22 SEPTEMBER 2023

CLIMATE MONITORING AND PREDICTION FOR SRI LANKA

HIGHLIGHTS

Wind

Monitored & Predicted

Rainfall Prediction

Heavy rainfall (≥ 115 mm) is predicted for the Sabaragamuwa, Southern, Western provinces and fairly heavy rainfall (≥ 65 mm) is predicted for the Uva, Central, North Western provinces during 21 - 27 Sep.

Monitored Rainfalls



- During the last week, average daily rainfall over Sri Lanka was 21.1 mm and hydro catchment areas received 6.7 mm.
 Highest average
- •Highest average rainfall of 17.9 mm/day received Western plains.



- •From 12 18 Sep, up to 15 m/s of west-southwesterly winds were at 850 mb (1.5 km).
- •During 22 28 Sep, up to 10 m/s of northwestsouthwesterly winds are expected at 850 mb (1.5 km).



•Sea surface temperature around Sri Lanka was 0.25 -1.5°C above normal.

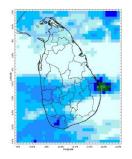
Monitored Sea & Land Temp

•From 13 - 20 Sep, maximum daily temperature was recorded in Polonnaruwa (38.3°C) and Mullaitivu (37.0°C).

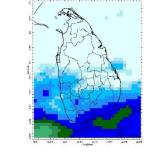
Monitoring

Rainfall

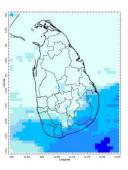
Daily Estimates for Rainfall from 13th September - 20th September 2023



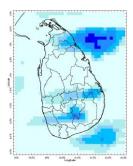
13 September



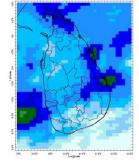
14 September



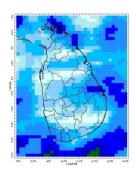
15 September



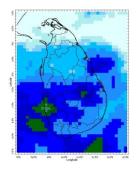
16 September



17 September

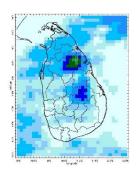


18 September



19 September

80 100 120 140 160 180 Estimated Precipitation [mm/day]



20 September



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Ocean State (Text Courtesy IRI)

Pacific sea state: September 18, 2023

El Nino Mode has set in according to NOAA since 8th of June. Equatorial sea surface temperatures (SSTs) are above average across the central and eastern Pacific Ocean mid-September. El Niño conditions will continue through the Northern Hemisphere winter (with greater than a 95% chance through January - March 2024).

Indian Ocean State

Sea surface temperature around Sri Lanka was 0.5 °C above normal to the Western, Southern, and Northern half of the country in 29th August - 4th September, 2023. A positive Dipole Mode has set in across the Indian Ocean since 8th of June.

Predictions

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14 - day prediction: NOAA NCEP models

From 21st September - 27th September:

Total rainfall by Provinces:

Rainfall (mm)	Provinces
125	Southern, Sabaragamuwa
115	Western
85	Uva, Central
65	North Western
45	Eastern
25	North Central
≤ 15	Northern

From 28th September - 4th October:

Total rainfall by Provinces:

Rainfall (mm)	Provinces
≥ 135	Southern, Sabaragamuwa, Western
105	Uva, Central
85	North Western
65	Eastern
25	North Central
≤ 15	Northern

MJO based OLR predictions

For the next 15 days:

MJO shall near neutral the rainfall during 21st September - 5th October for Sri Lanka.

Interpretation

Monitoring –

Rainfall: During the last two weeks, there had been very heavy rainfall over the following area: Galle

Daily Average Rainfall in the Met stations for previous week of (13th September - 20th September) = 21.1 mm

Maximum Daily Rainfall: 95.0 mm & Minimum Daily Rainfall: 0.0 mm.

