

**Week of  
30 Jul - 6 Aug  
2021**

**CLIMATE MONITORING AND PREDICTION FOR SRI LANKA**

By: Nipuni Alahakoon, Ushan Adithya, Azra Munas, Tuan Hadgie, Lareef Zubair and Michael Bell<sup>1</sup> (FECT and IRI<sup>1</sup>)

**HIGHLIGHTS**

**Rainfall Prediction**



- Fairly heavy rainfalls are predicted in Western & Sabaragamuwa provinces and in Nuwara Eliya district during 28<sup>th</sup> Jul-3<sup>rd</sup> Aug.

**Monitored Rainfalls**



- Heavy rainfalls were experienced in the Central province with max of 108 mm in Nuwara Eliya district on 23<sup>rd</sup> July.

**Monitored Wind**



- From 20<sup>th</sup>- 26<sup>th</sup> July: up to 20 km/h from the southwesterly were experienced over the island.

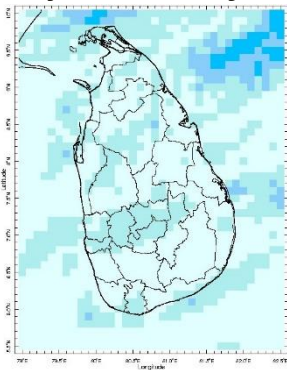
**Monitored Sea Surface**



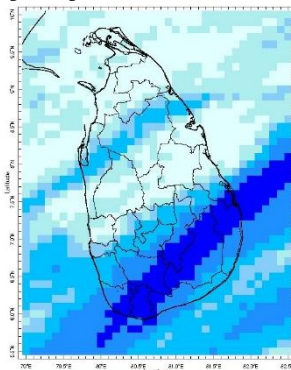
- Sea surface temperature was observed above 0.5 °C to the south of Sri Lanka and neutral to the north.

**Monitoring  
Rainfall**

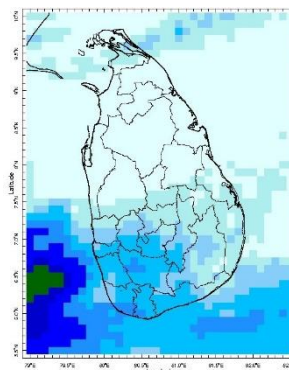
**Daily Estimates for Rainfall from 21<sup>st</sup> – 27<sup>th</sup> July**



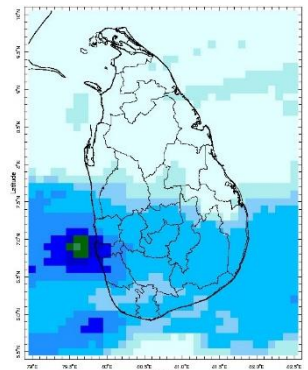
21 July



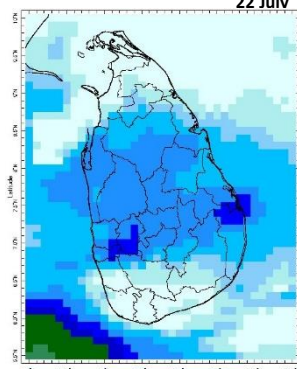
22 July



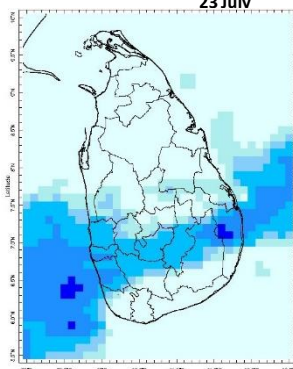
23 July



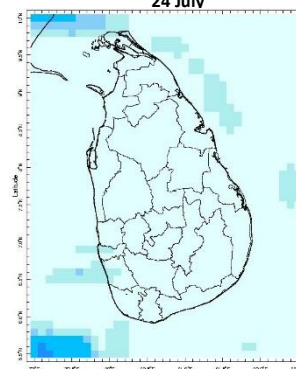
24 July



25 July



26 July



27 July





## Federation for Environment, Climate and Technology

c/o, Maintenance Office, Mahaweli Authority, Digana Village, Rajawella, Sri Lanka.

Phone (+94) 81-2376746, (+94) 81-2300415

E mail: [fectsl@gmail.com](mailto:fectsl@gmail.com)

Web Site <http://www.climate.lk>

### Total Rainfall for the Past Week

The RFE 2.0 tool shows 7-day total Cumulative rainfall by Districts:

Rainfall	Districts
50 - 75 mm	Ampara, Batticaloa, Badulla, Moneragala, Nuwara Eliya, Ratnapura, Kegalle, Gampaha, Colombo, Kalutara, Galle, Matara, Hambantota
25 - 50 mm	Kandy
10 - 25 mm	Matale, Kurunegala, Puttalam, Anuradhapura, Polonnaruwa, Trincomalee, Jaffna
5 - 10 mm	Mullaitivu, Vavuniya, Kilinochchi

Weekly Rainfall Anomalies by Districts:

#### Rainfall Excess

Rainfall	Districts
50 - 100 mm	Ampara, Batticaloa, Moneragala, Badulla, Colombo, Galle, Matara
25 - 50 mm	Gampaha, Kalutara, Hambantota, Ratnapura, Kegalle, Nuwara Eliya, Kandy
10 - 25 mm	Puttalam, Kurunegala

### Monthly Monitoring

During early and middle of the June, Dekadal Rainfall (mm/day) by Districts:

#### 1<sup>st</sup> - 10<sup>th</sup> July:

Rainfall	Districts
14 mm	Moneragala, Ampara
10 mm	Kandy, Matale, Polonnaruwa, Badulla
8 mm	Mullaitivu, Vavuniya, Batticaloa, Nuwara Eliya, Kegalle, Ratnapura, Colombo, Gampaha, Kalutara, Galle, Batticaloa
6 mm	Matara, Hambantota, Anuradhapura, Puttalam, Mannar, Kilinochchi
4 mm	Trincomalee
2 mm	Jaffna

#### 11<sup>th</sup> - 20<sup>th</sup> July:

Rainfall	Districts
12 mm	Moneragala
8 mm	Badulla
6 mm	Ampara, Batticaloa, Polonnaruwa, Trincomalee, Vavuniya, Mannar
4 mm	Galle, Matara, Hambantota, Ratnapura, Kegalle, Gampaha, Nuwara Eliya, Kandy, Matale, Kalutara, Puttalam, Kurunegala, Anuradhapura, Mullaitivu, Kilinochchi, Jaffna
2 mm	Colombo



## Federation for Environment, Climate and Technology

c/o, Maintenance Office, Mahaweli Authority, Digana Village, Rajawella, Sri Lanka.

Phone (+94) 81-2376746, (+94) 81-2300415

E mail: [fectsl@gmail.com](mailto:fectsl@gmail.com)

Web Site <http://www.climate.lk>

### Ocean State (Text Courtesy IRI)

#### **Pacific sea state: July 21, 2021**

Equatorial SSTs were below average in parts of the eastern Pacific Ocean and near average across the rest of the Pacific Ocean in late July and most key atmospheric variables were ENSO –Neutral condition. A large majority of the model forecasts predict ENSO-neutral likely to continue through the Northern Hemisphere summer.

