11 AUGUST 2023

CLIMATE MONITORING AND PREDICTION FOR SRI LANKA

HIGHLIGHTS

Rainfall Prediction

and North Central provinces during 10

Monitored Rainfalls

Sri Lanka was 'light' (1.0 mm) and hydro catchment areas received 'light' (1.5 mm) showers.

Wind Monitored & Predicted

- •During 11 17 Aug,
- up to 10 m/s of northwestsouthwesterly winds are expected at 850 mb (1.5 km).



Monitored Sea & Land Temp

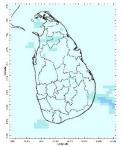
temperature was recorded in Vavuniya (39.1°C), Polonnaruwa (37.7°C) and Trincomalee (37.7°C).

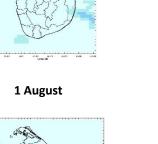
Monitoring

- 16 Aug.

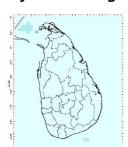
Rainfall

Daily Estimates for Rainfall from 1st August – 8th August 2023

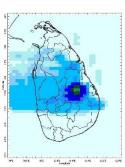




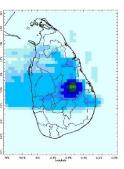
5 August



2 August



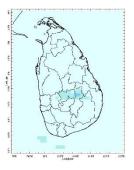




6 August



3 August

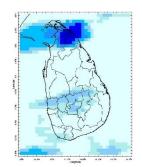


7 August

80 100 120 140 160 180 Estimated Precipitation [mm/day]



4 August



8 August



Federation for Environment, Climate and Technology

c/o, Maintenance Office, Mahaweli Authority, Digana Village, Rajawella, Sri Lanka. Phone (+94) 81-2376746, (+94) 81-2300415

Web Site: www.fect.lk LI: www.linkedin.com/in/fectlk E mail: info@fect.lk FB: www.facebook.com/fectlk TW: www.twitter.com/fectlk

Ocean State (Text Courtesy IRI)_

Pacific sea state: August 7, 2023

El Nino Mode has setting according to NOAA since 8th of June. Equatorial sea surface temperatures (SSTs) are above average across the central and eastern Pacific Ocean early-August. There is a greater than 90% chance that El Niño conditions will continue through the Northern Hemisphere winter.

Indian Ocean State

Sea surface temperature around Sri Lanka was $0.5\,^{\circ}$ C above normal to the Western and Northern half of the country in 18^{th} - 24^{th} July, 2023. A positive Dipole Mode has set in across the Indian Ocean since 8^{th} of June.

Predictions

Rainfall_

7 - day prediction: NOAA NCEP models

From 10th August - 16th August:

Total rainfall by Provinces:

Rainfall (mm)	Provinces
15	Southern, Sabaragamuwa, Uva, Western, Central, Northern, Eastern, North Central
≤ 5	North Western

MJO based OLR predictions

For the next 15 days:

MJO shall near neutral the rainfall during 10^{th} - 19^{th} August and slightly enhance the rainfall during 20^{th} - 24^{th} August for Sri Lanka.

Interpretation

Monitoring

Rainfall: During the last two weeks, there had been fairly heavy rainfall over the following area: Kandy

Daily Average Rainfall in the Met stations for previous week of (2nd August - 9th August) = 1.0 mm Maximum Daily Rainfall: 63.7 mm & Minimum Daily Rainfall: 0.0 mm.

Region	Average rainfall for last	Average temperature for last 8 days (°C)	
	8 days (mm)	Maximum	Minimum
Northern plains	0.3	34.7	26.3
Eastern hills	3.1	30.6	19.8
Eastern plains	2.3	35.6	25.4
Western hills	0.4	28.7	19.8

Western plains	0.5	31.5	26.9
Southern plains	0.0	34.0	25.5

Region	Average rainfall for last 8 days (mm)	Daily maximum rainfall for last 8 days (mm)	Daily minimum rainfall for last 8 days (mm)
Hydro catchment	1.5	59.0	0.0

Wind: North westerly winds prevailed in the sea area and around the island last week.

