23 AUGUST 2024

CLIMATE MONITORING AND PREDICTION FOR SRI LANKA

HIGHLIGHTS



- During 21 27 Aug, high likelihood of Light Showers (<12.5 mm) is predicted for the whole SL.
- The middle atmospheric convergence at latitudes around Sri Lanka has the potential to bring rainfall to the SL.
- •According to the mediumrange weather forecast, the Eastern Province has a highly tendency of above normal rainfall due to these conditions.



- •On average, 10 mm was received in SL and rainfall was concentrated in the Western plains (16.2 mm) and hills (11.5 mm) for last 8 days.
- On average, 9.6 mm was received in the hydro catchments in SL; Kukule Ganga (Kalutara District) received the highest rainfall (125 mm) for last 8 days.
- •Highest daily rainfall was in Mullativu on 20 Aug (151 mm).

• From 13 A
19 Aug, w
at 850mb
(1.5km) w

Monitored

•From 13 Aug -19 Aug, winds at 850mb (1.5km) were northwesterly, reaching up to 15 m/s. & Land Temp

Monitored

•From 22 Aug - 28 Aug, winds are predicted to be westerly, reaching up to 15 m/s.

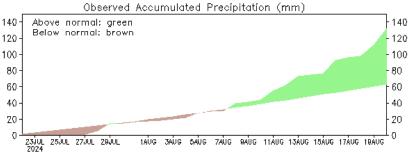


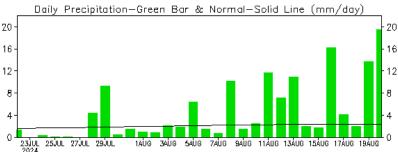
- •Average land surface temperature was 31.0°C in the last week with warmer anomalies from seasonal average of 1-3 °C and cooler anomalies from seasonal average of 1-3 °C.
- Eastern plains was warmest followed by Northern and Southern plains.
- •Sea surface temperature around Sri Lanka was 1.0 °C above average of the country

Monitoring

Rainfall

Daily Estimates for Accumulated Rainfall from 22 Jul - 20 Aug 2024





Data Source: CPC (Gauge-Based) Unified Precipitation (Climatology 1981-2010)
(updated on 00Z20AUG2024)

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Ocean State (Text Courtesy IRI)

Pacific sea state: August 21, 2024

ENSO-neutral conditions are present. Equatorial sea surface temperatures (SSTs) are above average in the western Pacific, near average in the east-central Pacific, and below average in the eastern Pacific Ocean. ENSO-neutral is expected to continue for the next several months, with La Niña favored to emerge during September-November (66% chance) and persist through the Northern Hemisphere winter 2024-25 (74% chance during November-January).

Indian Ocean State

Sea surface temperature around Sri Lanka was 1.0°C above average from 30 Jul to 5 Aug 2024.

Predictions

Rainfal

14-Day prediction: NCEP GFS models

From 21st August - 27th August:

Total rainfall by Provinces

Rainfall (mm)	Provinces
	Northern, Southern, Sabaragamuwa,
≤10	Western, Uva, Central,
	North Western, North Central, Eastern

From 28th August - 3rd September:

Total rainfall by Provinces

Rainfall (mm)	Provinces
~ 2F	Northern, Southern, Sabaragamuwa,
≤25	Western, Uva, Central, North Western, North Central, Eastern

MJO-based OLR predictions

For the next 15 days:

MJO shall slightly enhance the rainfall during 21st – 30th August and near neutral the rainfall during 31st August – 4th September for Sri Lanka.

Interpretation

Monitoring

Rainfall: During the last two weeks, there has been fairly heavy rainfall over the following area: Palugaswewa Estate (Puttlam)

Daily Average Rainfall in the Met stations for the previous week of (15 - 21 Aug) = 6.6 mm Maximum Daily Rainfall: 96.4 mm & Minimum Daily Rainfall: 0.0 mm.

