## Rainfall Prediction <br> - High likelihood of moderate rainfall (25-50 mm ) is predicted for the Eastern, Northern, Southern, Uva provinces and less rainfall ( $\leq 15 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) is predicted for the rest during 21-27 Feb.



## ри!м рәұ!раля я ралоч!иош <br> - Winds at 850 mb (1.5 km) were north easterly from 12 18 Feb reaching up to $10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. <br> - Winds at 850mb <br> (1.5 km) are predicted north easterly from 22 28 Feb reaching up to $4 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$.

Monitored Sea \& Land Temp


## Monitoring

Rainfall
Daily Estimates for Rainfall from 12 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ February - 19 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ February 2024


12 February


16 February


13 February


17 February


14 February


18 February


15 February


19 February


Federation for
Environment, Climate
\& Technology

## Federation for Environment, Climate and Technology

c/o, Maintenance Office, Mahaweli Authority, Digana Village, Rajawella, Sri Lanka. Phone (+94) 81-2376746, (+94) 81-2300415
Web Site: www.fect.lk E mail: info@fect.Ik LI: www.linkedin.com/in/fectlk FB: www.facebook.com/fectlk TW: www.twitter.com/fectlk

## Ocean State (Text Courtesy IRI)

## Pacific sea state: February 19, 2024

The SST Anomalies for the NINO3.4 region shows a $+1.7^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ on the week ending $19^{\text {th }}$ Feb - thus a moderate-strong El Nino is sustained. Consensus of models predict a continuation of the El Niño event until May 2024 before weakening thereafter.

## Indian Ocean State

Sea surface temperature around Sri Lanka was $1.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above normal to the country in $30^{\text {th }}$ January $-5^{\text {th }}$ February 2024. A positive Dipole Mode has set in across the Indian Ocean since $8^{\text {th }}$ of June.

## Predictions

## Rainfall

## 14 Day prediction: NCEP GFS models

From 21 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ February - 27 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ February:
Total rainfall by Provinces:

| Rainfall (mm) | Provinces |
| :---: | :--- |
| 35 | Eastern |
| 25 | Northern, Southern, Uva |
| $\leq 15$ | Sabaragamuwa, Central, Western, North Central, North Western |

## From 28 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ February - $5^{\text {th }}$ March:

Total rainfall by Provinces:

| Rainfall $(\mathrm{mm})$ | Provinces |
| :---: | :--- |
| 55 | Eastern |
| 45 | Southern, Uva, Central |
| 35 | Sabaragamuwa, Western, North Western, Northern |
| $\leq 25$ | North Central |

## MJO based OLR predictions

## For the next 15 days:

MJO shall near neutral the rainfall during $21^{\text {st }}-25^{\text {th }}$ February, slightly enhance the rainfall during $26^{\text {th }}$ February - $1^{\text {st }}$ March, and moderately enhance the rainfall during $2^{\text {nd }}-6^{\text {th }}$ March for Sri Lanka.

## Interpretation

## Monitoring

Rainfall: During the last two weeks, there had been moderate rainfall over the following areas: Bowatenna, Nuwara Eliya.

Daily Average Rainfall in the Met stations for previous week of ( $13^{\text {th }}$ February - $20^{\text {th }}$ February) $=0.6 \mathrm{~mm}$ Maximum Daily Rainfall: 10.2 mm \& Minimum Daily Rainfall: 0.0 mm .

| Region | Average rainfall for last | Average temperature for last 8 days ( ${ }^{\mathbf{}} \mathbf{C}$ ) |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 8 days (mm) | Maximum | Minimum |
| Northern plains | 0.0 | 32.2 | 24.2 |
| Eastern hills | 0.7 | 25.9 | 17.8 |
| Eastern plains | 1.0 | 31.4 | 24.8 |
| Western hills | 1.1 | 28.3 | 18.9 |
| Western plains | 0.5 | 33.9 | 24.9 |
| Southern plains | 0.9 | 33.4 | 24.6 |


| Region | Average rainfall for <br> last 8 days (mm) | Daily maximum rainfall <br> for last 8 days (mm) | Daily minimum rainfall <br> for last 8 days (mm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hydro catchment | 2.1 | 43.2 | 0.0 |

Wind: North easterly winds prevailed in the sea area and around the island last week.
Temperatures: The temperature anomalies were above normal for some parts of the Southern, Western, Sabaragamuwa, North Western, Eastern, Central, and Northern provinces of the country driven by the warm SST's.