#### **Indian Ocean State**

Sea surface temperature was observed above 0.5°C to the south of Sri Lanka and neutral to the north.

## Predictions

### Rainfall

#### **14-day prediction: NOAA NCEP models**

**From 28<sup>th</sup> July – 3<sup>rd</sup> August:**

Total rainfall by Provinces:

Rainfall	Provinces
55 mm	Western, Sabaragamuwa
45 mm	Southern, North central
35 mm	Central, North western
25 mm	Uva, Eastern
15 mm	Northern

**From 4<sup>th</sup> – 10<sup>th</sup> August:**

Total rainfall by Provinces:

Rainfall	Provinces
115 mm	Western, Sabaragamuwa
105 mm	Southern, North central
85 mm	Central, North western
75 mm	Uva, Eastern
65mm	Northern

### MJO based OLR predictions

**For the next 15 days:**

MJO shall slightly suppress the rainfall during 27<sup>th</sup> - 31<sup>st</sup> Jul; and neutral during 1<sup>st</sup> – 10<sup>th</sup> Aug.



## Federation for Environment, Climate and Technology

c/o, Maintenance Office, Mahaweli Authority, Digana Village, Rajawella, Sri Lanka.  
Phone (+94) 81-2376746, (+94) 81-2300415 E mail: [fectsl@gmail.com](mailto:fectsl@gmail.com)  
Web Site <http://www.climate.lk>

## Interpretation

### Monitoring

**Rainfall:** During the last two weeks, there had been heavy rainfall over the following province: Central

**Wind:** Southwest winds prevailed in the sea area and around the island during last week.

**Temperatures:** The temperature anomalies were slightly above normal for the Sabaragamuwa province the last – driven by the warm SST's.

### Predictions

**Rainfall:** During the next week (28<sup>th</sup> July - 3<sup>rd</sup> August) Fairly heavy rainfall are predicted for Sabaragamuwa and Western provinces; and in Nuwara Eliya district.

**Temperatures:** The temperature remains slightly normal for July. During 30<sup>th</sup> July – 7<sup>th</sup> August, the temperature remains high especially the Eastern and Uva provinces.

#### Teleconnections:

La Nina -The SST forecast indicates that the La Niña event has transitioned to ENSO-neutral and will likely remain so through the boreal summer.

The MJO is to be in phases 6 & 7 and it shall suppress rainfall during 30<sup>th</sup> Jul – 11<sup>th</sup> Aug over Sri Lanka.

### Understanding the forecast

	Rainfall (During 24 hours of period)
Light showers	less than 12.5mm
Light to Moderate	between 12.5mm and 25 mm
Moderate	between 25mm and 50 mm
Fairly heavy	between 50mm and 100 mm
Heavy	between 100mm and 150 mm
Very Heavy	more than 150mm

Tropical Climate Guarantee, Federation of Environment, Climate and Technology, Columbia University Water Center, <sup>1</sup> International Research Institute for Climate and Society, Earth Institute at Columbia University, New York.



**FECT Web**

<http://www.climate.lk>  
<http://www.tropicalclimate.org/>



**FECT Blog**

Past reports available at  
<http://fectsl.blogspot.com/>



**Facebook**

[www.fb.com/fectsl](http://www.fb.com/fectsl)



**Twitter**

[@climatelk](https://twitter.com/climatelk)

## Weekly Climate Bulletin for Sri Lanka

### Inside This Issue

#### 1. Monitoring

- a. Daily Rainfall Monitoring
- b. Weekly Rainfall Monitoring
- c. Monthly Rainfall Monitoring
- d. Dekadal (10 Day) Satellite Derived Rainfall Estimates
- e. Weekly Temperature Monitoring
- f. Weekly Wind Monitoring
- g. Weekly Average SST Anomalies

#### 2. Predictions

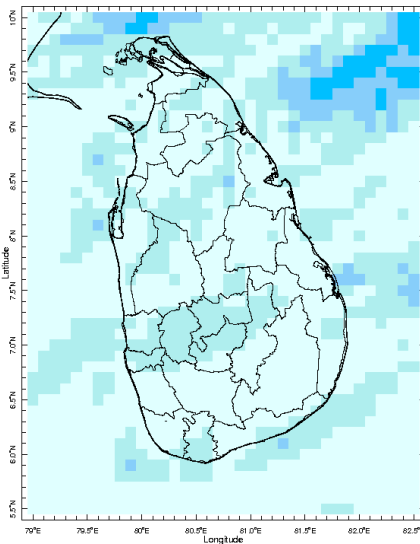
- a. NCEP GFS Ensemble 1-14 day Rainfall Predictions
- b. GFS (T574) Model Rainfall Forecast from RMSC New Delhi
- c. MJO Related OLR Forecast
- d. Weekly Temperature Forecast
- e. Weekly Wind Forecast
- f. Seasonal Predictions from IRI



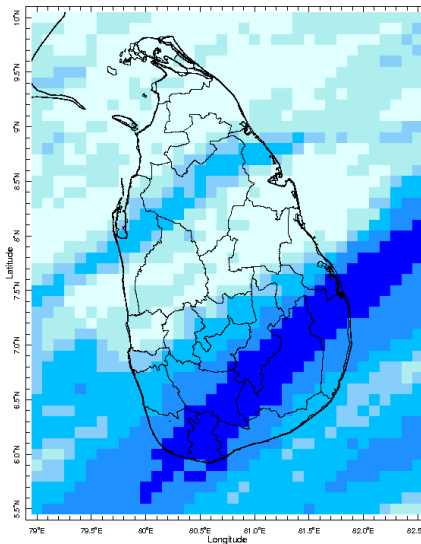
### MONITORING

#### Daily Rainfall Monitoring

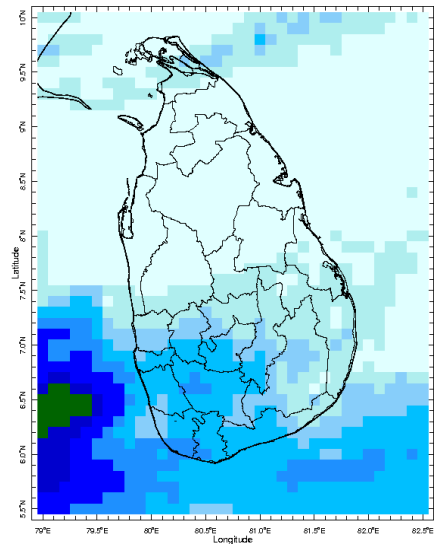
The following figures show the satellite observed rainfall in the last 7 days in Sri Lanka.