Docina	Average rainfall for 15 -	Average temperature for 15 - 21 Aug (ºC)	
Region	21 Aug (mm)	Maximum	Minimum
Northern plains	8.5	32.3	25.1
Eastern hills	10.2	29.1	24.0
Eastern plains	7.3	32.7	23.1
Western hills	11.5	27.7	23.7
Western plains	16.2	30.1	24.5
Southern plains	9.5	30.9	26.1

Pagion	Average rainfall for	Daily maximum rainfall	Daily minimum rainfall
Region	15 - 21 Aug (mm)	for 15 - 21 Aug (mm)	for 15 - 21 Aug (mm)
All SL	10.3	151.1	0.0
Hydro catchment	9.6	125.0	0.0

Wind: North Westerly winds prevailed in the sea area and around the island last week.

Temperatures: The temperature anomalies were above normal for some parts of the Central and Sabaragamuwa province and below normal for some parts of the Eastern province for Sri Lanka driven by the warm SSTs.

Predictions -

Rainfall: During the next week (21 - 27 Aug), Light Showers (<12.5 mm) is predicted for the whole SL.

Temperatures: The temperature will remain above normal for the Northern and Eastern provinces during 22 August - 28 August.

Teleconnections: MJO shall slightly enhance the rainfall during 21st – 30th August and near neutral the rainfall during 31st August – 4th September for Sri Lanka.

Seasonal Precipitation: The precipitation forecast for the September-October-November, 2024 season shows a 40% or more tendency toward normal precipitation for the country.

Terminology for Rainfall Ranges

	Rainfall
Light Showers	Less than 12.5 mm
Light to Moderate	Between 12.5 mm and 25 mm
Moderate	Between 25 mm and 50 mm
Fairly Heavy	Between 50 mm and 100 mm
Heavy	Between 100 mm and 150 mm
Very Heavy	More than 150 mm

Tropical Climate Guarantee, Federation of Environment, Climate and Technology, Columbia University Water Center, ¹ International Research Institute for Climate and Society, Earth Institute at Columbia University, New York.



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Weekly Climate Bulletin for Sri Lanka

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2. Predictions

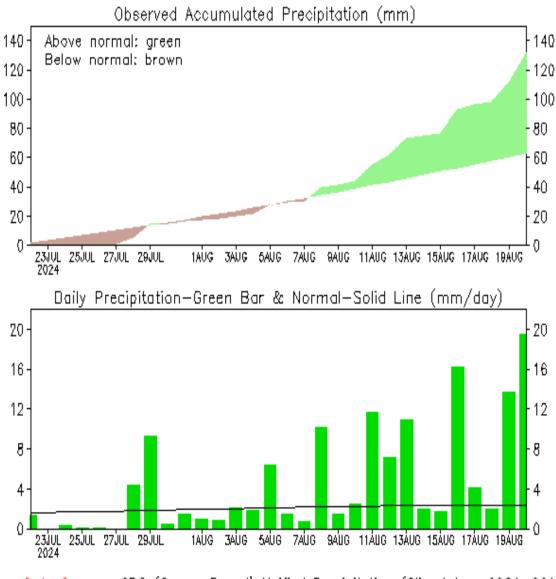
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MONITORING

Daily Rainfall Monitoring

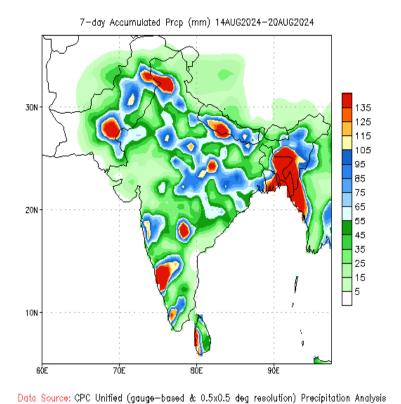
The following figure shows the observed accumulated rainfall (top) and daily observed rainfall (bottom) in Sri Lanka in the last 30 days.

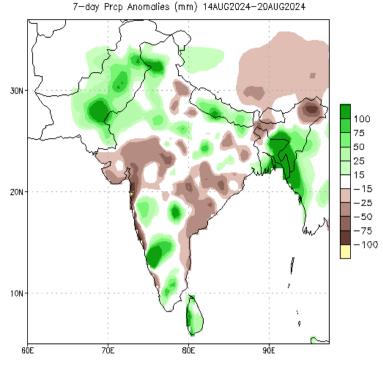




Data Source: CPC (Gauge-Based) Unified Precipitation (Climatology 1981-2010) (updated on 00Z20AUG2024)

The following figures show the total satellite observed rainfall in the last week in Sri Lanka. The figure in the left is the total 7-day rainfall from NOAA Climate Prediction Center (CPC) Unified Precipitation Analysis and the figure in the right is the total 7-day rainfall from CPC RFE 2.0 Satellite Rainfall Estimates. The bottom two figures are the respective anomalies.

