c/o, Maintenance Office, Mahaweli Authority, Digana Village, Rajawella, Sri Lanka.

Phone (+94) 81-2376746, 4922992

E-mail climate@sltnet.lk

Web Site http://www.climate.lk

Experimental Climate Monitoring and Prediction

by: Sewwandhi Chandrasekara, Prabodha Agalawatte, Sanjaya Ratnayake, Zeenas Yahiya, Lareef Zubair and Michael Bell (FECT and IRI¹)

21 November 2013

FECT BLOG

Past reports available at http://fectsl.blogspot.com/and

http://fectsl.wordpress.com/

FECT WEBSITES

http://www.climate.lkand http://www.tropicalclimate.org/

October 17, 2013 PACIFIC SEAS STATE

During September through
October the observed ENSO
conditions remained neutral. Most
of the ENSO prediction models
indicate a continuation of neutral
ENSO through 2013 & the first
quarter of 2014. A long lasting
mean disagreement between
statistical and dynamical models
(statistical leaning cooler,
dynamical warmer) has
diminished. The average forecast
of all models indicates a gradual
warming tendency during the first
half of the 2014.

(Text Courtesy IRI)

INDIAN OCEAN STATE

Southern sea of Sri Lanka showed +1^OC anomaly and rest of the seas around Sri Lanka showed neutral seas surface temperature during 3rd-9th November 2013.

M.IN STATE

MJO is neutral and shall not influence Sri Lanka rainfall.

Highlights

Monitoring and Predictions:

Rainfall shall increase gradually till 27th of November and shall decrease gradually thereafter till 2nd of December. Western coast shall receive significant high rainfall during 26th-29th November. However, significant minimum rainfall is likely to observe during 1st-4th December 2013. For the coming week (22nd-28th November) western coastal regions and Badulla and, Moneragala districts are likely to observe more rainfall compared to the rest of the island.

Summary

Monitoring

Weekly Monitoring: During 13th-19th November 2013, rainfall ranged 5-60 mm/day. However, entire country received less than 10 mm/day of scattered rainfall throughout the week, except small region in Jaffna 18th November.

Monthly Monitoring: Jaffna and Batticaloa districts received an above average rainfall during the month of September.

Predictions

7-day prediction: During 20th-26th November 2013, western half of the island shall experience 5-35 mm of rainfall and shall spread towards central hills in a decreasing pattern.

IMD WRF Model Forecast & IRI forecast: For 22nd of November, IMD WRF model predicts less 36 mm of rainfall for the entire Kalutara-Hambantota and Ratnapura districts and some regions in Nuwara-Eliya, Badulla and Moneragala districts. For 23rd of November, IMD WRF model predicts less 36 mm of rainfall for the entire country, except for coastal regions of Kilinochchi-Kalutara and Trincomalee-Ampara districts (less than 1 mm of rainfall). NOAA model predicts heavy rainfall for Badulla and Moneragala districts during 20th -25th November 2013.

30 Days Prediction: Overall- Rainfall shall increase gradually till 27th of November and shall decrease gradually thereafter till 2nd of December. However, significant minimum rainfall is likely to observe during 1st-4th December 2013. **Western Slopes** – The rainfall pattern persisting in the entire country shall be observed in this region with high amount of rainfall. **Western Coast** – The rainfall pattern persisting in the entire country shall be observed in this region with high amount of rainfall. However, significant high rainfall is likely to observe during 26th-29th November. **Eastern Slopes**– The rainfall shall vary below 6 mm/day till the end of November and rainfall is not predicted until the 1st week of December. **Eastern Coast** – The rainfall shall vary below 2 mm/day till 26th of November and rainfall is not predicted until the 1st week of December. **Northern region**- The rainfall pattern persisting in the entire country shall be observed in this region with low amount of rainfall. **Southern Region**- The rainfall pattern persisting in the entire country shall be observed in this region.

Seasonal Prediction: As per IRI Multi Model Probability Forecast issued on October 2013; for November, December 2013 to January 2014, there is a 60-70% probability for temperature to be above normal in the country while the rainfall is to be climatological.