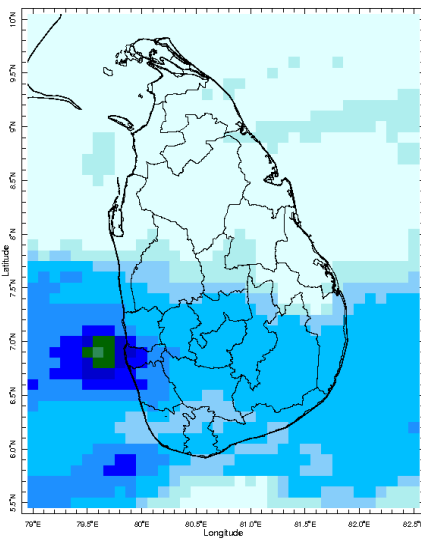
21 Jul 2021



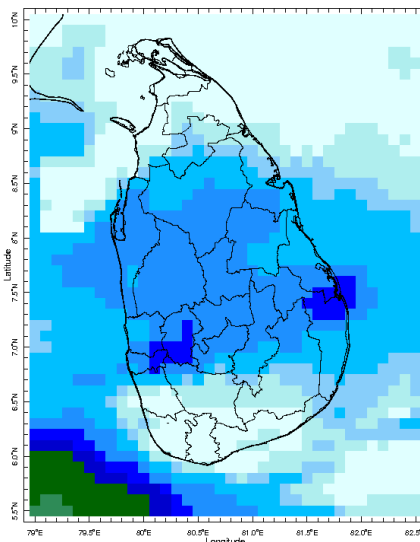
22 Jul 2021



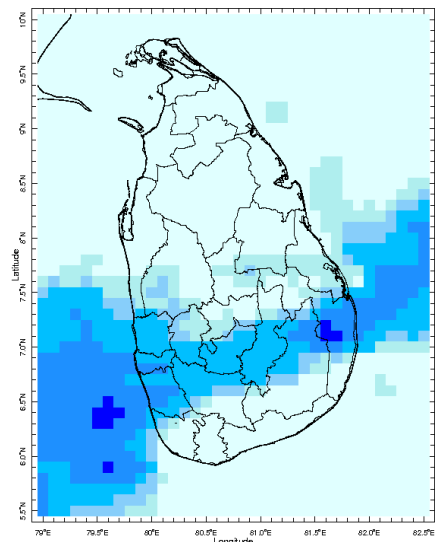
23 Jul 2021



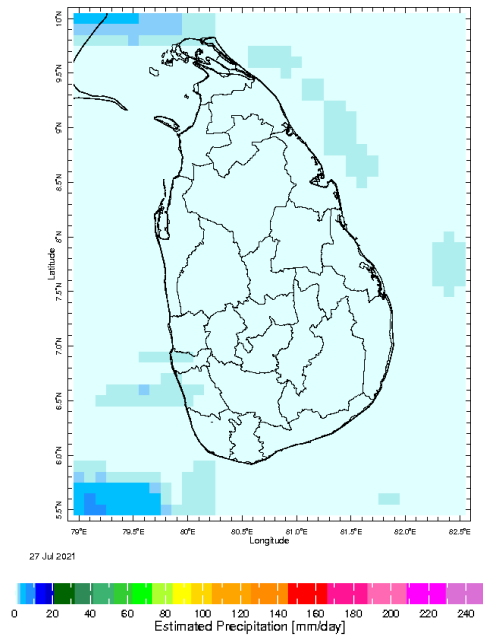
24 Jul 2021



25 Jul 2021

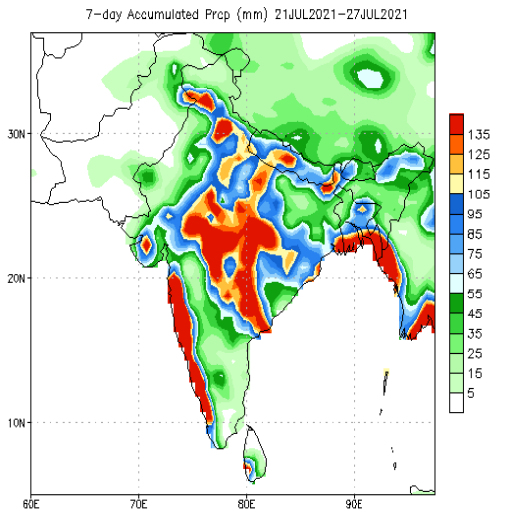


26 Jul 2021

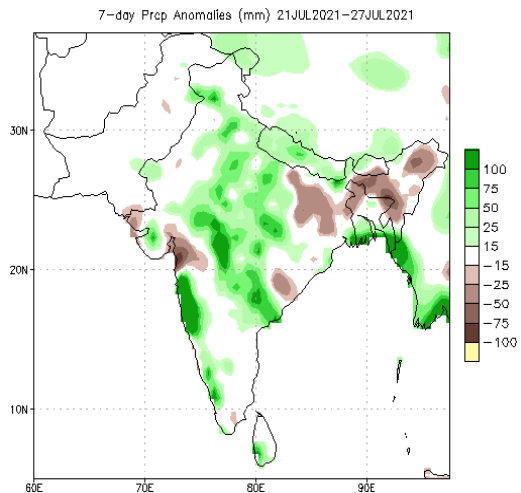
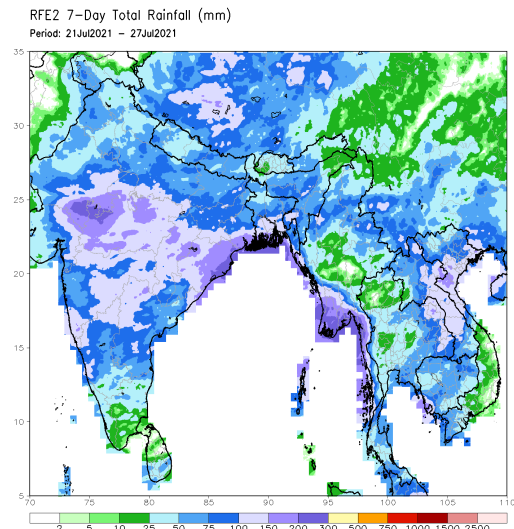


## Weekly Rainfall Monitoring

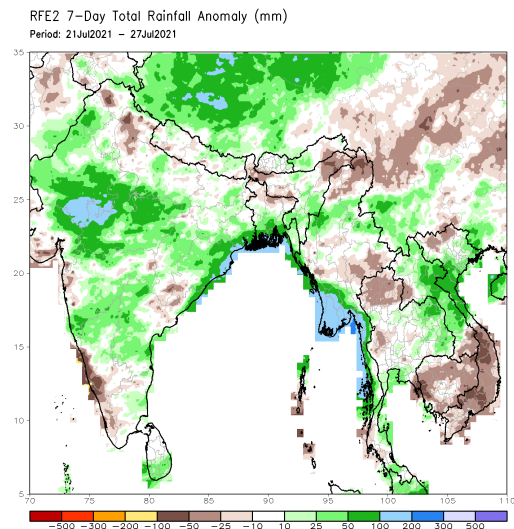
The following figures show the total satellite observed rainfall in the last week in Sri Lanka. The figure in the left is the total 7-day rainfall from NOAA Climate Prediction Center (CPC) Unified Precipitation Analysis and the figure in the right is the total 7-day rainfall from CPC RFE 2.0 Satellite Rainfall Estimates. The bottom two figures are the respective anomalies.