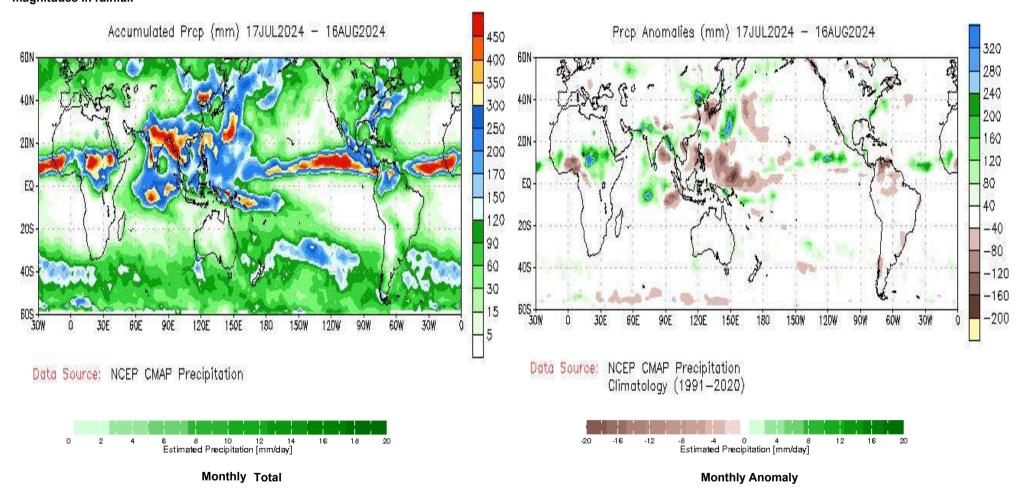




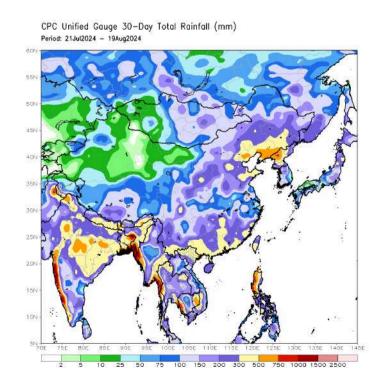
Data Source: CPC Unified (gauge—based & 0.5x0.5 deg resolution) Precipitation Analysis Climatology (1991—2020)

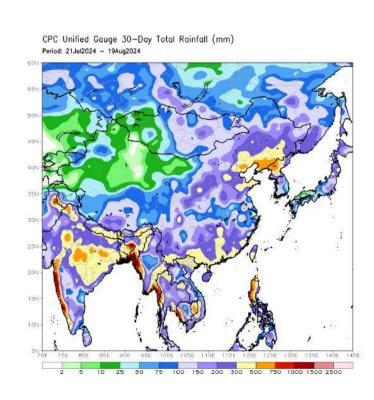
Monthly Rainfall Monitoring

The figure in the left shows the total observed rainfall in the previous month. The rainfall anomaly in the previous month is shown in the figure to the right. The brown color in the anomaly figure shows places which received less rainfall than the historical average while the green color shows places with above average rainfall. Darker shades show higher magnitudes in rainfall