Inside this Issue

1. Monitoring

- a. Daily Satellite Derived Rain fall Estimates
- b. Monthly Rain fall Estimates
- c. Decadal (10 Day) Satellite Derived Rainfall Estimates
- d. Weekly Average SST Anomalies

2. Predictions

- a. NCEP GFS Ensemble 1-7 day predictions
- b. WRF model forecast Regional Meteorological Center, Chennai, Indian Meteorological Department)
- c. Weekly precipitation forecast (IRI)
- d. $1 \text{ month experimenta} \underline{l} \text{ predictions by Paul Roundy and L. Zubair}$
- e. Seasonal Predictions from IRI

¹ International Research Institute for Climate and Society, Earth Institute at Columbia University, New York.

² These interpretations of hydro-meteorological conditions for the Mahaweli basins are provided for the use of the WMS/MASL.

Official hydro-meteorological statements are provided by the Sri Lanka Department of Meteorology and Department of Irrigation.

FECT Foundation for Environment Climate and Technology

c/o, Maintenance Office, Mahaweli Authority, Digana Village, Rajawella, Sri Lanka.

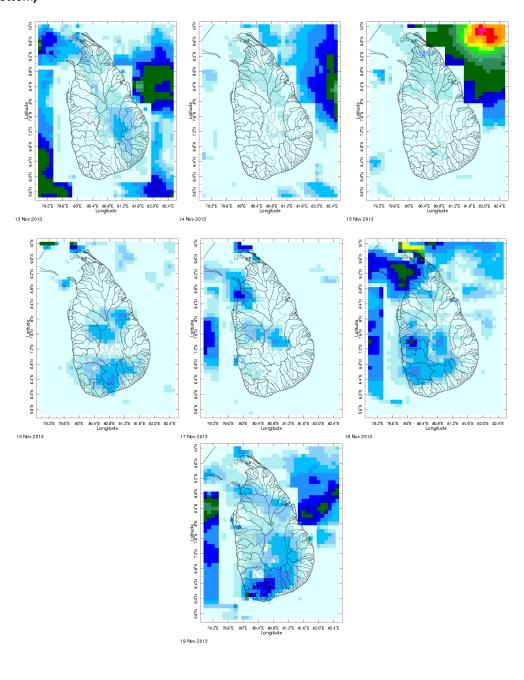
Phone (+94) 81-2376746, 4922992

E-mail climate@sltnet.lk

Web Site http://www.climate.lk

1. Monitoring

a) Daily Satellite Derived Rainfall Estimate Maps: 13th-19th November 2013 (Left-Right, Top-Bottom)

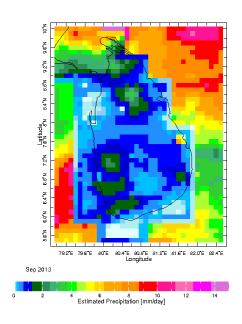


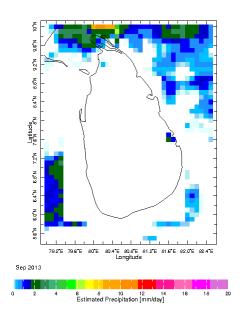
80 100 120 140 160 Estimated Precipitation [mm] 200

E-mail climate@sltnet.lk

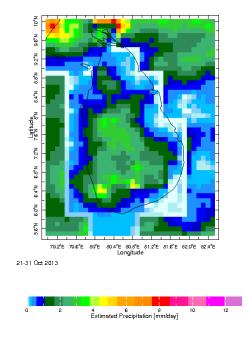
Web Site http://www.climate.lk

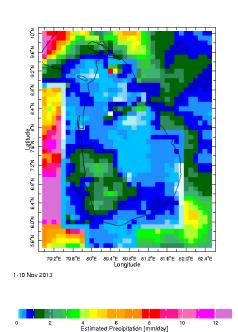
b) Monthly Satellite Derived Rainfall Estimates for September 2013 (Total – Left and Anomaly - Right)





c) Dekadal (10 Day) Satellite Derived Rainfall Estimates (21-31 October & 01-10 November, 2013)