Data Source: CPC Unified (gauge-based & 0.5x0.5 deg resolution) Precipitation Analysis

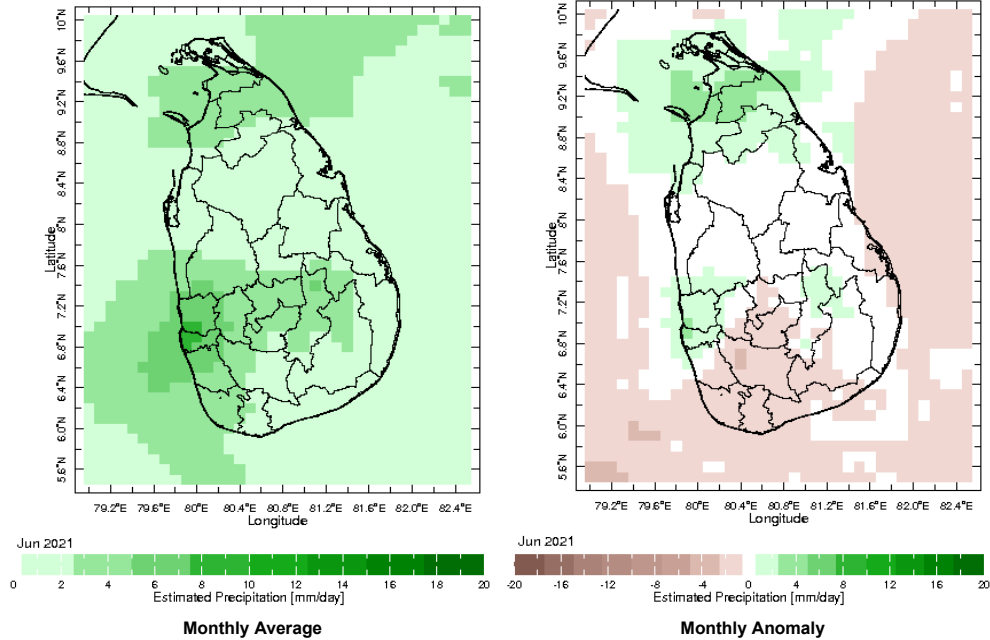


Data Source: CPC Unified (gauge-based & 0.5x0.5 deg resolution) Precipitation Analysis Climatology (1991-2020)

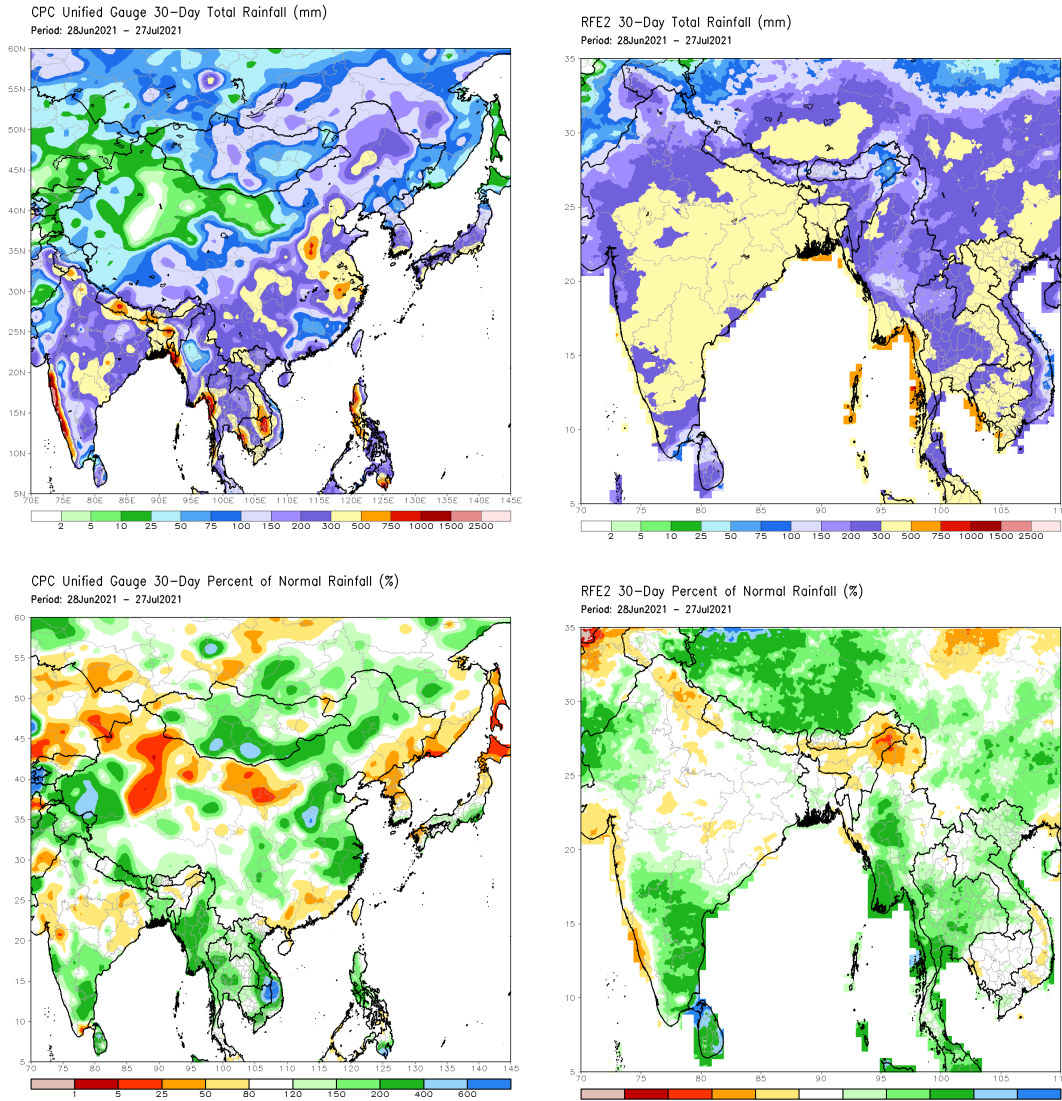


# Monthly Rainfall Monitoring

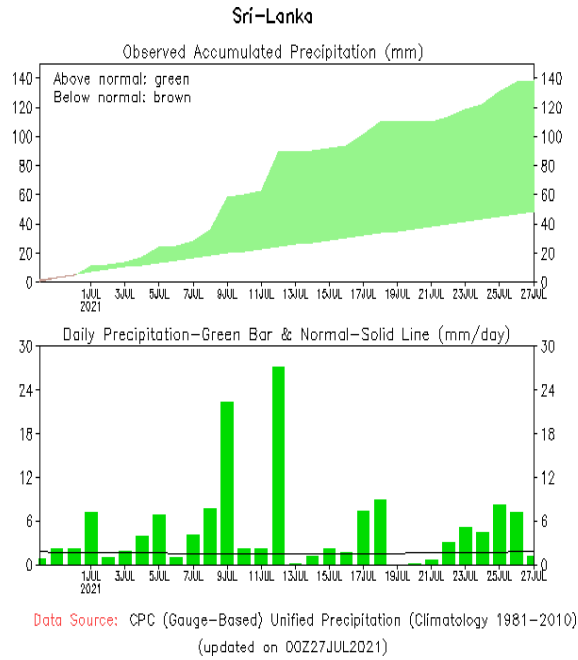
The figure in the left shows the average observed rainfall in the previous month. The rainfall anomaly in the previous month is shown in the figure to the right. The brown color in the anomaly figure shows places which received less rainfall than the historical average while the green color shows places with above average rainfall. Darker shades show higher magnitudes in rainfall