Temperatures: The temperature anomalies were above normal for the Eastern, Southern, Sabaragamuwa, Uva, Central, North Central provinces and some parts of the Western, North Western, and Northern provinces of the country driven by the warm SST's.

Predictions

Rainfall: During the next week (10th August - 16th August), light showers (≤ 15 mm) are predicted for the Southern, Sabaragamuwa, Uva, Western, Central, Northern, Eastern, North Central provinces and less rainfall is predicted for the rest of the country.

Temperatures: The temperature will remain above normal for some parts of the Eastern, Uva, Northern, North Central, and Central provinces during 11th August - 17th August.

 $\textbf{\textit{Teleconnections:}} \ A \ positive \ Dipole \ Mode \ has \ set \ in \ across \ the \ Indian \ Ocean \ since \ 8^{th} \ of \ June.$

MJO shall near neutral the rainfall during 10^{th} - 19^{th} August and slightly enhance the rainfall during 20^{th} - 24^{th} August for Sri Lanka.

Seasonal Precipitation: The precipitation forecast for the August-September-October, 2023 season shows above normal precipitation for the country.

Terminology for Rainfall Ranges

	Rainfall (During 24 hours of period)
Light Showers	Less than 12.5 mm
Light to Moderate	Between 12.5 mm and 25 mm
Moderate	Between 25 mm and 50 mm
Fairly Heavy	Between 50 mm and 100 mm
Heavy	Between 100 mm and 150 mm
Very Heavy	More than 150 mm

Tropical Climate Guarantee, Federation of Environment, Climate and Technology, Columbia University Water Center, ¹ International Research Institute for Climate and Society, , Earth Institute at Columbia University, New York.









FEDERATION FOR ENVIRONMENT, CLIMATE AND **TECHNOLOGY**

www.fect.lk www.climate.lk

Weekly Climate Bulletin for Sri Lanka

Inside This Issue

- 1. Monitoring
 a. Daily Rainfall Monitoring
 b. Weekly Rainfall Monitoring
 c. Monthly Rainfall Monitoring
 d. Dekadal (10 Day) Satellite Derived Rainfall Estimates
 e. Weekly Temperature Monitoring
 f. Weekly Wind Monitoring
 g. Weekly Average SST Anomalies

 2. Predictions
 a NCEP GES Ensemble 1-14 day Rainfall Predictions

- a. NCEP GFS Ensemble 1-14 day Rainfall Predictions
 b. GFS (T574) Model Rainfall Forecast from RMSC New Delhi
 c. MJO Related OLR Forecast
 d. Weekly Temperature Forecast
 e. Weekly Wind Forecast

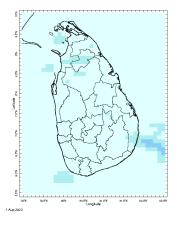
- Seasonal Predictions from IRI

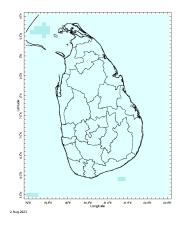


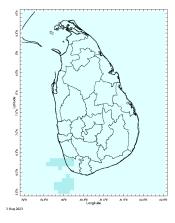
MONITORING

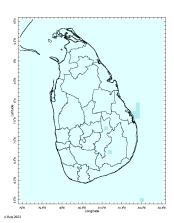
Daily Rainfall Monitoring

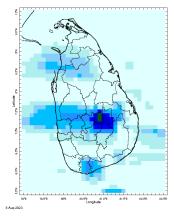
The following figures show the satellite observed rainfall in the last 7 days in Sri Lanka.

