### 19 JULY 2024

### CLIMATE MONITORING AND PREDICTION FOR SRI LANKA

# **HIGHLIGHTS**

Monitored & Predicted Wind

Rainfall Prediction



During 17 - 23 July, high likelihood of moderate rainfall (25 -50 mm) is predicted for the Sabaragamuwa, Western, Southern, North Western provinces; light to moderate rainfall (12.5 -25 mm) is predicted for the Central province and below 15 mm rainfall is predicted for the rest.

Monitored Rainfalls

- Western plains (8.2 mm) and hills (10.8 mm).
- •On average, 13.8 mm was received in the hydro catchments in SL; Norton (Nuwara Eliya District) received the highest rainfall (113.2 mm).
- Highest daily rainfall was in Norton (Nuwara Eliya District) on 14 July (113.2) mm).



Sea & Land Temp

Monitored

- 850mb (1.5km) north-westerly, reaching up to 15 m/s.
- •From 18 Jul 24 Jul, winds are predicted to be north-westerly and westerly, reaching up to 15 m/s.

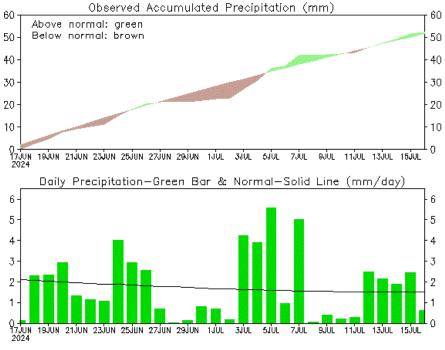


- Average land surface temperature was with warmer anomalies from seasonal average of 1-3 ºC.
- •Eastern plains was warmest followed by Northern and Southern plains.
- •Sea surface temperature around Sri Lanka was 0.5 - 1.5ºC above average.

# **Monitoring**

### Rainfall

### Daily Estimates for Accumulated Rainfall from 17 June - 16 July 2024 Sri-Lanka



Data Source: CPC (Gauge-Based) Unified Precipitation (Climatology 1981-2010) (updated on 00Z16JUL2024)



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### Ocean State (Text Courtesy IRI)

### Pacific sea state: July 15, 2024

ENSO-neutral conditions are present. Equatorial sea surface temperatures (SSTs) are above average in the western and west-central Pacific, near average in the east-central Pacific, and below average in the eastern Pacific Ocean. ENSO-neutral is expected to continue for the next several months, with La Niña favoured to develop during August-October (70% chance) and persist into the Northern Hemisphere winter 2024-25 (79% chance during November-January).

### Indian Ocean State

Sea surface temperature around Sri Lanka was 1.0°C above average from 25 June to 1 July 2024.

### **Predictions**

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### 14-Day prediction: NCEP GFS models

### From 17<sup>th</sup> July - 23<sup>th</sup> July:

Total rainfall by Provinces:

Rainfall (mm)	Provinces
35	Sabaragamuwa, Western
25	Southern, North Western
15	Central
≤ 5	North Central, Northern, Eastern, Uva

### From 24<sup>th</sup> July - 30<sup>th</sup> July:

Total rainfall by Provinces:

Rainfall (mm)	Provinces
55	North Western, Sabaragamuwa
45	Southern
35	Central
25	Uva
≤ 15	Northern, North Central, Eastern, Western

### **MJO-based OLR predictions**

### For the next 15 days:

MJO shall be near neutral for the rainfall during 17-26 July and slightly suppress the rainfall during 27-31 July for Sri Lanka.

# Interpretation

### **Monitoring**

**Rainfall:** During the last two weeks, there has been heavy rainfall over the following area: Norton (Nuwara Eliya District)

Daily Average Rainfall in the Met stations for the previous week of (11 July - 18 July) = 3.3 mm Maximum Daily Rainfall: 78.8 mm & Minimum Daily Rainfall: 0.0 mm.

