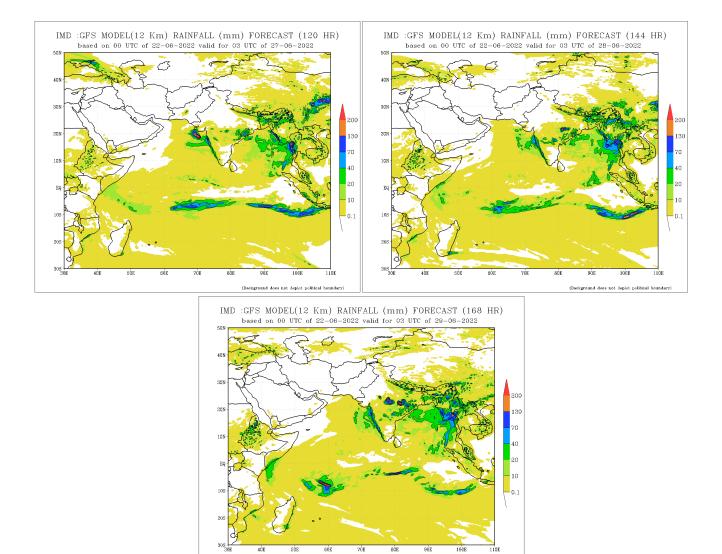


### NCEP GFS 1-14 Day prediction



### IMD GFS (T574) Model Rainfall Forecast from RMSC New Delhi, India



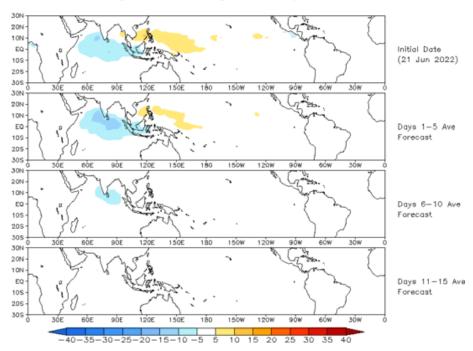


### Madden Julian Oscillation (MJO) related Outgoing Longwave Radiation (OLR) Forecast

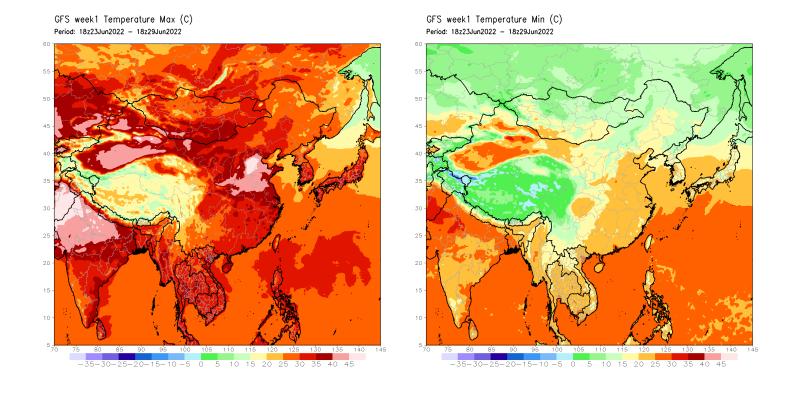
The Outgoing Longwave Radiation (OLR) is a proxy for rainfall. This can be used to identify convective rain clouds based on the MJO phase. Violet and Blue shading indicates enhanced tropical weather and Orange shading indicates suppressed conditions. The following figure shows the forecasts of MJO associated anomolous OLR for the next 15 days from the Constructed Analogue (CA) model forecasts.

(Background does not deplot political boundary

OLR prediction of MJO-related anomalies using CA model reconstruction by RMM1 & RMM2 (21 Jun 2022)

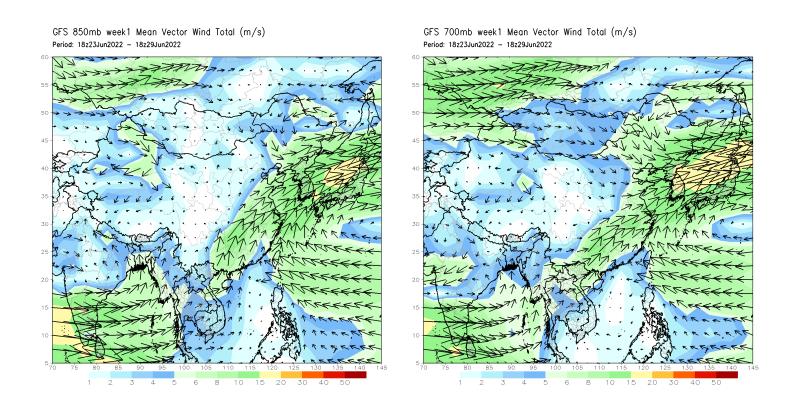


Weekly Minimum and Maximum Temperature prediction from the GFS model (from NOAA CPC)



### **Weekly Wind Forecast**

Weekly mean vector wind total prediction from the GFS model at 850 mb (left) and 700 mb (right) levels. (from NOAA CPC)

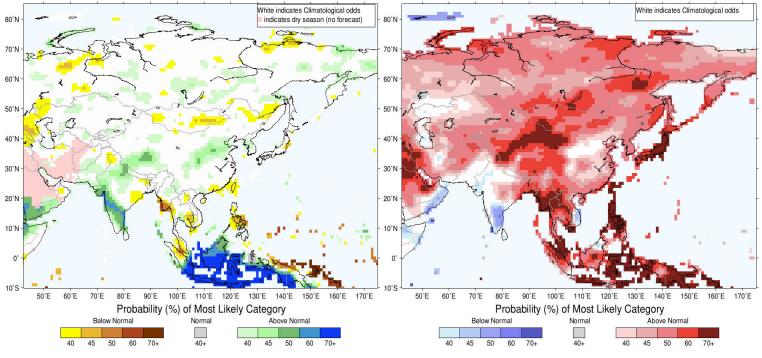


### **Seasonal Rainfall and Temperature Forecast**

Following is the latest seasonal precipitation and temperature prediction for the next 3 months by the IRI. The color shading indicates the probability of the most dominant tercile -- that is, the tercile having the highest forecast probability. The color bar alongside the map defines these dominant tercile probability levels. The upper side of the color bar shows the colors used for increasingly strong probabilities when the dominant tercile is the above-normal tercile, while the lower side shows likewise for the below-normal tercile. The gray color indicates an enhanced probability for the near-normal tercile (nearly always limited to 40%).

IRI Multi–Model Probability Forecast for Precipitation for July–August–September 2022, Issued June 2022

IRI Multi–Model Probability Forecast for Temperature for July–August–September 2022, Issued June 2022



**Precipitation Forecast** 

**Temperature Forecast** 

### About us

FECT is a federation of 7 organi zations registered in four countries which works in countries across the Indian Ocean Islands and its littoral. Over the last 20 years, we have had operations in Africa, South Asia, South-East Asia but now it is mostly in the Indian Ocean Islands.

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