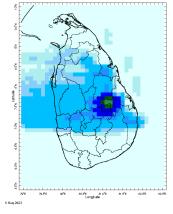




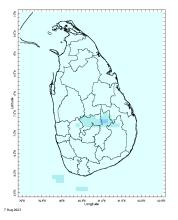


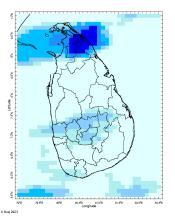






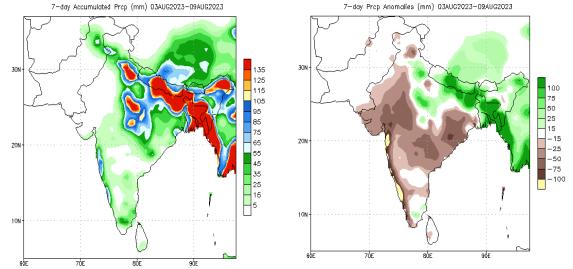
80 100 120 140 160 1 Estimated Precipitation [mm/day]





Weekly Rainfall Monitoring

The following figures show the total satellite observed rainfall in the last week in Sri Lanka. The figure in the left is the total 7-day rainfall from NOAA Climate Prediction Center (CPC) Unified Precipitation Analysis and the figure in the right is the total 7-day rainfall from CPC RFE 2.0 Satellite Rainfall Estimates. The bottom two figures are the respective anomalies.

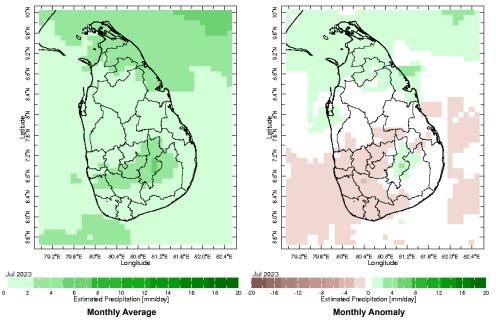


Data Source: CPC Unified (gauge-based & 0.5x0.5 deg resolution) Precipitation Analysis

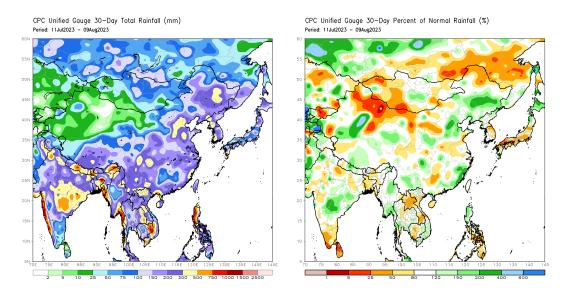
Data Source: CPC Unified (gauge-based & 0.5×0.5 deg resolution) Precipitation Analysis Climatology (1991-2020)

Monthly Rainfall Monitoring

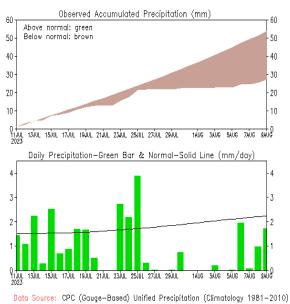
The figure in the left shows the average observed rainfall in the previous month. The rainfall anomaly in the previous month is shown in the figure to the right. The brown color in the anomaly figure shows places which received less rainfall than the historical average while the green color shows places with above average rainfall. Darker shades show higher magnitudes in rainfall



The figure in the top-left shows the total rainfall in the past 30 days from CPC Unified Precipitation Analysis while the figure in the top-right shows the total rainfall for the same period from RFE 2.0 Satellite Rainfall Estimates. The bottom two figures show the percentage of rainfall received in the past 30 days compared to normal rainfall in this period.