Pagion	Average rainfall for last	Average temperature for last 8 days (°C)	
Region	8 days (mm)	Maximum	Minimum
Northern plains	0.0	33.0	26.8
Eastern hills	1.0	28.2	19.6
Eastern plains	0.3	35.0	26.2
Western hills	10.8	26.4	20.5
Western plains	8.2	30.9	25.7
Southern plains	1.2	32.6	25.2

Region	Average rainfall for last 8 days (mm)	Daily maximum rainfall for last 8 days (mm)	Daily minimum rainfall for last 8 days (mm)
All SL	3.3	78.8	0.0
Hydro catchment	13.8	113.2	0.0

**Wind:** Westerly and North Westerly winds prevailed in the sea area and around the island last week. **Temperatures:** The temperature anomalies were above normal for some parts of the Southern province driven by the warm SSTs.

### **Predictions**

**Rainfall:** During the next week (17 July - 23 July), moderate rainfall (25 - 50 mm) is predicted for the Sabaragamuwa, Western provinces and light to moderate rainfall (12.5 - 25 mm) is predicted for the Southern, Central and North Western province and less rainfall is predicted for the rest.

**Temperatures:** The temperature will remain above normal for the Northern, Eastern, North Central, and Uva provinces during 19 July - 26 July.

**Teleconnections:** MJO shall be near neutral for the rainfall during 17 July - 26 July and slightly suppress the rainfall during 27 July - 31 July for Sri Lanka.

**Seasonal Precipitation:** The precipitation forecast for the July-August-September, 2024 season shows a 40 - 50% or more tendency toward above-normal precipitation for the country.

### **Terminology for Rainfall Ranges**

	Rainfall	
Light Showers	Less than 12.5 mm	
Light to Moderate	Between 12.5 mm and 25 mm	
Moderate	Between 25 mm and 50 mm	
Fairly Heavy	Between 50 mm and 100 mm	
Heavy	Between 100 mm and 150 mm	
Very Heavy	More than 150 mm	

Tropical Climate Guarantee, Federation of Environment, Climate and Technology, Columbia University Water Center, <sup>1</sup> International Research Institute for Climate and Society, Earth Institute at Columbia University, New York.





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## Weekly Climate Bulletin for Sri Lanka

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### 2. Predictions

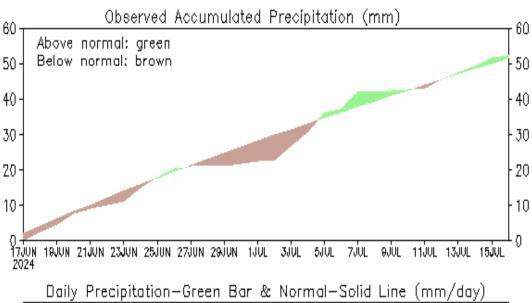
- a. NCEP GFS Ensemble 1-14 day Rainfall Predictions
- b. GFS (T574) Model Rainfall Forecast from RMSC New Delhi
- c. MJO Related OLR Forecast
- d. Weekly Temperature Forecast e. Weekly Wind Forecast
- f. Seasonal Predictions from IRI

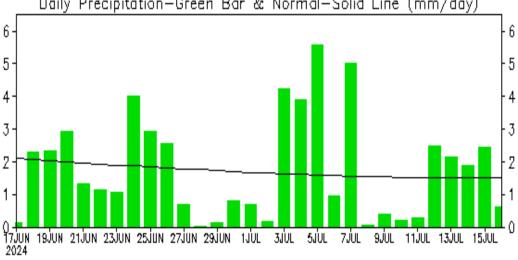
### **MONITORING**

### **Daily Rainfall Monitoring**

The following figure shows the observed accumulated rainfall (top) and daily observed rainfall (bottom) in Sri Lanka in the last 30 days.