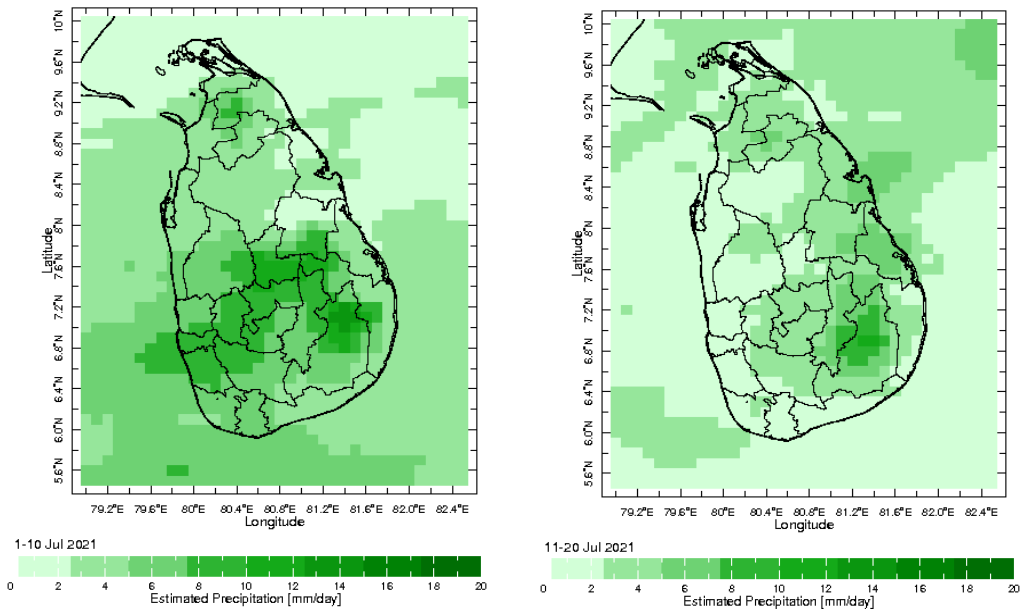
The figure in the top-left shows the total rainfall in the past 30 days from CPC Unified Precipitation Analysis while the figure in the top-right shows the total rainfall for the same period from RFE 2.0 Satellite Rainfall Estimates. The bottom two figures show the percentage of rainfall received in the past 30 days compared to normal rainfall in this period.



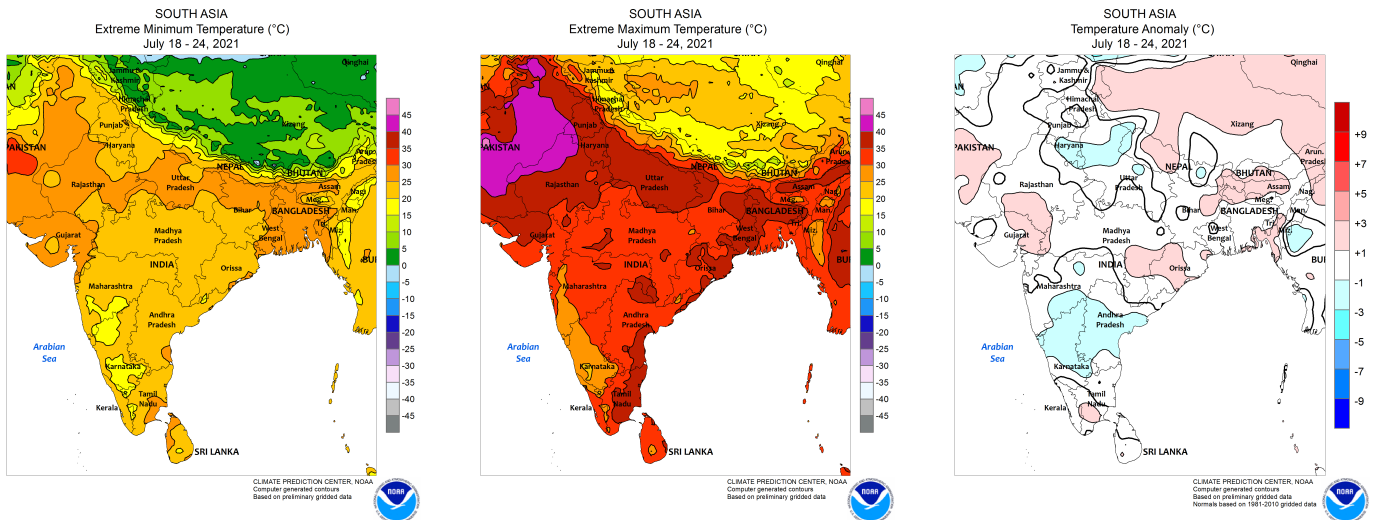
The following figure shows the observed accumulated rainfall (top) and daily observed rainfall (bottom) in Sri Lanka in the last 30 days.