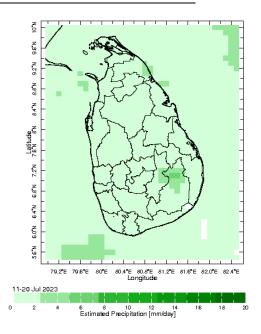


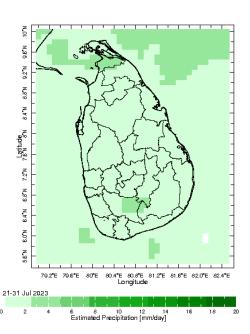
Srí-Lanka



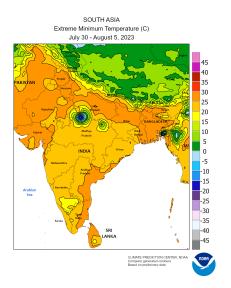
(updated on 00Z09AUG2023)

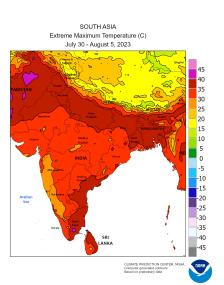
Dekadal (10 Day) Satellite Derived Rainfall Estimates

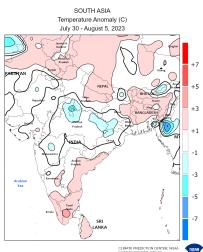




Weekly Temperature Monitoring



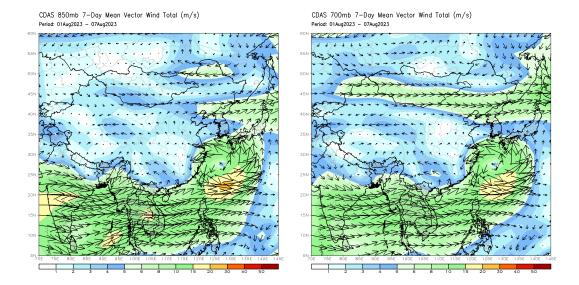




ON CENTER, NOAA CONTURB data

Weekly Wind Monitoring

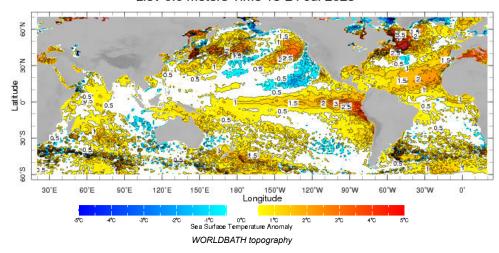
The following figures show the mean vector wind total of the past 7 days near Sri Lanka at two levels. The figure on the left shows 850 mb (~1500 m) level and the figure on the right shows 700 mb (~3000 m) level.



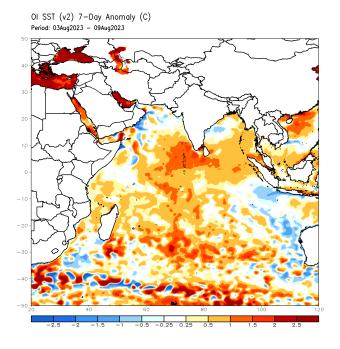
Weekly Average SST Anomalies

Weekly average Sea Surface Temperature (SST) anomaly in the world from NOAA NCEP

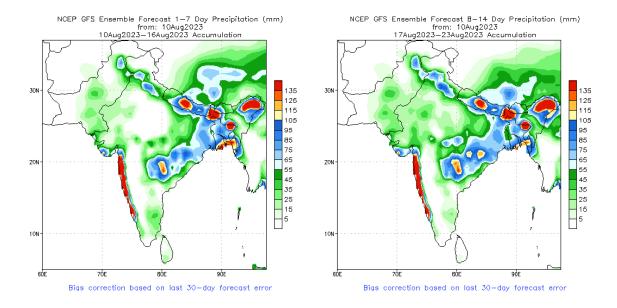
zlev 0.0 meters Time 18-24 Jul 2023



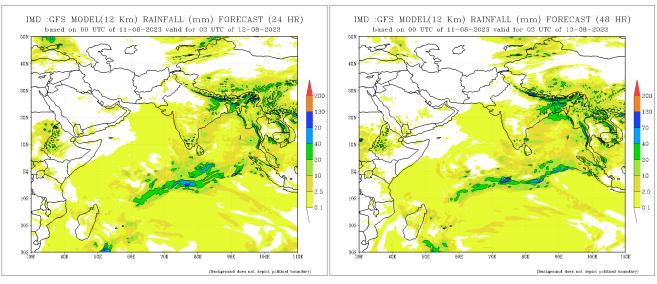
Optimum Interpolated Sea Surface Temperature Anomaly in the Indian Ocean from NOAA CPC