### Sri-Lanka

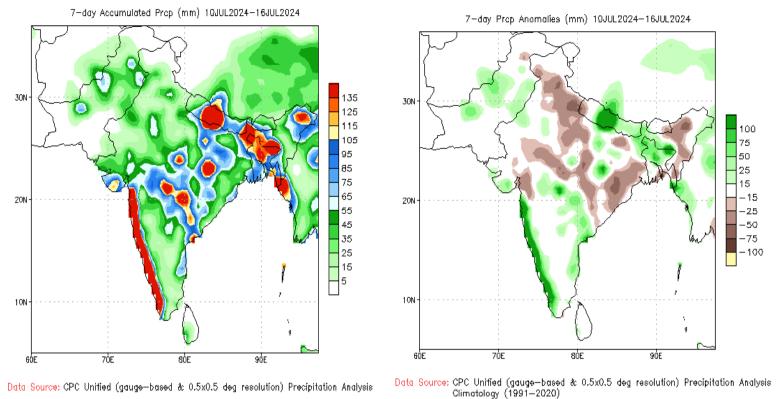




Data Source: CPC (Gauge-Based) Unified Precipitation (Climatology 1981-2010) (updated on DOZ16JUL2024)

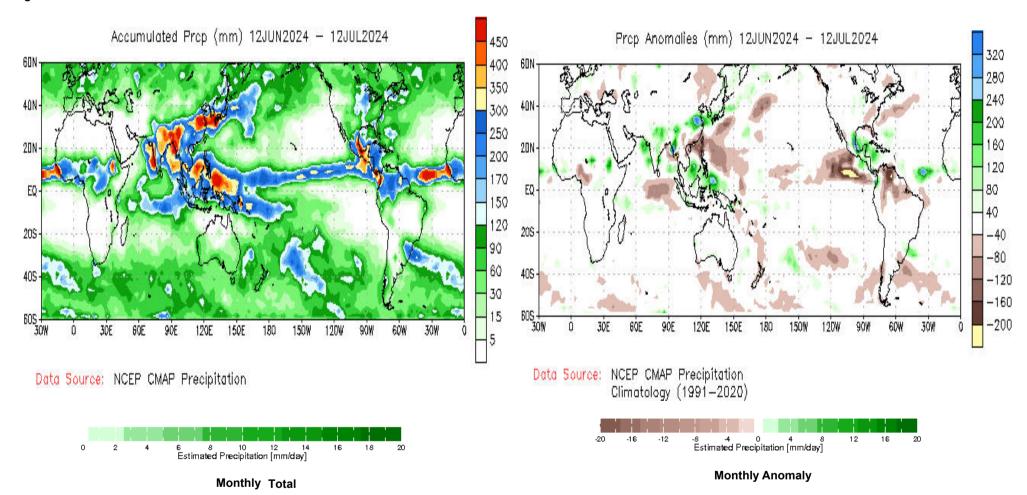
### Weekly Rainfall Monitoring

The following figures show the total satellite observed rainfall in the last week in Sri Lanka. The figure in the left is the total 7-day rainfall from NOAA Climate Prediction Center (CPC) Unified Precipitation Analysis and the figure in the right is the total 7-day rainfall from CPC RFE 2.0 Satellite Rainfall Estimates. The bottom two figures are the respective anomalies.