### Dekadal (10 Day) Satellite Derived Rainfall Estimates



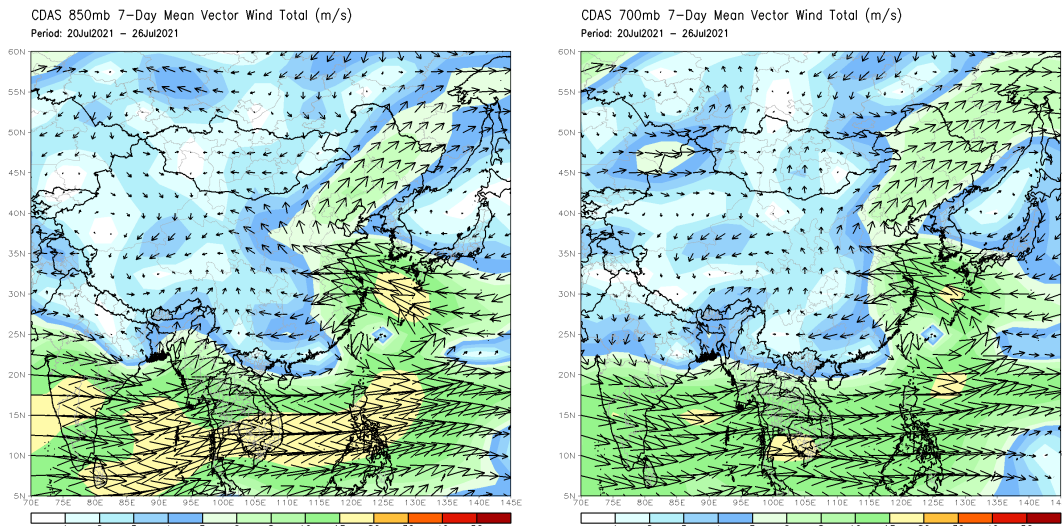
### Weekly Temperature Monitoring





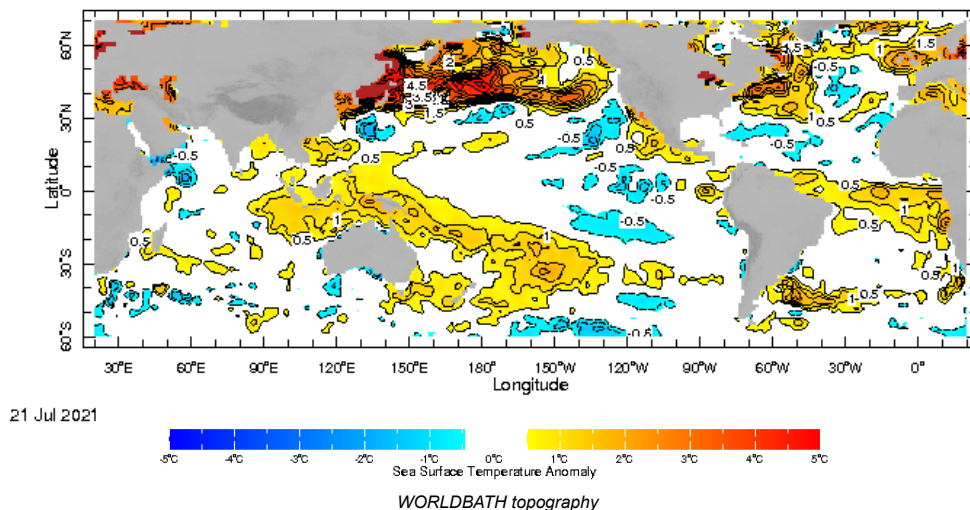
## Weekly Wind Monitoring

The following figures show the mean vector wind total of the past 7 days near Sri Lanka at two levels. The figure on the left shows 850 mb (~1500 m) level and the figure on the right shows 700 mb (~3000 m) level.

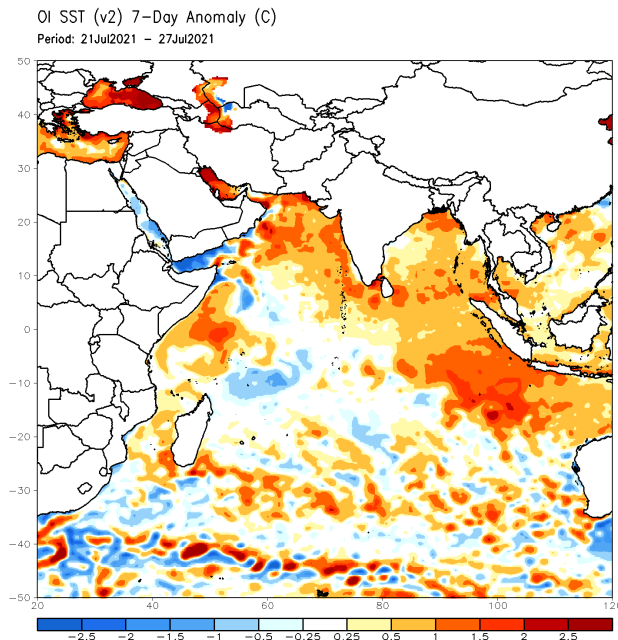


## Weekly Average SST Anomalies

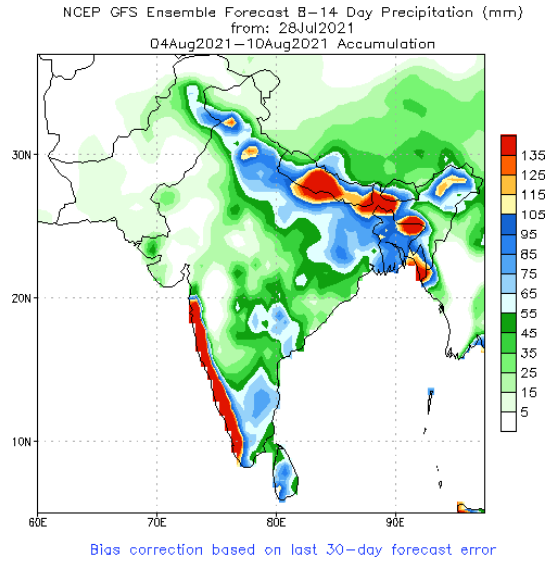
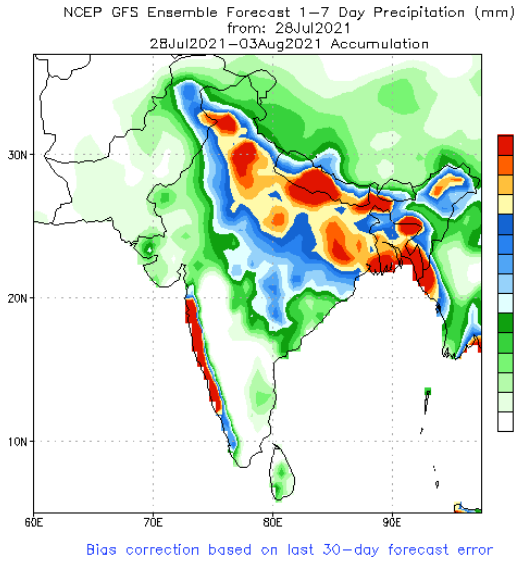
Weekly average Sea Surface Temperature (SST) anomaly in the world from NOAA NCEP