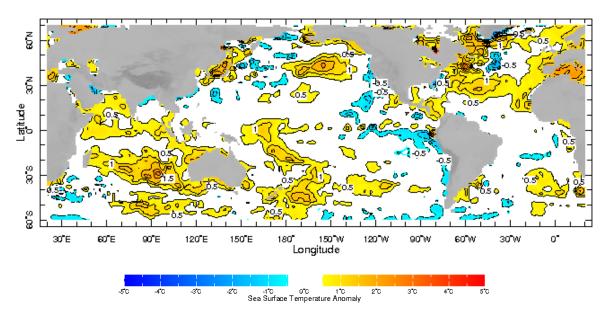




E-mail climate@sltnet.lk

Web Site http://www.climate.lk

b) Weekly Average SST Anomalies

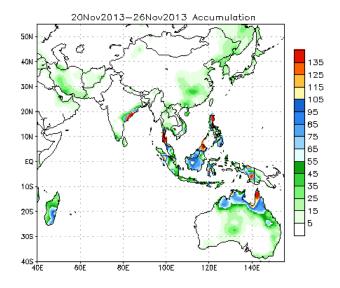


Weekly Average SST Anomalies (°C), 3rd-9th November, 2013

Data Source: NCEP Environmental monitoring center (Climatology 1971-2000)

2. Predictions

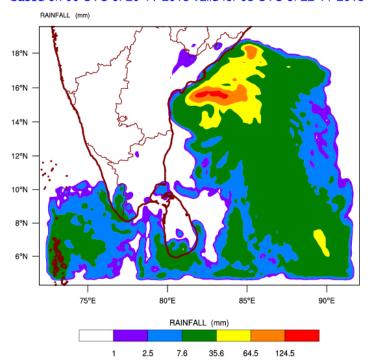
a) NCEP GFS Ensemble 1-7 day predictions, NOAA, Climate Prediction Centre, USA.



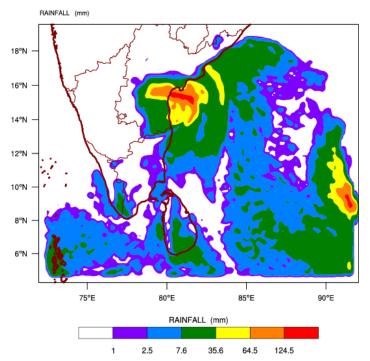
Source - NOAA Climate Prediction Center

b) WRF model forecast RegionalMeteorological Center,Chennai, Indian Meteorological Department)

WRF MODEL FORECAST (48 HR.) RAINFALL(mm)\
based on 00 UTC of 20-11-2013 valid for 03 UTC of 22-11-2013



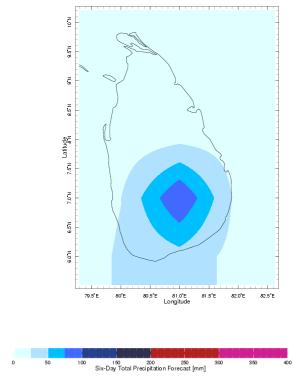
WRF MODEL FORECAST (72 HR.) RAINFALL(mm)\
based on 00 UTC of 20-11-2013 valid for 03 UTC of 23-11-2013



E-mail climate@sltnet.lk

Web Site http://www.climate.lk

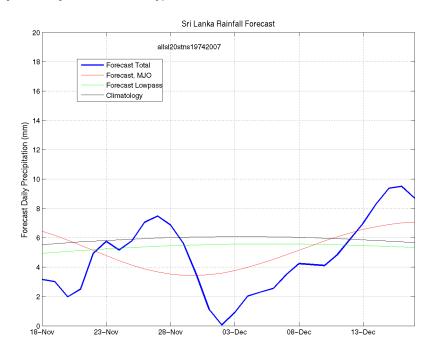
c) Weekly Precipitation Forecast for 20th-25th November 2013 (Precipitation Forecast in Context Map Tool, IRI)



d) 1 month experimental predictions by Paul Roundy and L. Zubair

Predictions based on observed cloud cover and atmospheric waves. Issued 20th November, 2013