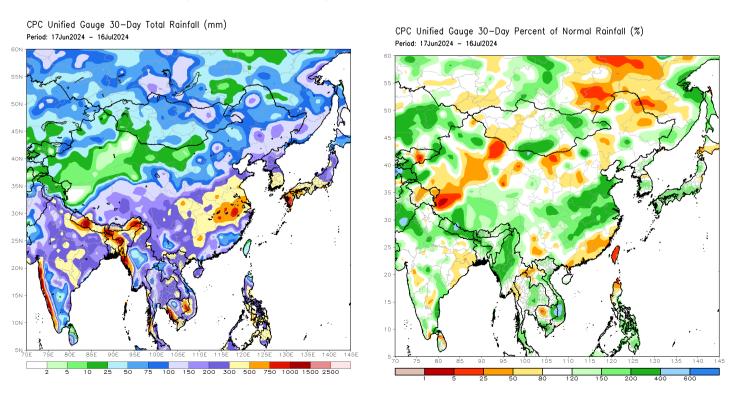


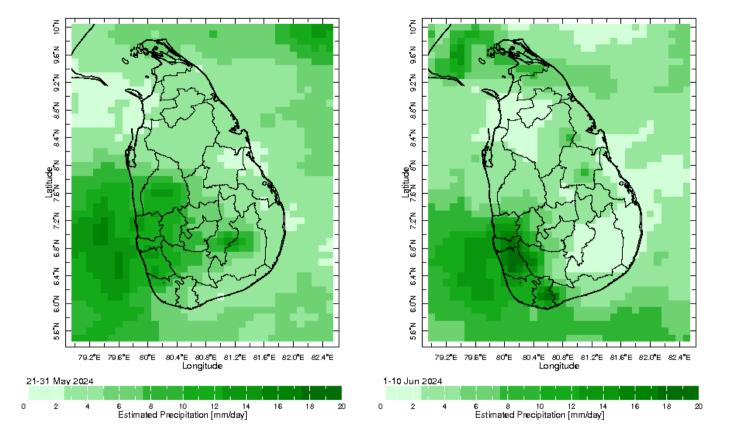
### **Monthly Rainfall Monitoring**

The figure in the left shows the average observed rainfall in the previous month. The rainfall anomaly in the previous month is shown in the figure to the right. The brown color in the anomaly figure shows places which received less rainfall than the historical average while the green color shows places with above average rainfall. Darker shades show higher magnitudes in rainfall

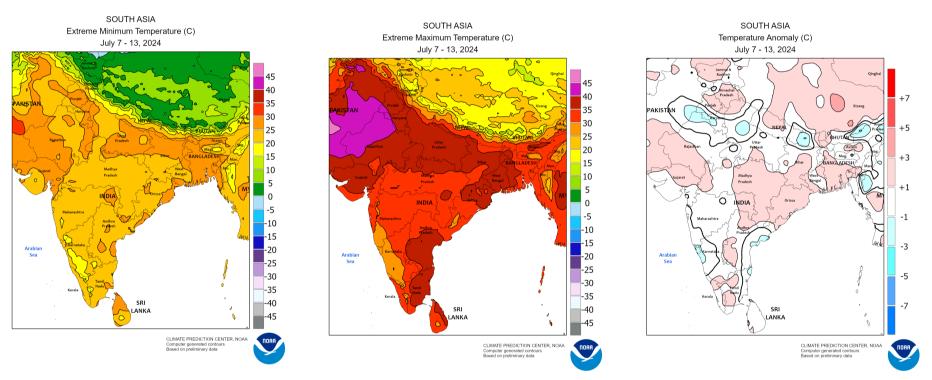


The figure in the top-left shows the total rainfall in the past 30 days from CPC Unified Precipitation Analysis while the figure in the top-right shows the total rainfall for the same period from RFE 2.0 Satellite Rainfall Estimates. The bottom two figures show the percentage of rainfall received in the past 30 days compared to normal rainfall in this period.