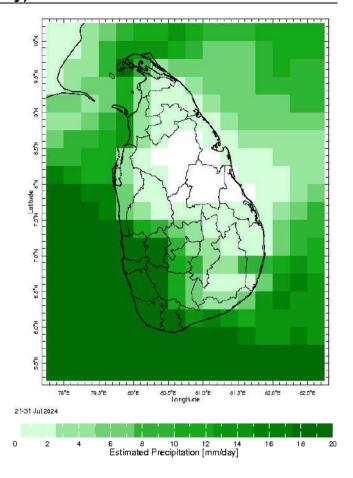


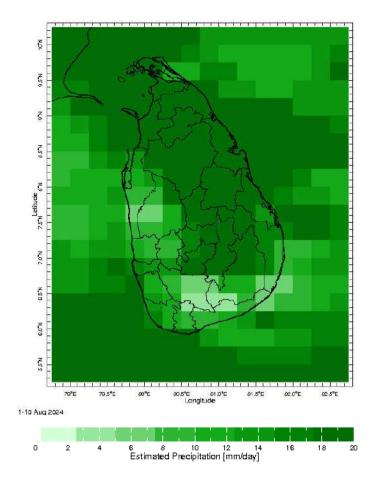
The figure in the top-left shows the total rainfall in the past 30 days from CPC Unified Precipitation Analysis while the figure in the top-right shows the total rainfall for the same period from RFE 2.0 Satellite Rainfall Estimates. The bottom two figures show the percentage of rainfall received in the past 30 days compared to normal rainfall in this period.



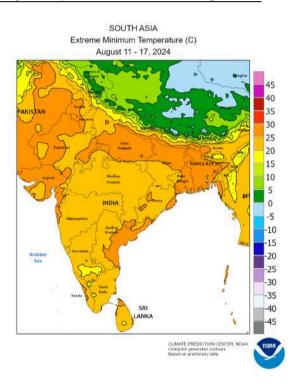


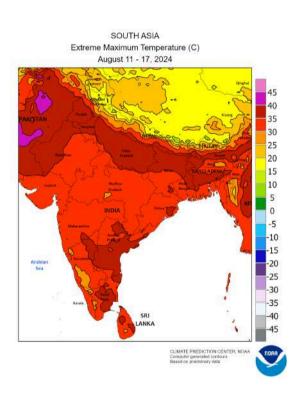
Dekadal (10 Day) Satellite Derived Rainfall Estimates