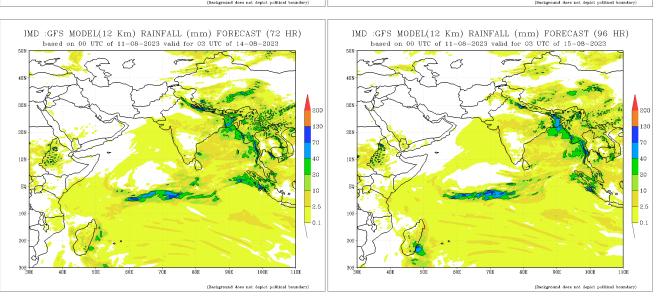


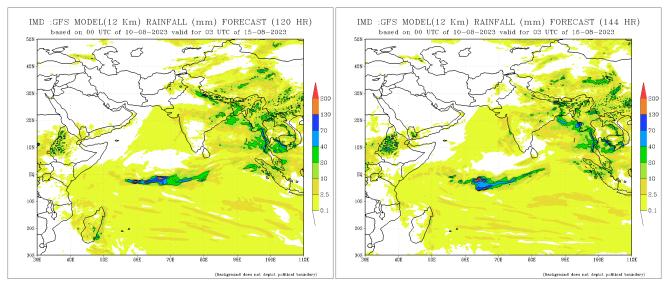
NCEP GFS 1-14 Day prediction

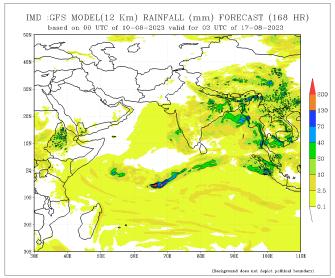


IMD GFS (T574) Model Rainfall Forecast from RMSC New Delhi, India





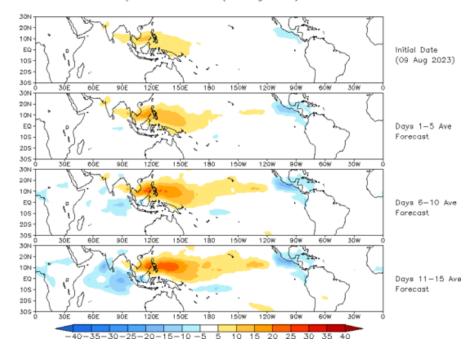




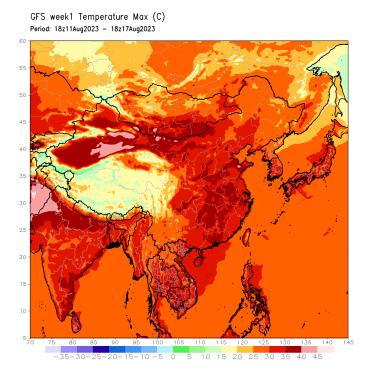
Madden Julian Oscillation (MJO) related Outgoing Longwave Radiation (OLR) Forecast

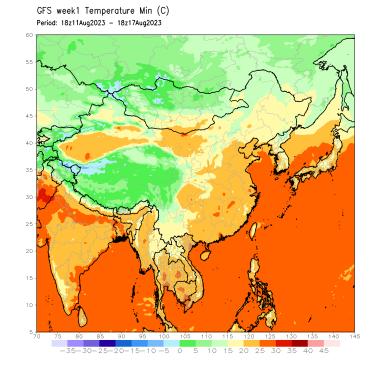
The Outgoing Longwave Radiation (OLR) is a proxy for rainfall. This can be used to identify convective rain clouds based on the MJO phase. Violet and Blue shading indicates enhanced tropical weather and Orange shading indicates suppressed conditions. The following figure shows the forecasts of MJO associated anomolous OLR for the next 15 days from the Constructed Analogue (CA) model forecasts.