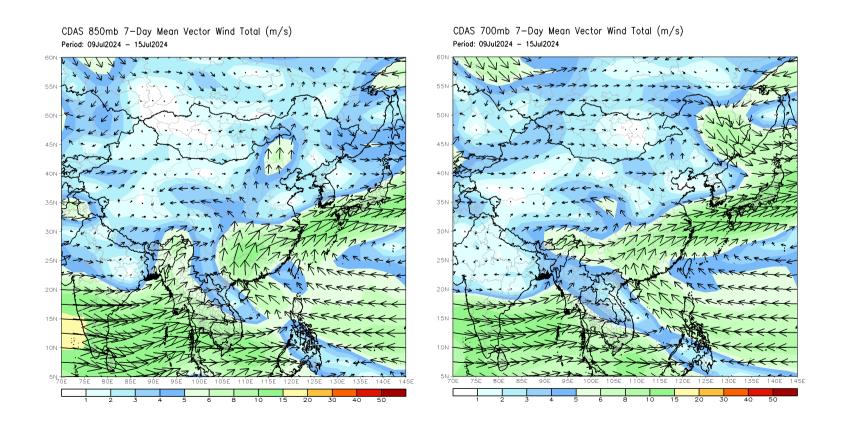


### **Weekly Temperature Monitoring**

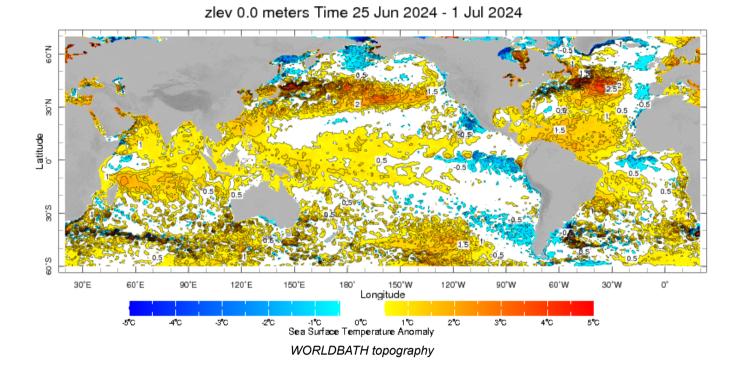


### **Weekly Wind Monitoring**

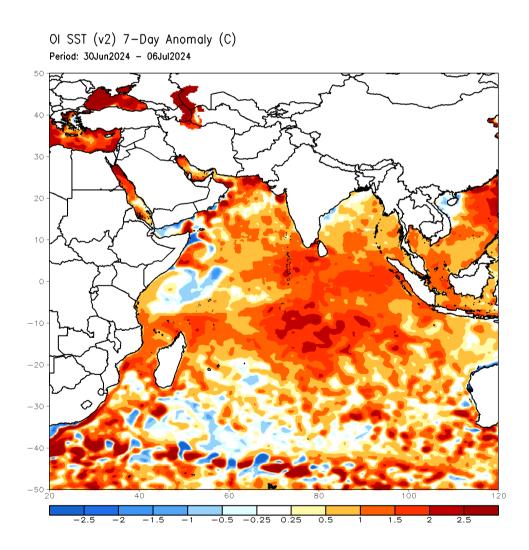
The following figures show the mean vector wind total of the past 7 days near Sri Lanka at two levels. The figure on the left shows 850 mb (~1500 m) level and the figure on the right shows 700 mb (~3000 m) level.



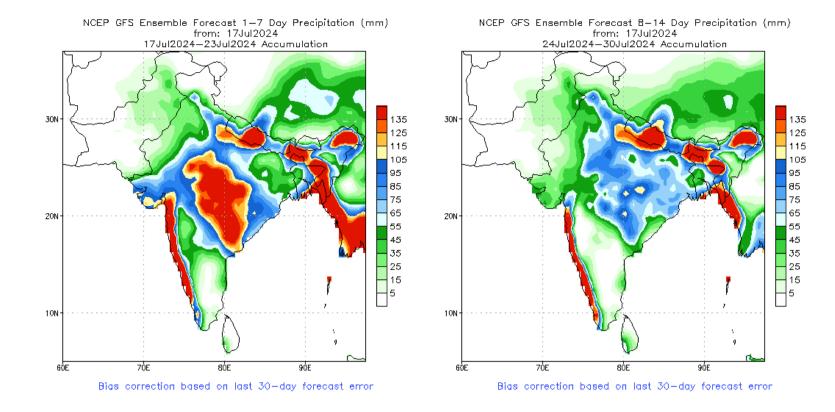
Weekly average Sea Surface Temperature (SST) anomaly in the world from NOAA NCEP