## Predictions

Rainfall: During the next week ( $21^{\text {st }}$ February $-27^{\text {th }}$ February), moderate rainfall is predicted for the Eastern, Northern, Southern, and Uva provinces and less rainfall is predicted for the rest.
Temperatures: The temperature will remain above normal for some parts of the North Western, Western, Southern, Northern, North Central, Uva, and Eastern provinces during $22^{\text {nd }}-28^{\text {th }}$ February. Teleconnections: A positive Dipole Mode has set in across the Indian Ocean since $8^{\text {th }}$ of June. MJO shall near neutral the rainfall during $21^{\text {st }}-25^{\text {th }}$ February, slightly enhance the rainfall during $26^{\text {th }}$ February - $1^{\text {st }}$ March, and moderately enhance the rainfall during $2^{\text {nd }}-6^{\text {th }}$ March for Sri Lanka.
Seasonal Precipitation: The precipitation forecast for the March-April-May, 2024 season shows a $40 \%$ tendency toward above normal precipitation for the southern half of the country.

## Terminology for Rainfall Ranges

|  | Rainfall |
| :--- | :--- |
| Light Showers | Less than 12.5 mm |
| Light to Moderate | Between 12.5 mm and 25 mm |
| Moderate | Between 25 mm and 50 mm |
| Fairly Heavy | Between 50 mm and 100 mm |
| Heavy | Between 100 mm and 150 mm |
| Very Heavy | More than 150 mm |

Tropical Climate Guarantee, Federation of Environment, Climate and Technology, Columbia University Water Center, International Research Institute for Climate and Society, Earth Institute at Columbia University, New York.

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## Weekly Climate Bulletin for Sri Lanka

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## MONITORING

## Daily Rainfall Monitoring

## The following figures show the satellite observed rainfall in the last 7 days in Sri Lanka.



## Weekly Rainfall Monitoring





Doto Source: CPC Unified (gauge-based \& $0.5 \times 0.5$ deg resolution) Precipitation Anolysis


Data Source: CPC Unified (gouge-based \& $0.5 \times 0.5$ deg resolution) Precipitation Anolysis Climatology (1991-2020)

## Monthly Rainfall Monitoring


 magnitudes in rainfall

 from RFE 2.0 Satellite Rainfall Estimates. The bottom two figures show the percentage of rainfall received in the past 30 days compared to normal rainfall in this period.


Sri-Lonkg



Data Source: CPC (Gauge-Based) Unified Precipitation (Climatology 1981-2010)

## Dekadal (10 Day) Satellite Derived Rainfall Estimates



## Weekly Temperature Monitoring



## Weekly Wind Monitoring

 shows $700 \mathrm{mb}(\sim 3000 \mathrm{~m})$ level.


## Weekly Average SST Anomalies

Weekly average Sea Surface Temperature (SST) anomaly in the world from NOAA NCEP


Optimum Interpolated Sea Surface Temperature Anomaly in the Indian Ocean from NOAA CPC


## NCEP GFS 1-14 Day prediction



Bias correction based on last 30 -day forecast error


IMD GFS (T574) Model Rainfall Forecast from RMSC New Delhi, India



Madden Julian Oscillation (MJO) related Outgoing Longwave Radiation (OLR) Forecast

 Constructed Analogue (CA) model forecasts.

> OLR prediction of MJO-related anomalies using CA model reconstraction by RMM1 \& RMM2 ( 20 Feb 2024 )



## Weekly Wind Forecast

## Weekly mean vector wind total prediction from the GFS model at 850 mb (left) and 700 mb (right) levels. (from NOAA CPC)



GFS 700 mb week1 Mean Vector Wind Total ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$ ) Period: 18z22Feb2024-18z28Feb2024



 indicates an enhanced probability for the near-normal tercile (nearly always limited to 40\%).

IRI Multi-Model Probability Forecast for Precipitation for March-April-May 2024, Issued February 2024


IRI Multi-Model Probability Forecast for Temperature for March-April-May 2024, Issued February 2024


Temperature Forecast