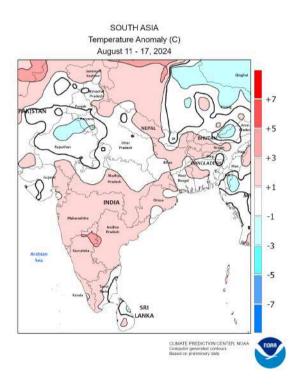




Weekly Temperature Monitoring

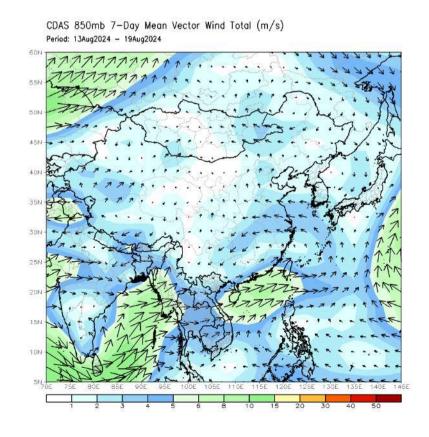


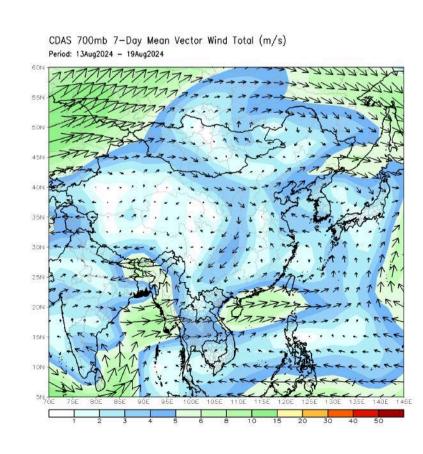




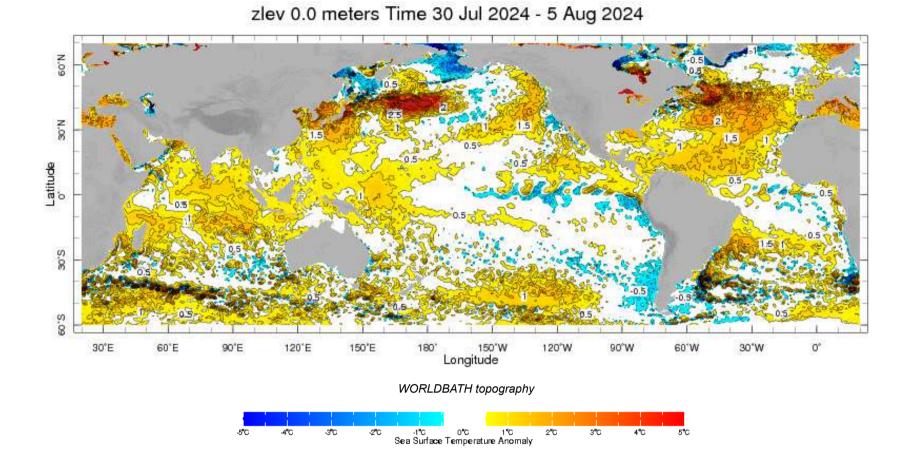
Weekly Wind Monitoring

The following figures show the mean vector wind total of the past 7 days near Sri Lanka at two levels. The figure on the left shows 850 mb (~1500 m) level and the figure on the right shows 700 mb (~3000 m) level.

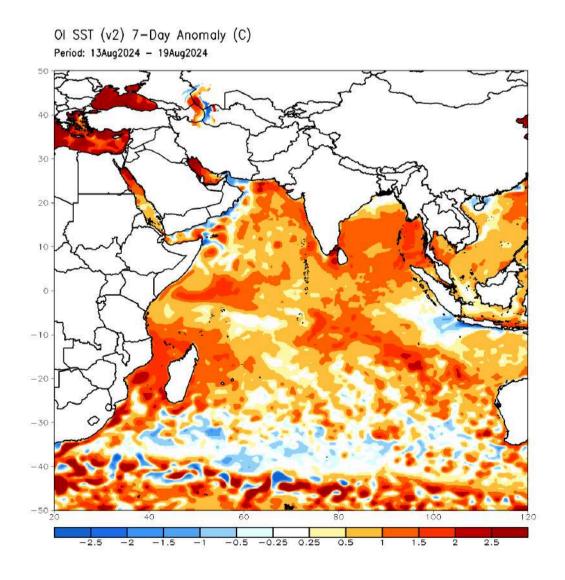




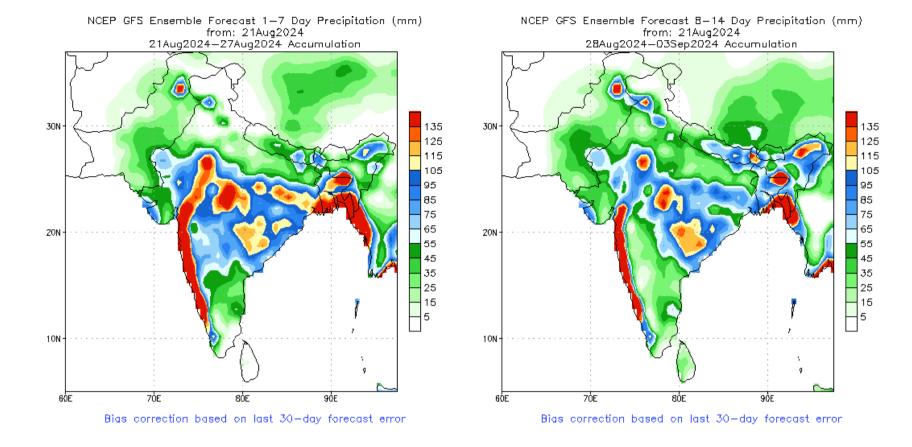
Weekly average Sea Surface Temperature (SST) anomaly in the world from NOAA NCEP