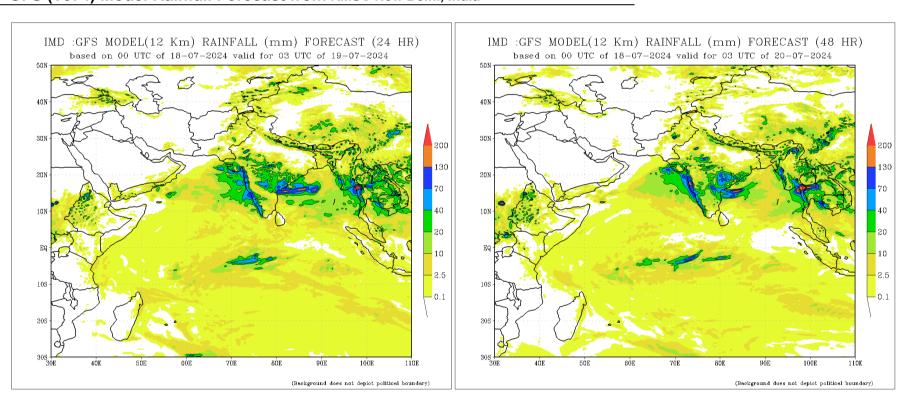
Optimum Interpolated Sea Surface Temperature Anomaly in the Indian Ocean from NOAA CPC