Pagion	Average rainfall for last	Average temperature for last 8 days (°C	
Region	8 days (mm)	Maximum	Minimum
Northern plains	2.4	32.9	25.6
Eastern hills	10.4	27.6	19.1
Eastern plains	3.6	34.0	24.9
Western hills	8.4	27.5	19.3
Western plains	17.9	30.4	24.9
Southern plains	14.2	30.2	24.3

Region	Average rainfall for last 8 days (mm)	Daily maximum rainfall for last 8 days (mm)	Daily minimum rainfall for last 8 days (mm)
Hydro catchment	6.7	53.0	0.0

Wind: West-southwesterly winds prevailed in the sea area and around the island last week.

Temperatures: The temperature anomalies were above normal for some parts of the Northern and Uva provinces of the country driven by the warm SST's.

Predictions -

Rainfall: During the next week (21st September - 27th September), heavy rainfall (≥ 115 mm) is predicted for the Southern, Sabaragamuwa, and Western provinces and fairly heavy rainfall (≥ 65 mm) is predicted for the Uva, Central, and North Western provinces and less rainfall is predicted for the rest of the country.

Temperatures: The temperature will remain above normal for some parts of the Eastern, Northern, North Central, and Uva provinces and below normal for some parts of the Central province during 22nd September - 28th September.

Teleconnections: A positive Dipole Mode has set in across the Indian Ocean since 8th of June.

MJO shall near neutral the rainfall during 21st September - 5th October for Sri Lanka.

Seasonal Precipitation: The precipitation forecast for the October-November-December, 2023 season shows a 50 - 60% tendency toward above normal precipitation for the country.

Terminology for Rainfall Ranges

	Rainfall (During 24 hours of period)
Light Showers	Less than 12.5 mm
Light to Moderate	Between 12.5 mm and 25 mm
Moderate	Between 25 mm and 50 mm
Fairly Heavy	Between 50 mm and 100 mm
Heavy	Between 100 mm and 150 mm
Very Heavy	More than 150 mm

Tropical Climate Guarantee, Federation of Environment, Climate and Technology, Columbia University Water Center, ¹ International Research Institute for Climate and Society, , Earth Institute at Columbia University, New York.













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Weekly Climate Bulletin for Sri Lanka

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 a NCEP GES Ensemble 1-14 day Rainfall Predictions

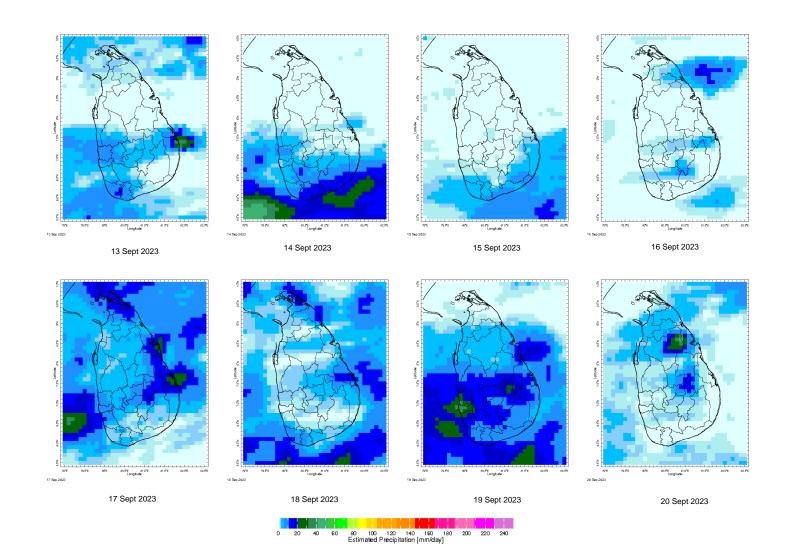
- a. NCEP GFS Ensemble 1-14 day Rainfall Predictions
 b. GFS (T574) Model Rainfall Forecast from RMSC New Delhi
 c. MJO Related OLR Forecast
 d. Weekly Temperature Forecast
 e. Weekly Wind Forecast

- Seasonal Predictions from IRI

MONITORING

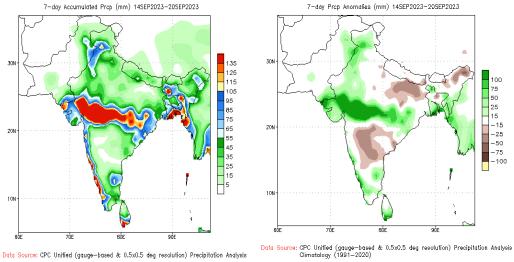
Daily Rainfall Monitoring

The following figures show the satellite observed rainfall in the last 7 days in Sri Lanka.