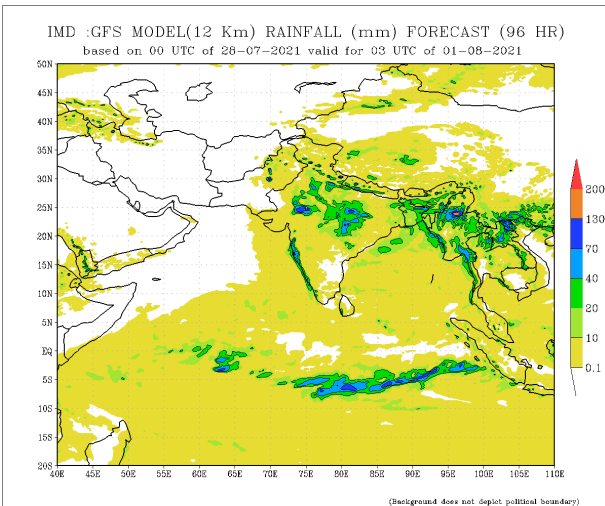
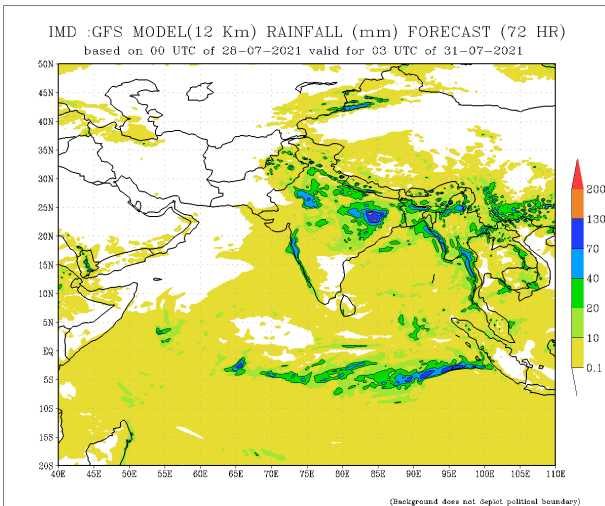
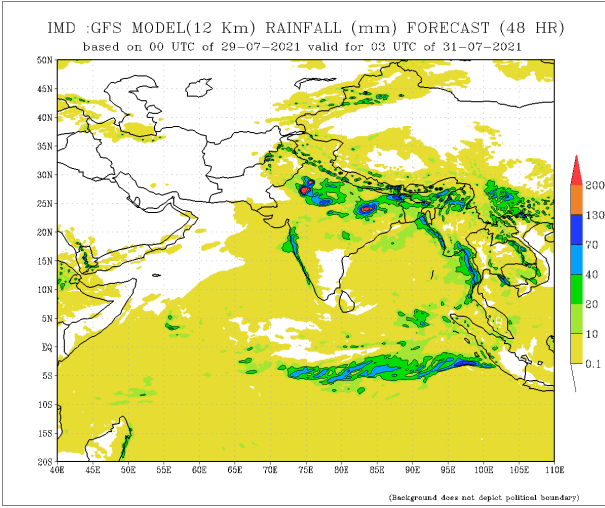
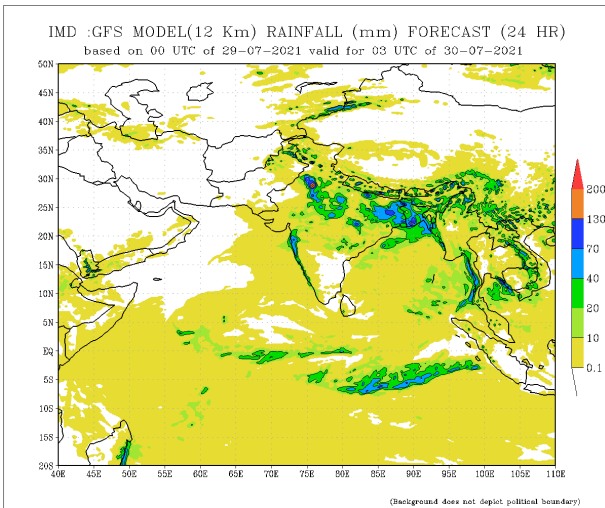
Optimum Interpolated Sea Surface Temperature Anomaly in the Indian Ocean from NOAA CPC

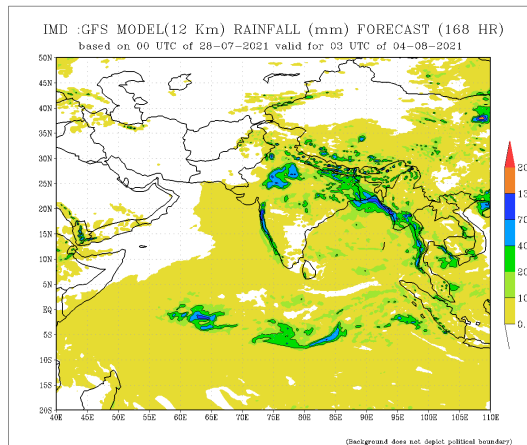
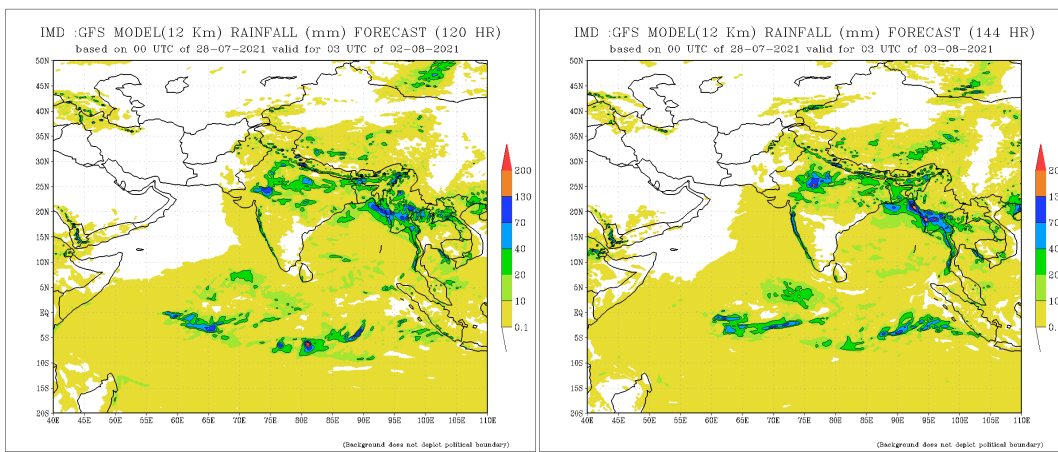


**NCEP GFS 1- 14 Day prediction**



**IMD GFS (T574) Model Rainfall Forecast from RMSC New Delhi, India**

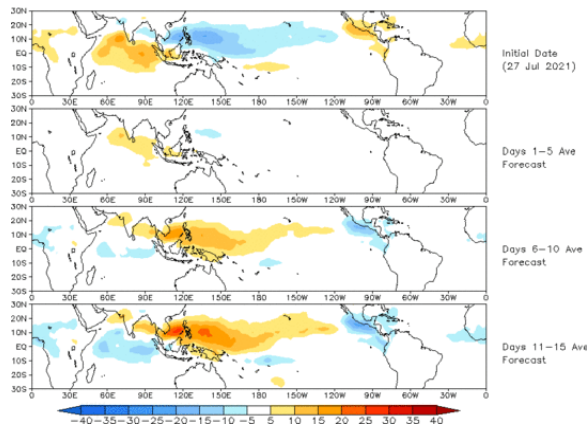




## Madden Julian Oscillation (MJO) related Outgoing Longwave Radiation (OLR) Forecast

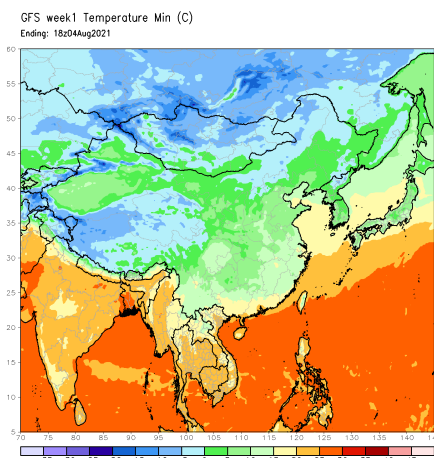
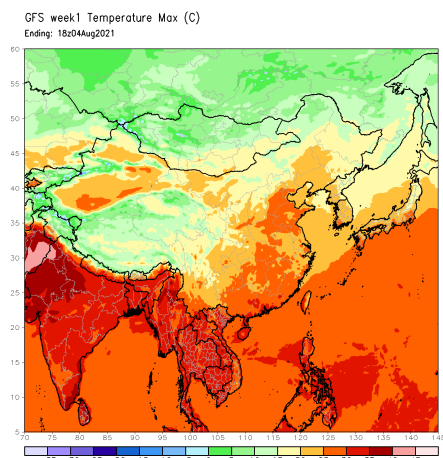
The Outgoing Longwave Radiation (OLR) is a proxy for rainfall. This can be used to identify convective rain clouds based on the MJO phase. Violet and Blue shading indicates enhanced tropical weather and Orange shading indicates suppressed conditions. The following figure shows the forecasts of MJO associated anomalous OLR for the next 15 days from the Constructed Analogue (CA) model forecasts.