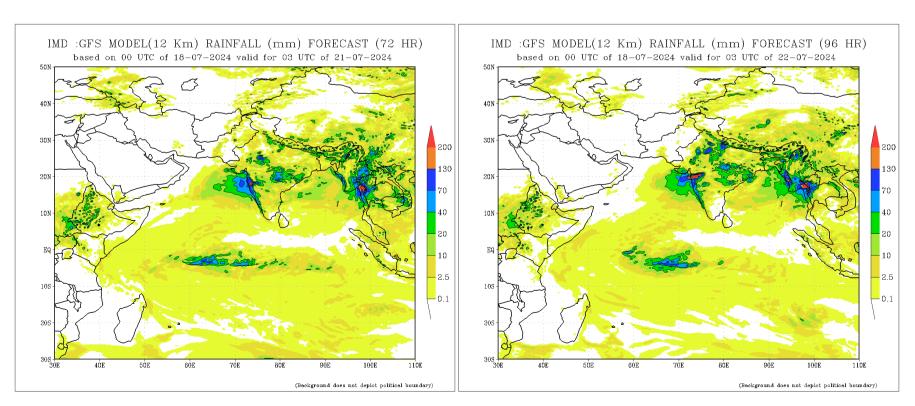


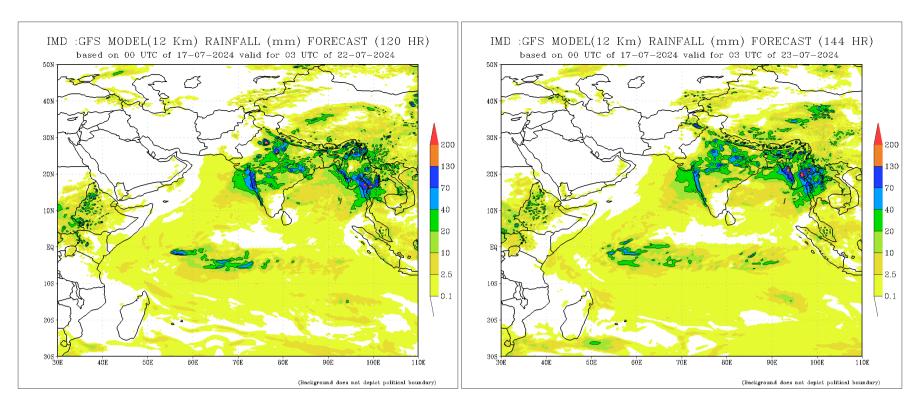
### NCEP GFS 1-14 Day prediction

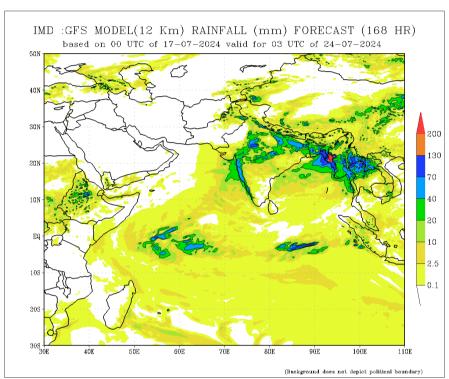


### IMD GFS (T574) Model Rainfall Forecast from RMSC New Delhi, India





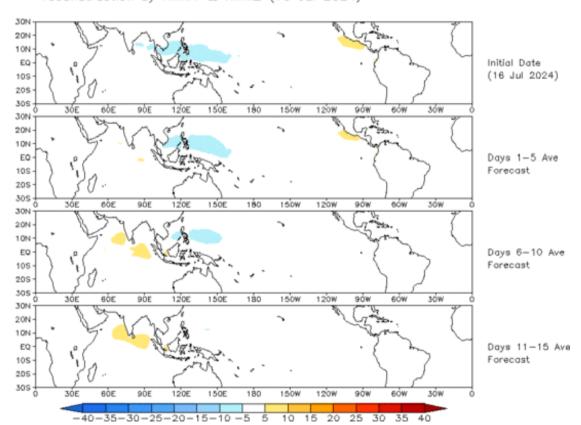




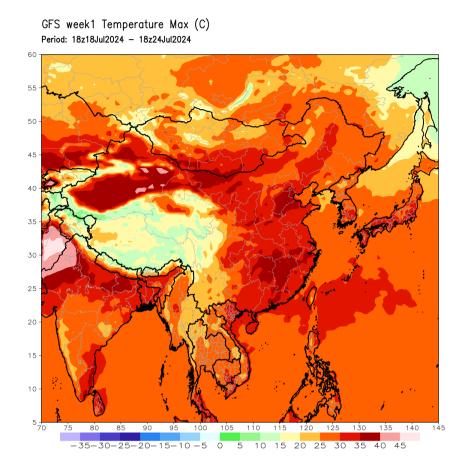
### Madden Julian Oscillation (MJO) related Outgoing Longwave Radiation (OLR) Forecast

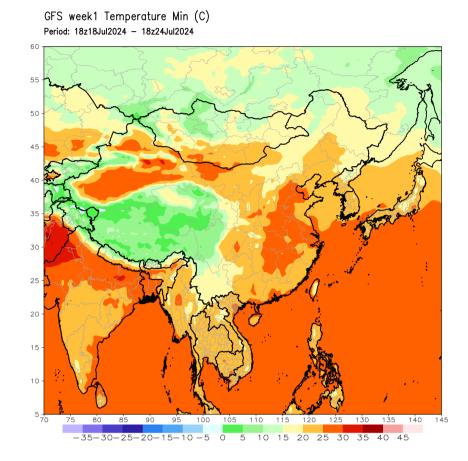
The Outgoing Longwave Radiation (OLR) is a proxy for rainfall. This can be used to identify convective rain clouds based on the MJO phase. Violet and Blue shading indicates enhanced tropical weather and Orange shading indicates suppressed conditions. The following figure shows the forecasts of MJO associated anomolous OLR for the next 15 days from the Constructed Analogue (CA) model forecasts.