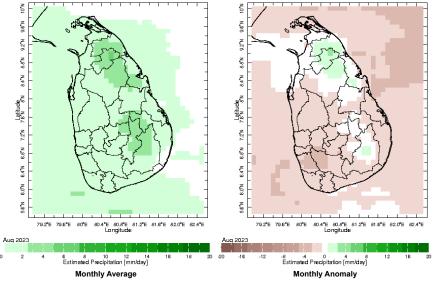
Weekly Rainfall Monitoring

The following figures show the total satellite observed rainfall in the last week in Sri Lanka. The figure in the left is the total 7-day rainfall from NOAA Climate Prediction Center (CPC) Unified Precipitation Analysis and the figure in the right is the total 7-day rainfall from CPC RFE 2.0 Satellite Rainfall Estimates. The bottom two figures are the respective anomalies.

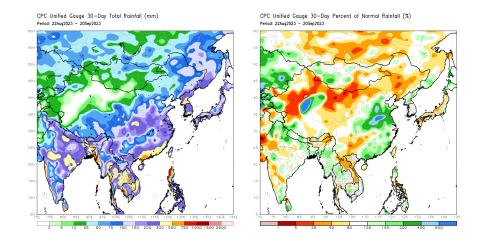


Monthly Rainfall Monitoring

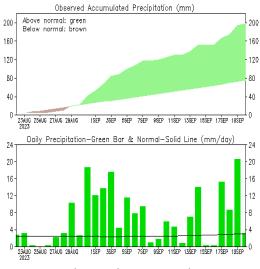
The figure in the left shows the average observed rainfall in the previous month. The rainfall anomaly in the previous month is shown in the figure to the right. The brown color in the anomaly figure shows places which received less rainfall than the historical average while the green color shows places with above average rainfall. Darker shades show higher magnitudes in rainfall



The figure in the top-left shows the total rainfall in the past 30 days from CPC Unified Precipitation Analysis while the figure in the top-right shows the total rainfall for the same period from RFE 2.0 Satellite Rainfall Estimates. The bottom two figures show the percentage of rainfall received in the past 30 days compared to normal rainfall in this period.



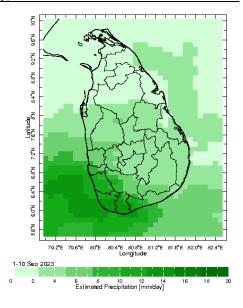


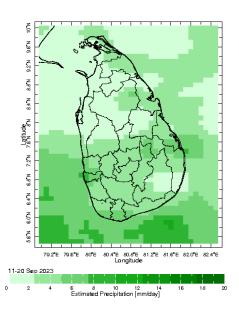


Data Source: CPC (Gauge-Based) Unified Precipitation (Climatology 1981-2010)

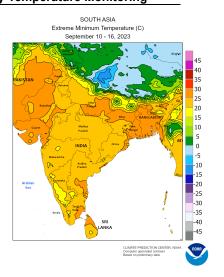
(updated on OOZ20SEP2023)

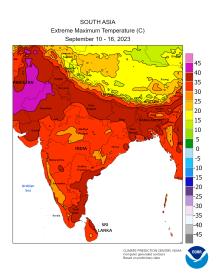
Dekadal (10 Day) Satellite Derived Rainfall Estimates

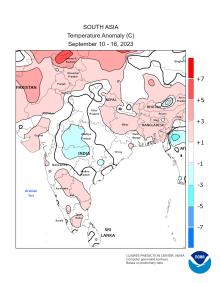




Weekly Temperature Monitoring

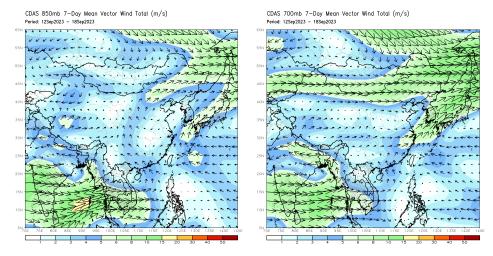






Weekly Wind Monitoring

The following figures show the mean vector wind total of the past 7 days near Sri Lanka at two levels. The figure on the left shows 850 mb (~1500 m) level and the figure on the right shows 700 mb (~3000 m) level.