OLR prediction of MJO-related anomalies using CA model reconstruction by RMM1 & RMM2 (09 Aug 2023)



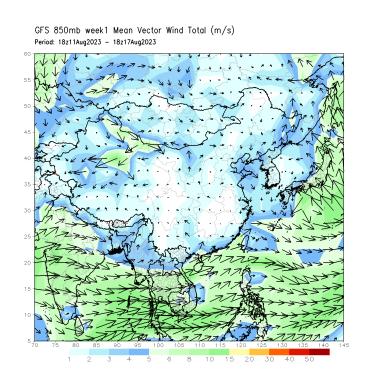
Weekly Minimum and Maximum Temperature prediction from the GFS model (from NOAA CPC)

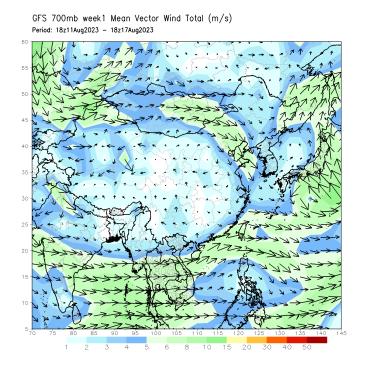




Weekly Wind Forecast

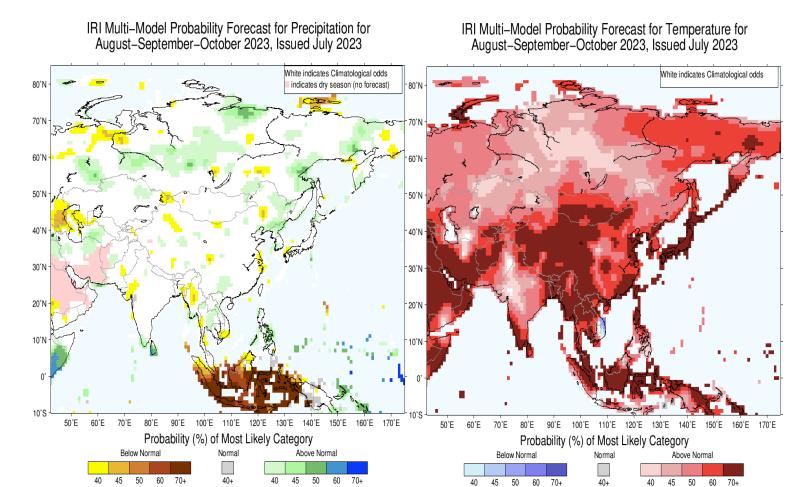
Weekly mean vector wind total prediction from the GFS model at 850 mb (left) and 700 mb (right) levels. (from NOAA CPC)





Seasonal Rainfall and Temperature Forecast

Following is the latest seasonal precipitation and temperature prediction for the next 3 months by the IRI. The color shading indicates the probability of the most dominant tercile -- that is, the tercile having the highest forecast probability. The color bar alongside the map defines these dominant tercile probability levels. The upper side of the color bar shows the colors used for increasingly strong probabilities when the dominant tercile is the above-normal tercile, while the lower side shows likewise for the below-normal tercile. The gray color indicates an enhanced probability for the near-normal tercile (nearly always limited to 40%).



Precipitation Forecast

Temperature Forecast

About us

FECT is a federation of 7 organi zations registered in four countries which works in countries across the Indian Ocean Islands and its littoral. Over the last 20 years, we have had operations in Africa, South Asia, South-East Asia but now it is mostly in the Indian Ocean Islands.

Contact us

Federation for Environment, Climate & Technology 76/2 Matale Road, Akurana Kandy KY20850 SRI LANKA

email: info@fect.lk phone: (+94) 81 2376746