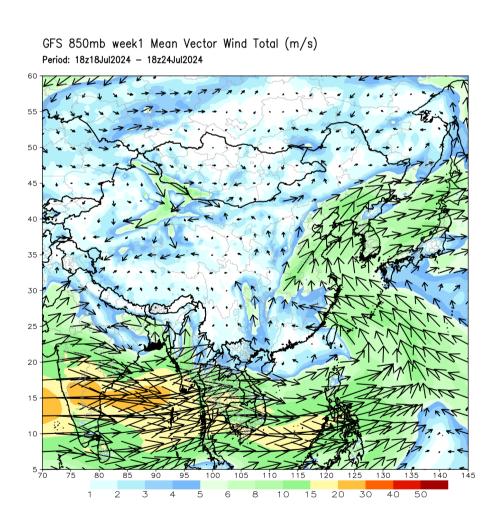
Weekly Minimum and Maximum Temperature prediction from the GFS model (from NOAA CPC)

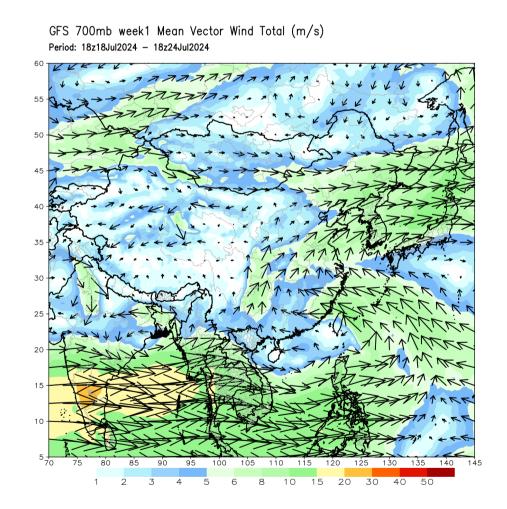




### **Weekly Wind Forecast**

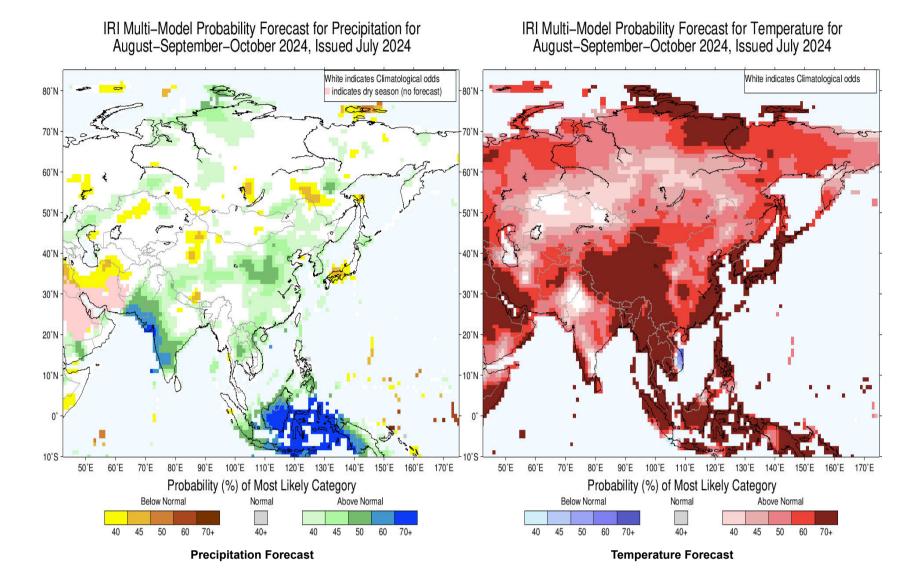
Weekly mean vector wind total prediction from the GFS model at 850 mb (left) and 700 mb (right) levels. (from NOAA CPC)





### **Seasonal Rainfall and Temperature Forecast**

Following is the latest seasonal precipitation and temperature prediction for the next 3 months by the IRI. The color shading indicates the probability of the most dominant tercile -- that is, the tercile having the highest forecast probability. The color bar alongside the map defines these dominant tercile probability levels. The upper side of the color bar shows the colors used for increasingly strong probabilities when the dominant tercile is the above-normal tercile, while the lower side shows likewise for the below-normal tercile. The gray color indicates an enhanced probability for the near-normal tercile (nearly always limited to 40%).



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