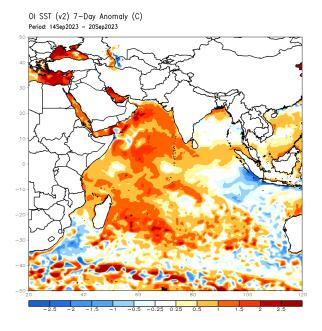


Weekly Average SST Anomalies

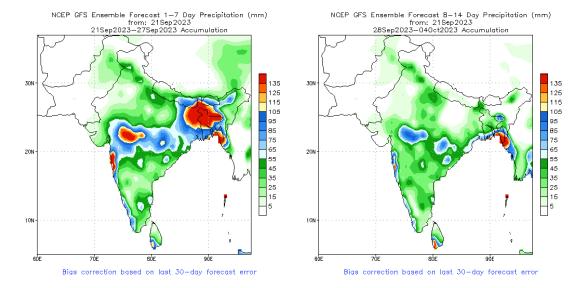
Weekly average Sea Surface Temperature (SST) anomaly in the world from NOAA NCEP

zlev 0.0 meters Time 29 Aug 2023 - 4 Sep 2023

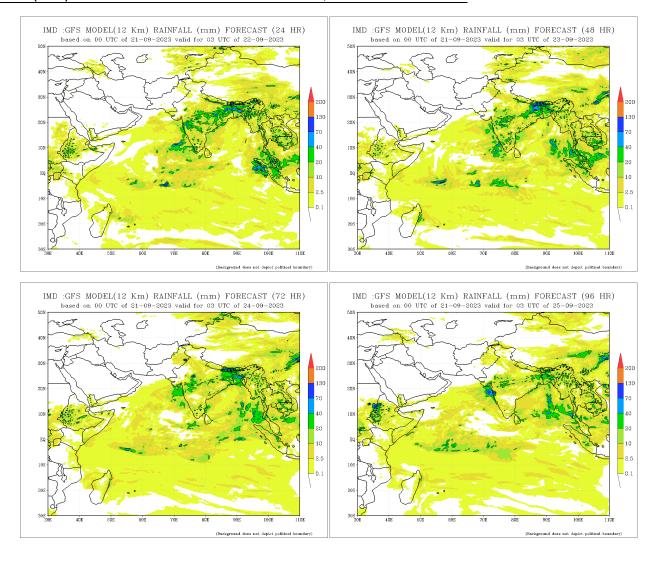
Optimum Interpolated Sea Surface Temperature Anomaly in the Indian Ocean from NOAA CPC