OLR prediction of MJO-related anomalies using CA model reconstruction by RMM1 & RMM2 (27 Jul 2021)



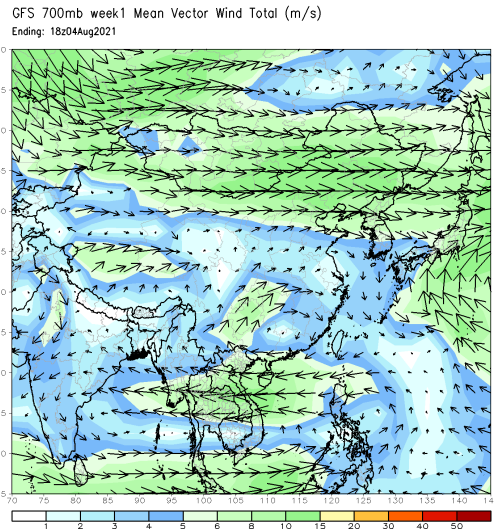
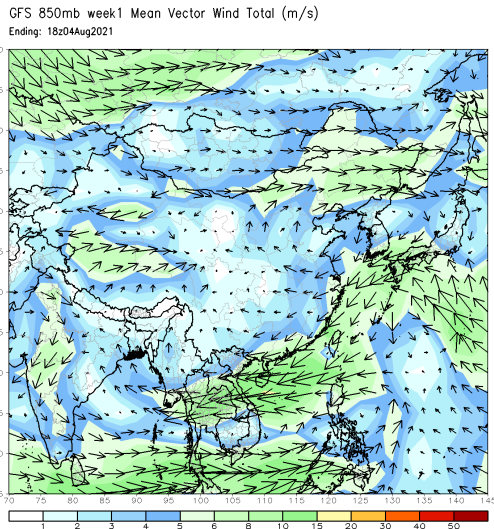
## Weekly Temperature Forecast

Weekly Minimum and Maximum Temperature prediction from the GFS model (from NOAA CPC)



# Weekly Wind Forecast

Weekly mean vector wind total prediction from the GFS model at 850 mb (left) and 700 mb (right) levels. (from NOAA CPC)

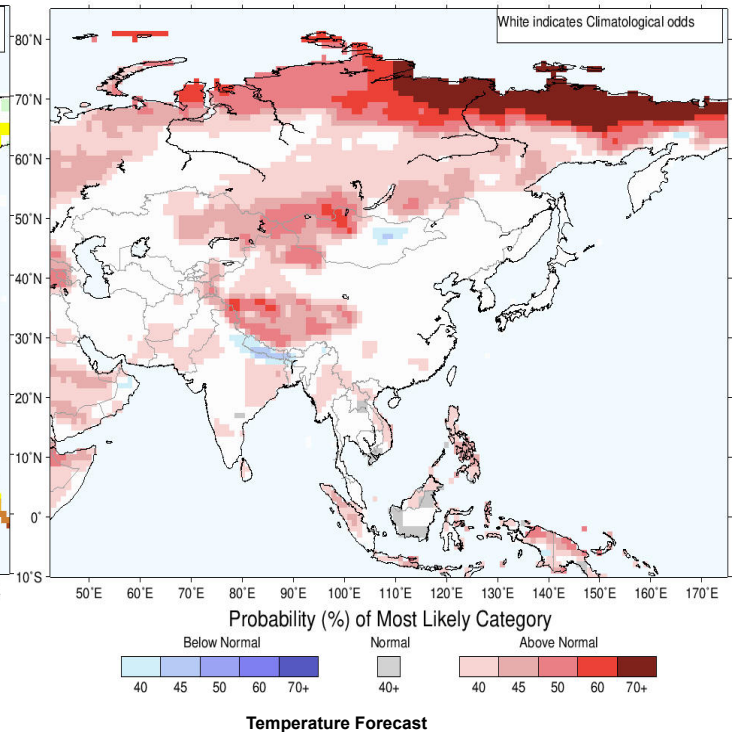
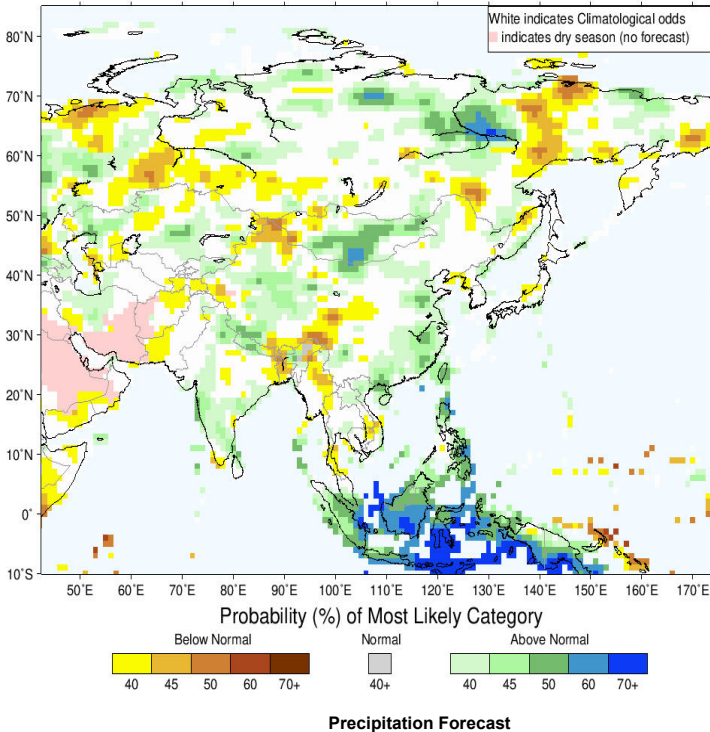


## Seasonal Rainfall and Temperature Forecast

Following is the latest seasonal precipitation and temperature prediction for the next 3 months by the IRI. The color shading indicates the probability of the most dominant tercile -- that is, the tercile having the highest forecast probability. The color bar alongside the map defines these dominant tercile probability levels. The upper side of the color bar shows the colors used for increasingly strong probabilities when the dominant tercile is the above-normal tercile, while the lower side shows likewise for the below-normal tercile. The gray color indicates an enhanced probability for the near-normal tercile (nearly always limited to 40%).

IRI Multi-Model Probability Forecast for Precipitation for August-September-October 2021, Issued July 2021

IRI Multi-Model Probability Forecast for Temperature for August-September-October 2021, Issued July 2021



Subscribe to our Monthly Maldives Newsletter

email address

Subscribe

Follow @climatek

Contact Us  
email: [fectsl@gmail.com](mailto:fectsl@gmail.com)  
phone: (+94) 81 2376746  
blog: [www.fectsl.blogspot.com](http://www.fectsl.blogspot.com)

Foundation for Environment, Climate & Technology  
C/O Mahaweli Authority of Sri Lanka,  
Digana Village,  
Rajawella,  
SRI LANKA