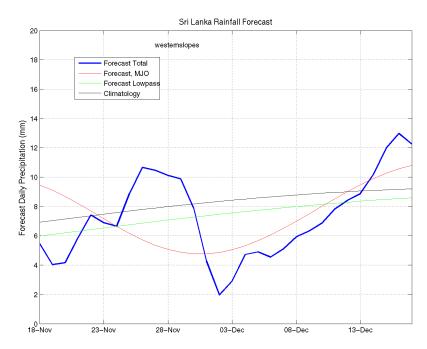
All Sri Lanka (Rainfall Scale from 0-20mm/day)



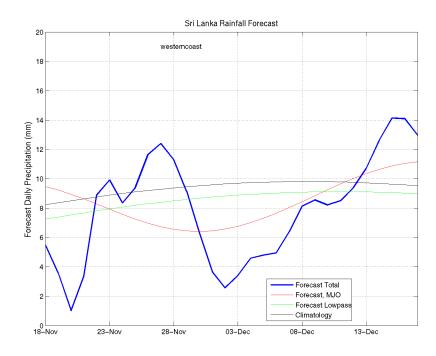
E-mail climate@sltnet.lk

Web Site http://www.climate.lk

Western Slopes (Rainfall Scale from 0-20 mm/day)

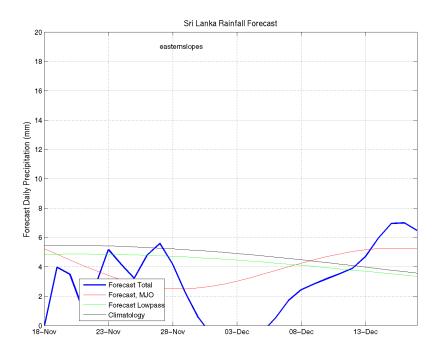


Western Coast (Rainfall Scale from 0-20 mm/day)

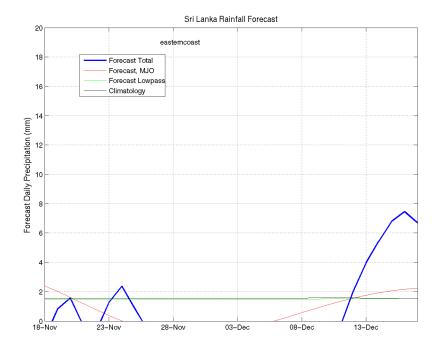


Web Site http://www.climate.lk

Eastern Slopes (Rainfall Scale- from 0-20 mm/day)



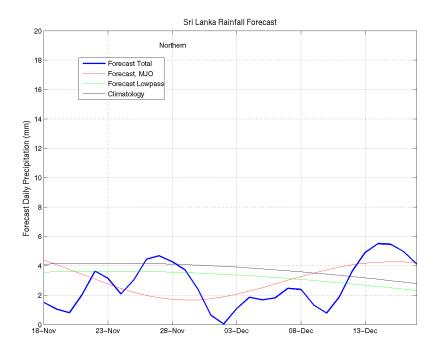
Eastern Coast (Rainfall Scale- from 0-20 mm/day)



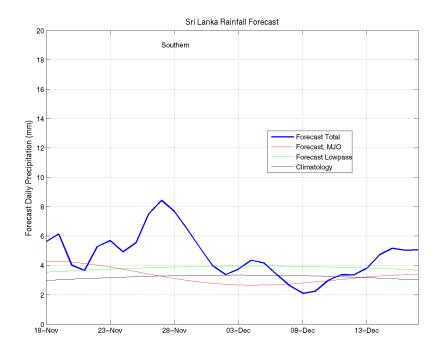
E-mail climate@sltnet.lk

Web Site http://www.climate.lk

Northern Region (Rainfall Scale- from 0-20 mm/day)



Southern Region (Rainfall Scale- from 0-20 mm/day)



E-mail climate@sltnet.lk

Web Site http://www.climate.lk

e) Seasonal Rainfall and Temperature Predictions from IRI