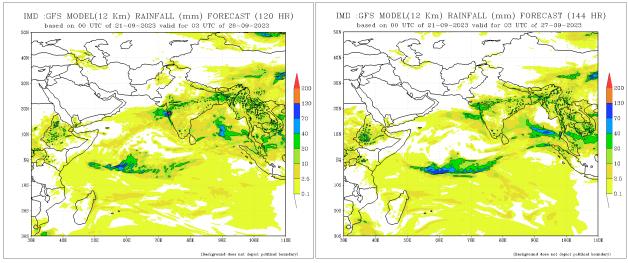


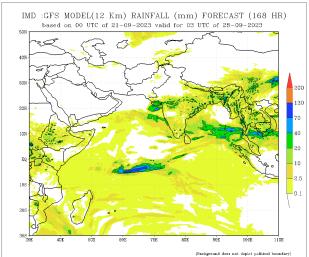
NCEP GFS 1-14 Day prediction



IMD GFS (T574) Model Rainfall Forecast from RMSC New Delhi, India

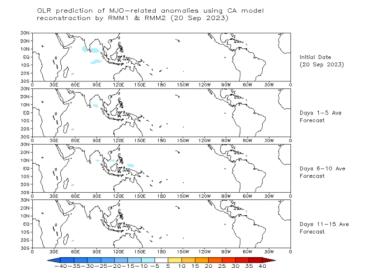






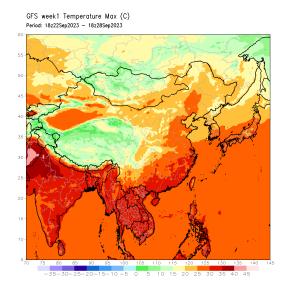
Madden Julian Oscillation (MJO) related Outgoing Longwave Radiation (OLR) Forecast

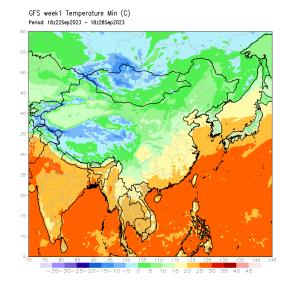
The Outgoing Longwave Radiation (OLR) is a proxy for rainfall. This can be used to identify convective rain clouds based on the MJO phase. Violet and Blue shading indicates enhanced tropical weather and Orange shading indicates suppressed conditions. The following figure shows the forecasts of MJO associated anomolous OLR for the next 15 days from the Constructed Analogue (CA) model forecasts.



Weekly Temperature Forecast

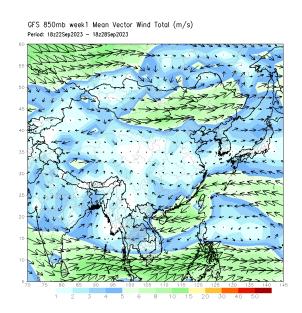
Weekly Minimum and Maximum Temperature prediction from the GFS model (from NOAA CPC)

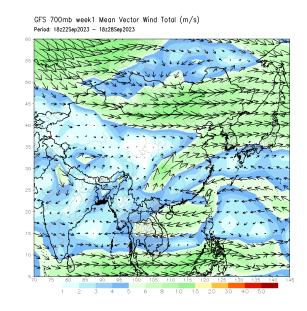




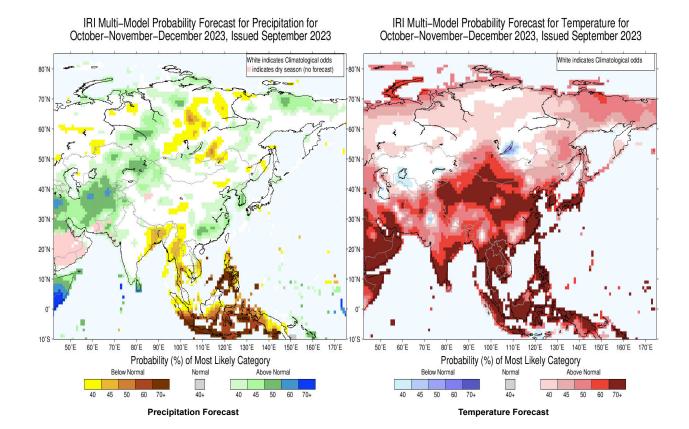
Weekly Wind Forecast

Weekly mean vector wind total prediction from the GFS model at 850 mb (left) and 700 mb (right) levels. (from NOAA CPC)





Following is the latest seasonal precipitation and temperature prediction for the next 3 months by the IRI. The color shading indicates the probability of the most dominant tercile -- that is, the tercile having the highest forecast probability. The color bar alongside the map defines these dominant tercile probability levels. The upper side of the color bar shows the colors used for increasingly strong probabilities when the dominant tercile is the above-normal tercile, while the lower side shows likewise for the below-normal tercile. The gray color indicates an enhanced probability for the near-normal tercile (nearly always limited to 40%).





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