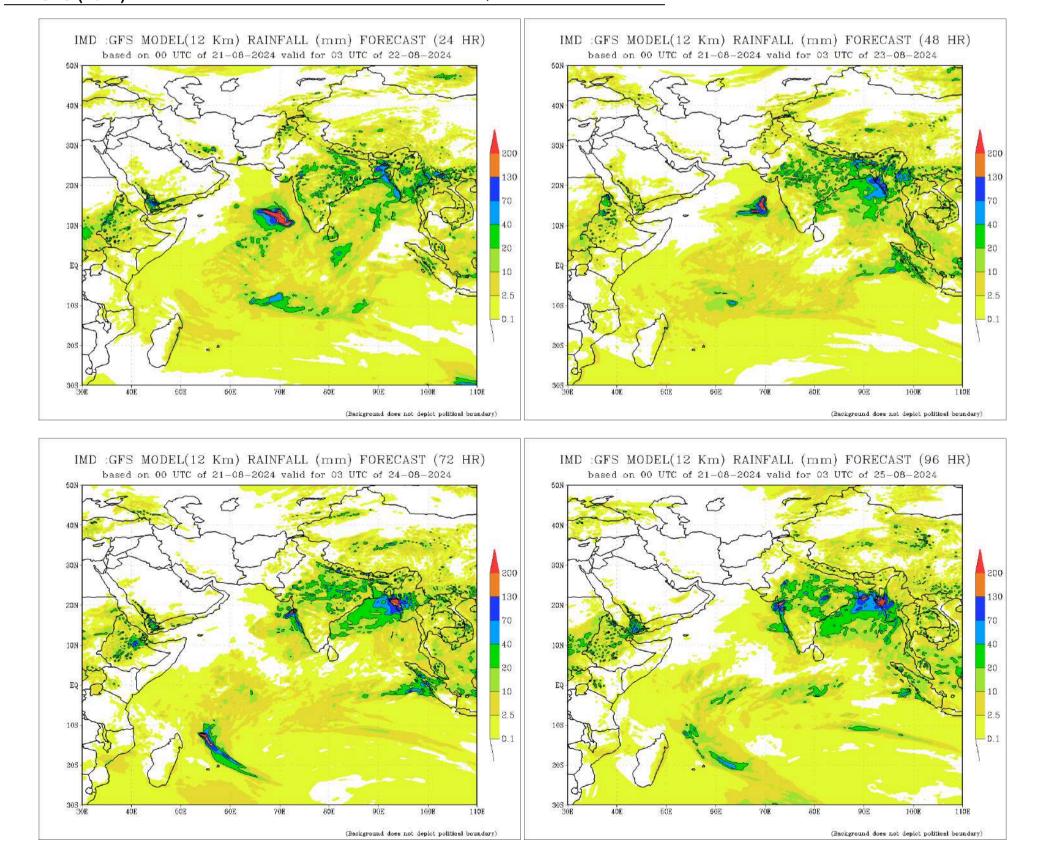
Optimum Interpolated Sea Surface Temperature Anomaly in the Indian Ocean from NOAA CPC

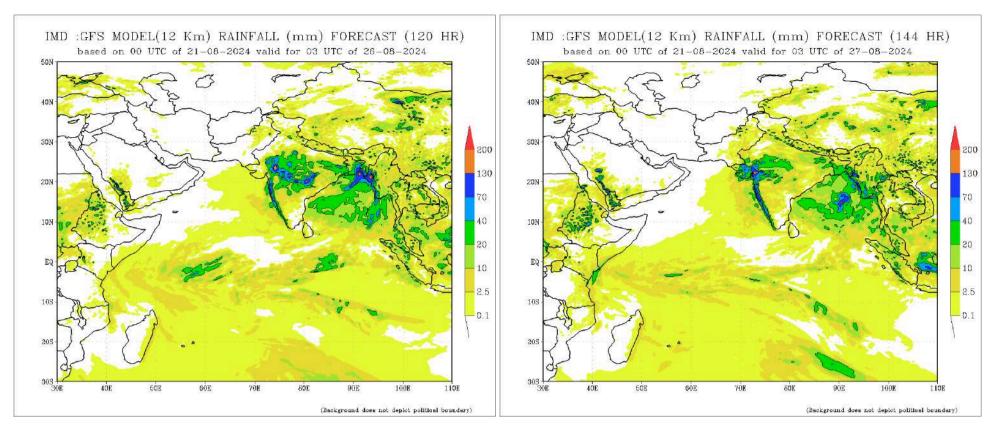


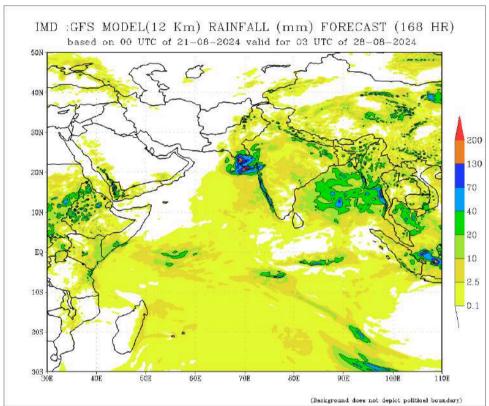
NCEP GFS 1-14 Day prediction



IMD GFS (T574) Model Rainfall Forecast from RMSC New Delhi, India

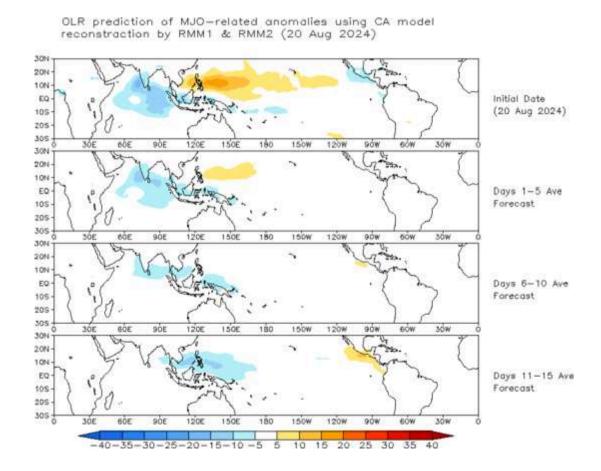




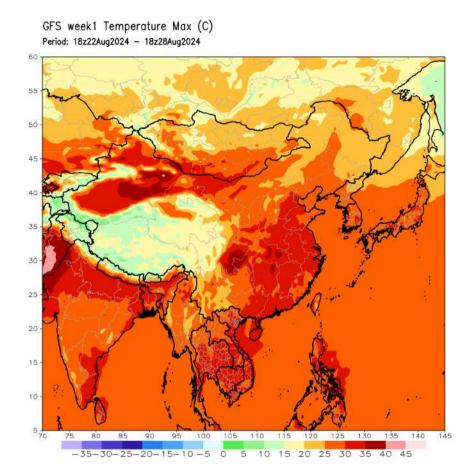


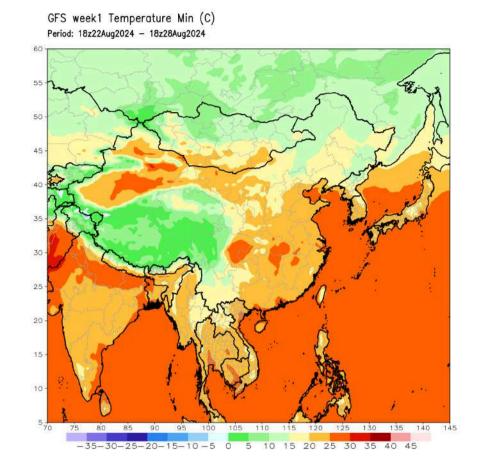
Madden Julian Oscillation (MJO) related Outgoing Longwave Radiation (OLR) Forecast

The Outgoing Longwave Radiation (OLR) is a proxy for rainfall. This can be used to identify convective rain clouds based on the MJO phase. Violet and Blue shading indicates enhanced tropical weather and Orange shading indicates suppressed conditions. The following figure shows the forecasts of MJO associated anomolous OLR for the next 15 days from the Constructed Analogue (CA) model forecasts.



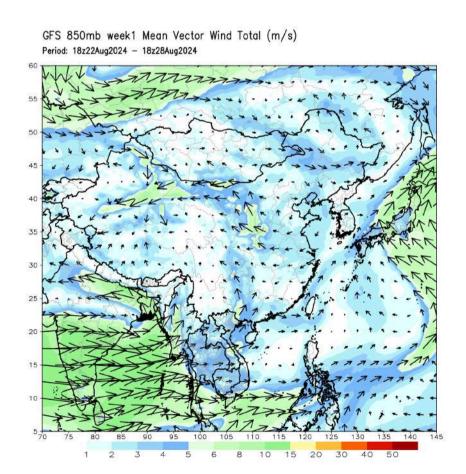
Weekly Minimum and Maximum Temperature prediction from the GFS model (from NOAA CPC)

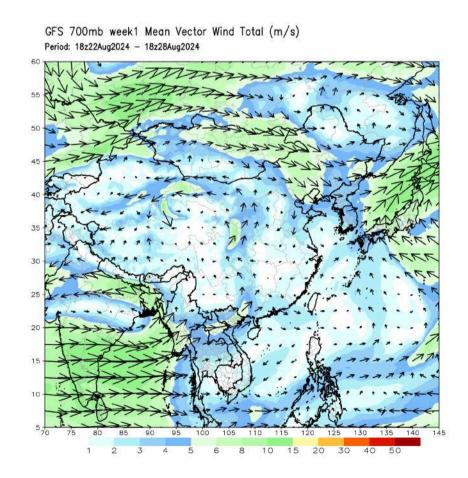




Weekly Wind Forecast

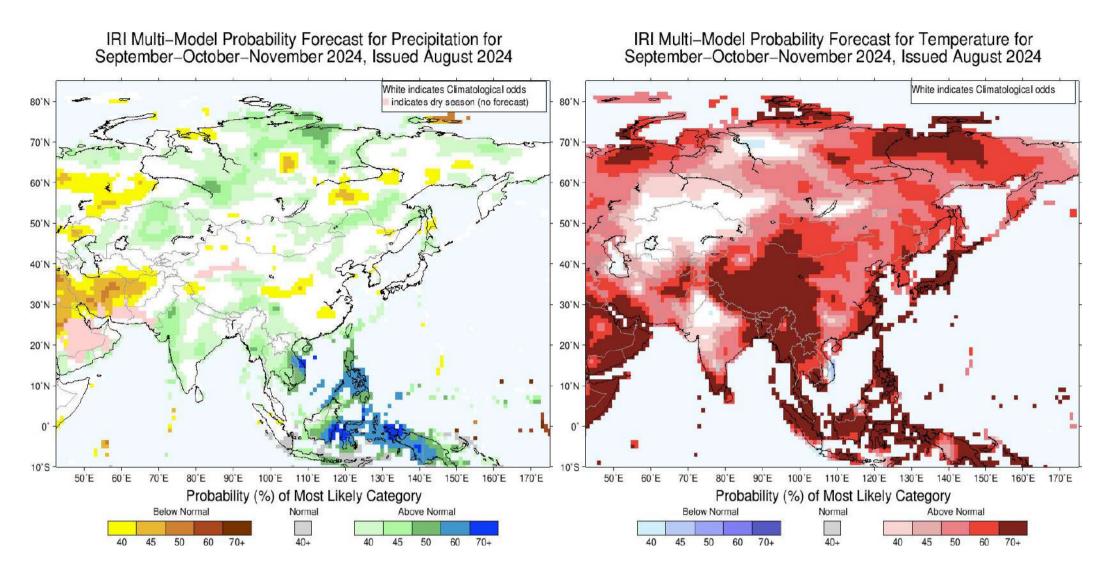
Weekly mean vector wind total prediction from the GFS model at 850 mb (left) and 700 mb (right) levels. (from NOAA CPC)





Seasonal Rainfall and Temperature Forecast

Following is the latest seasonal precipitation and temperature prediction for the next 3 months by the IRI. The color shading indicates the probability of the most dominant tercile -- that is, the tercile having the highest forecast probability. The color bar alongside the map defines these dominant tercile probability levels. The upper side of the color bar shows the colors used for increasingly strong probabilities when the dominant tercile is the above-normal tercile, while the lower side shows likewise for the below-normal tercile. The gray color indicates an enhanced probability for the near-normal tercile (nearly always limited to 40%).



Precipitation Forecast Temperature Forecast

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FECT is a federation of 7 organizations registered in four countries which works in countries across the Indian Ocean Islands and its littoral. Over the last 20years, we have had operations in Africa, South Asia, South-East Asia but now it is mostly in the IndianOcean Islands.

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